

NO COMPARISON
THE SUN HAS A LARGER CIRCULATION THAN ANY TWO PAPERS PRINTED IN LOWELL. IT IS LOWELL'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER. WE CAN PROVE IT.

THE LOWELL SUN

FOR THE PEOPLE
A paper of the people, published by one of the people, for all the people in THE SUN, which the people have made
Lowell's Greatest Newspaper.

22ND YEAR LOWELL, MASS., THURSDAY, DECEMBER 29, 1898. 8 PAGES 1 CENT



LIEUT. THOMAS TALBOT.

SEVEN SOLDIERS

Honored by Their Neighbors and Friends.

A GREAT GATHERING IN BILLERICA

Medals Presented to the Soldiers.

Though a little late, it was nevertheless a hearty welcome that the people of Billerica gave their soldier boys last night.

Honors freely given, were theirs, and the seven young men exhibited pride in the action of their friends and neighbors. The town hall where the reception was held was decorated with the national colors.

The stage was occupied by the guests of the evening. Mr. D. W. Hardy opened the exercises by invoking divine blessing.

The secretary, Rev. F. O. Simons, read letters of regret from several invited guests who were unable to attend. Col. Edmund Rice, had accepted a previous invitation to Pittsburgh. Lieut. Col. Butler Ames, having sailed for Porto Rico on the 17th, expressed his regrets by letter. T. Nelson Parker, who was to have presented the medals, was unable on account of illness to be present, and he wrote to express congratulations to the soldiers of Billerica upon their safe return, and best wishes for a long and useful life. There were letters also from Joshua B. Holden and Frederick S. Clark.

Charles H. Kohlrausch was introduced as the presiding officer and he said:

"To-night we but follow our traditions, in extending our love, admiration and welcome to these young heroes who have so nobly represented our historic town in the army of our country during our recent war with Spain. Billerica has always been proud of her noble citizens and delights to do them honor. We cannot as Americans feel proud but satisfaction, gratitude and triumph in reflecting upon what our armies have accomplished. Whatever may have been our individual opinions, we know that God, who marks the sparrow's fall, must and does shape and guide the destiny of nations."

He then introduced Rev. M. O. Simons, who presented the medals, speaking as follows:

"Soldiers of Billerica: Your fellow citizens have invited you to meet with them to-night that they might assure you that your splendid courage and spirit of patriotism are recognized and appreciated. Billerica has always been proud of her soldiers, and she is proud of you. However much we deplore war, when war must be, we recognize that these things have the deepest roots in some of the finest qualities of our nature. It is a marvelous spirit that men display when they take upon themselves the disciplines, the hardships and the dangers of war. Nothing is so excellent and noble as to deserve well of one's country. That excellence and hence are yours. You deserve any testimonial that we may be able to give."

"It is my very great pleasure to present to you, in behalf of the citizens of Billerica, these gold medals."

Those who received medals were: Thomas Ellis, Corp. Victor Hoerner, Heuben Griffin, Ernest Walker, George A. Dole, James Burke and Lieut. Thomas Talbot.

Lieutenant Thomas Talbot responded for the soldiers, as follows:

"I feel somewhat embarrassed in appearing before you to-night, owing to the fact that my service in the volunteers, through no fault of my own, was very short. I was commissioned on the 8th of July, and owing to unfortunate circumstances did not reach my regiment until the 21st of August, after the peace protocol had been signed. The only shot that I fired during the war was to kill an unfortunate mule that had been gored by a bull. But I am glad of this opportunity to thank you for the friendship you have shown the soldiers of Massachusetts, and also for these medals."

Massachusetts suffered severely during the war. The Sixth was fortunate. Owing to the efficiency of our commanding officers, the skill of our surgeons and more especially to the kindness and generosity of the people of Massachusetts in providing for our comfort, we were able to come out with a record of only 17 deaths. The state of Massachusetts did more for her soldiers than any other state in the Union. The good work was taken up in Billerica, and I think in proportion with the number of soldiers Billerica sent out, she did more than her share."

Sergeant Hoerner and Private Griffin also spoke briefly, as did Capt. Alexander Greig.

Rev. L. B. McDonald of Concord, who was with the Sixth nearly a month during their campaign in Porto Rico, told of the conduct of the men there. "There are soldiers and soldiers," he said; "and I will say that the Billerica men were all among the very good soldiers, the men who did honor to the army. They were mainly men and gentlemen throughout. I congratulate the people of Billerica that they had seven men who volunteered for the service with the highest sense of patriotism and a full knowledge of the suffering that lay before them."

Rev. Fr. Paquette, pastor of St. Andrews church, North Billerica, said: "Our boys have succeeded because they were Americans. Young volunteers, brave and noble and unswerving, they were encouraged because they were Americans. Hebrews, Protestants and Catholics."

(Continued to Page Three)

NOT BEING

Sleight of Hand Performers!

We have to adopt other methods to change IRON INTO GOLD. Here is what we want to accomplish and our method of doing it: We have 35 Parlor Stoves on our floor. They're doing us, or you, no good there, and in order to put them where THEY'LL DO THE MOST GOOD, we shall offer them on these terms:

\$2.00 DOWN AND \$1.00 PER WEEK.

Every Parlor Stove to be sold on these terms, whether it cost \$4.00 or \$40.00

At The People's Furniture Store,
A.E. O'HEIR & CO.'S, 16 Merrimack St.

KILLED HIMSELF SHOT A BURGLAR CHECK FOR \$500

A Chicago Man Accidentally Shot Himself. Special Watchman Fired on Three Men.

TRAGEDY THE RESULT OF A JOKE. BY THE SACRED HEART PARISH.

"The Gun Fooled Me" He Cried. One of the Men Was Captured.

Chicago, Dec. 29.—Edward Kelly, a saloon keeper of this city, yesterday accidentally shot and killed himself. The tragedy, which occurred in the victim's saloon, was the result of a joke and was witnessed by several of Kelly's friends. James S. Savage, manager of the Cleveland Apartment Building, remarked that he was going to an apartment building to collect a bill. "You'll need a gun to defend yourself," laughed Kelly.

"Well, I'm prepared for an emergency," replied Savage, as he drew a revolver from his pocket and laid it on the bar. Kelly picked up the weapon and looked at it. Savage warned him that it was loaded.

"Why, that wouldn't hurt a baby," said the saloon man, as he threw the weapon on the floor behind the bar. The next instant there was a loud report and Kelly fell backward to the floor.

"The gun fooled me," he cried as he fell and he became unconscious. His companions hurried to his side and found the bullet had entered the left lung. A doctor was called but Kelly died within a few minutes without regaining consciousness.

FUNERALS.

MOREY.—The late George F. Morey whose death was briefly mentioned in yesterday's Sun had been in failing health since he suffered an attack of grippe more than a year ago but has been able to go out most of the time and only since a week ago that Friday was he confined to his bed.

Deceased was born in Windsor, Vt., and came to Lowell when a young man in company with Mr. Hocum Huford, with whom he roomed at the Merrimack House. Mr. Morey was one of the original founders of the Lowell Daily Citizen. In 1856, with Mr. Leonard Brown, he purchased the Daily Morning News, the American Citizen, a weekly, and the Daily Citizen, started in 1855. The journal formed by thus consolidating the three was called the Daily Citizen and News, having for its editor John A. Goodwin. In 1859, Chauncey L. Knapp and George F. Morey became the proprietors of the Citizen and Mr. Knapp its editor. Mr. Morey retired from the firm in 1860.

Mr. Morey was a member of the state legislature in 1857-58, and a member of the city council from ward five, in 1860-61. He was a republican and was at one time active in ward five politics. He was a man of marked business ability and during his connection with the Citizen in the time of the civil war, he was a member of the committee to look after returned soldiers. He was at one time an overseer of the poor. He was prominently interested in the Lowell lottery. After coming to Lowell, Mr. Morey married Miss Sarah Pliny of this city, who survives him. He leaves one son, Mr. Guy Morey of this city. He leaves also one brother, Mr. Fred W. Morey of New Britain, Conn., and two sisters, Mrs. Ellen A. Stevens of Roxbury and Mrs. Walter L. Wilkins of Chicago. He was for many years a constant attendant at the First Universalist church. The funeral will take place Saturday at two o'clock p. m., from his home, 45 Mt. Washington street.

CLAVA.—The funeral of Chrisola Clava, child of Edwin Clava, took place Wednesday forenoon from 43 Fenwick street. Burial was in the Edison cemetery.

MARTIN.—The funeral of Franklin Martin took place yesterday afternoon from his late home, 247 Liberty street. Among the large attendance of representative business men present were a delegation of Mechanics Lodge, I. O. O. F., of which organization the deceased was one of the oldest members. Services were impressively conducted by Rev. George F. Kenngott, pastor of the Trinitarian church. The interment was in the Edison cemetery.

BALL.—The funeral of Adeline Ball took place yesterday afternoon, from her late home 559 Fletcher street. Rev. J. M. Greene, D.D., officiated. The interment was in the Edison cemetery.

HOWE.—The funeral of Marcha W. Howe took place this afternoon from her late home 215 Stockpole street. Services were conducted by Rev. Chas. T. Billings. The interment was in the Edison cemetery.

AINSWORTH.—The funeral of William L. Ainsworth took place this afternoon from his late residence, 11 Hurst street, Rev. Smith P. Ford officiating. The body was placed in the Edison cemetery tomb.

BROWN.—The funeral of Sally Brown took place this afternoon from the late home of the deceased in North Billerica. The remains were forwarded to Candia, N. H., for interment.

ALL RECORDS BROKEN.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Chicago, Dec. 29.—The year 1898 has broken all records in the amount of dead freight shipped from Chicago to the east. The total for the year, the last week of December being estimated, is 5,879,235 tons. The total for 1897 was 3,995,209 tons. Low rates and the enormous crops of cereals had much to do with the big increase.

MUSTERED OUT.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Kingsport, N. Y., Dec. 29.—Co. M, First New York volunteers, has received notice that it will be mustered out at the state armory here after a furlough of sixty days.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Groton, Conn., Dec. 29.—The attempt of three burglars to rob the summer cottage of A. H. Fischer of New York, which is located at Eastern Point, about two miles from here, last night, resulted in a miniature battle between the three thieves and Night Watchman Kaiser, during which at least 15 shots were fired and one of the burglars who gives the name of Philip Otto of New York received a charge of shot from the watchman's shotgun which crippled him so that he was captured while his two companions escaped.

Watchman Kaiser was making his rounds about midnight when he discovered the three men in the Fischer cottage. The men saw him at about the same time and opened fire on him with their revolvers. Kaiser returned the shots with his revolver and after emptying the chambers of the weapon fired a shot from the shotgun which he carried. The latter shot brought down the man Otto and when his companions saw him fall they took to their heels and made their escape. Otto was placed under arrest and brought to the lockup here. It was found that the burglars had three bags packed with booty and were about to leave the house when discovered. Otto's injuries are not considered serious. The burglars are believed to have been professionals.



JOHN W. McEVY, Esq., Who Presented the Cheque for \$500 to Rev. Fr. Reynolds at the Sacred Heart Church.

and nourishment to the young plant love, which had sprung up in our hearts. Following in sequence, the order of nature, all well nourished plants must blossom and bear fruit. The blossoming time for our young plant came but a short time since, when with mingled joy and thank we received the kind wishes that Father Reynolds was to be with us once more. But our fears were soon allayed and we now realize to the fullest extent the joy of his return.

"We must continue nourishing our plant that it may bear fruit. This fruit will be the spirit of love and helpfulness with which we will take up the burden when our time comes to aid our beloved pastor in his great undertaking."

"Allow me, in behalf of the young lady waitresses to present these flowers as a token of our esteem for our dear pastor, Father Reynolds."

ADDRESS OF WELCOME.

The address of welcome by Engineer James W. Juntzen was eloquent and appropriate:

"In the language of one of the American poets," he said,

"He prayeth best who loveth best,
All things, both great and small,
For the dear Lord who loveth us,
He made and loveth all."

"In our journey through life it has been the constant teachings of the fathers of the church to 'Love one another' with such a love as the Father has for us; this love is the embodiment of the second great commandment and must engender in the human heart a feeling of gratitude for those who labor so zealously in our behalf. In the roster of the Oblate Fathers are the names of many who have endeavored themselves to the hearts of the people of Lowell. Some have gathered to the Father; others are yet engaged in the work of the Master; the excellence of their work will stimulate you, Father, to still greater efforts for the welfare of the church of the Sacred Heart and that we, children of one Father, emulate their example and uphold your hands in the completion of the church that we take to our hearts your teachings and so mould our lives, that the result of your pastorate will rebound to the greater honor and glory of God."

BURNED TO DEATH

CORNELIUS MCGANNEY LOST HIS LIFE IN AN EARLY MORNING FIRE.

New York, Dec. 29.—Cornelius McGanney and three horses were burned to death today in a fire which destroyed a two-story brick and frame stable on West 5th street this morning. McGanney was asleep in the loft of the stable when the fire started. He had no home.

FOUND DEAD

ROBERT RICE WAS PROBABLY STRUCK BY A TRAIN.

Bristol, Conn., Dec. 29.—Robert Rice, aged 65 years was found dead early this morning between the third rail track and the tracks of the steam railroad on the Highland division here. His neck was broken and it is thought he was struck and killed by the third rail train leaving here at 6.05. Rice left his home a hundred yards away to go to work shortly before six o'clock and walked up the tracks, as was his custom.

GIVEN AWAY FREE

PICTURES OF
Admiral Dewey and
Admiral Schley.
PRINTED ON 1899 CALENDERS.

GOLD WEATHER COMFORTS

We've a store full of them convincingly cheap too, undoubted quality that carry with them not only comfort, but a great degree of satisfaction. If this week brings to your mind some winter wants you'll make no mistake in supplying yourself here.

- \$3.49 For Black and Blue Melton Overcoats.
- \$5.00 For excellent quality of black and blue Kersey Overcoats.
- \$7.00 For nobly raw-edge, extra fine black Kersey Overcoats.
- \$8.00 For nobly Box Coats in seal brown and blue or blue Kersey, raw edge and lap seams.
- \$10.00 For nobly Box Coats in seal brown kersey fancy lined, satin shoulders and sleeves, satin piped, raw edge and lap seams worth \$15.

Boys' Ulsters at 50c. on the dollar.
Bargains in Men's Ulsters.

J. L. CHALIFOUX
49 TO 59 CENTRAL STREET.

IRELAND

Christmas drafts payable free of discount at any bank in Ireland, Scotland or England.

James F. O'Donnell,
Telephone at Residence, Office, Stables.
MARKET ST., COR. WORTHEN.

Holiday Goods at 50 per cent. less than day prices at O'Brien Bros., 77 East Northwark street. Telephone 219.

MONEY DEPOSITED On or before Tuesday, Jan. 3, in the Savings Department of the **TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK** will draw interest from Jan. 1st at the rate of **4 per cent.** Compounded semi-annually.

CHRISTMAS At Market Rates
Middlesex St., Cor. Post Office Avenue.
(Daily, 8 a. m. to 4 p. m.
Bank Hours, Saturdays 9 a. m. to 1 p. m.)
UNITED STATES DEPT. OF TREASURY.
Agents for sale of U. S. Revenue Stamps.

Putnam & Son

A Trousers Incident.

Lately we've been buying trousers from makers who were anxious to close out winter goods.
We've gathered a good many hundred pairs of a good many good kinds.

Bought now, means bought cheap. Buying cheap with us means selling cheap. Hence new goods for surprisingly little prices.

- 95 Cents** a pair for good strong working trousers, chevots or union cassimeres, that usually sell for \$1.25.
- \$1.25** a pair for heavy all-wool Dickey trousers and hair line cassimeres; the goods usually sold for \$1.75.
- \$1.48** a pair for a grand lot of strictly all-wool trousers, half a dozen capital styles; fancy chevots, plain hair lines and black Thibets, usual price \$2.00 to \$2.50.
- \$1.65** a pair for a very large lot of heavy weight fancy worsted trousers, splendid patterns and every pair new. These worsteds regularly sell from \$2.25 to \$3.00. We have three patterns made in young men's for \$1.50 a pair—same goods.

- \$1.98** for regular \$2.50 trousers.
- \$2.48** for regular \$3.50 trousers.
- \$3.00** for regular \$4.00 trousers.
- \$3.50** for regular \$4.50 trousers.

PUTNAM & SON

166 Central Street.

MUNICIPAL NEWS

Board of Aldermen Will Meet Again.

CANDIDATES FOR OFFICES AND THEIR CHANCES

Other News of Political Nature.

The superintendent of public buildings having been elected and nearly all the year's business transacted, public attention is now drawn to the contest for the new position of inspector of wires, an important office which the Sun has advocated for several years.

The committee on salaries a few days ago took up the matter of salary for the inspector and after some discussion placed the figure at \$1000, the official to give all his time to the work. Just how great or trying the duties of the office may be, the committee could not judge and accordingly awarded a comparatively low compensation. It makes no provision for a horse and carriage for its inspector in his rounds.

Some time ago several applicants made known their intentions to the mayor and a few days ago, a civil examination of the candidates was held and all who took it are republicans. On Tuesday night Mayor Bennett announced his appointment of Robert Ferris, who passed the examination with a high rank and who appears to be thoroughly competent for the position. Alderman Derby, however, had another candidate whom he tried to force upon the meeting despite the mayor's refusal to recognize his claim. The public opinion, which supported him was Alderman Goward.

As there is no democratic candidate for the position, it is very probable that at the meeting of the aldermen on tomorrow night the democrats will vote for the confirmation of Mr. Ferris.

Supt. Tilton's job as superintendent of commons is being sought by quite a number of candidates of both parties and there is every chance for a democratic turn in the contest. Among the candidates and strongly among them is Peter E. McMahon, of ward two. Mr. McMahon is a native of Lowell. He went to work when quite young and has never been without an occupation since. The first position was with the late C. W. Cheney on Middle street where he remained for 12 years for several of which he was Mr. Cheney's confidential clerk. After the death of Mr. Cheney, he assisted in the settlement of the estate, which he was employed by William S. Grady & Co. Mr. McMahon is a progressive young man, industrious, honest and popular. He has many friends at work in his interest and is likely to show considerable strength in the fight. He is married and lives at 175 Fayette street.

Another candidate for superintendent of commons who has a strong following in both branches is Daniel J. Cagney, a well known resident of ward four. He has had wide experience as a market man and is now a clerk for Mr. McCaffrey on Gorbam street. He is a man who would fill the place with efficiency and ensure a proper performance of all the duties attached to the office. He has been confined to his home with the grippe since election day.

Another democratic candidate who has friends in both branches is Mr. James Walsh, the well known landscape gardener and conservator, whose conservatories are located in the Highlands. Mr. Walsh has wide experience in the gardening line. Councilman Whitte is a brother in the fight on the republican end.

The fight for Supt. Cheney's position is going along in a surprisingly quiet manner but to state that Supt. Cheney is worried is putting it light. It is known that Supt. Cheney mortally fears one of the democratic candidates and has visited several prominent citizens seeking ineffectually their aid in getting this particular candidate out of the field.

Some of Mr. Cheney's estimable republican friends are very sure on him for what they call his favoritism. They claim that the city auditors' books show that he has given nearly all his outside earnings to Charles Cagney, whom he was connected in the horse affair, when they believe that he should have distributed his patronage more evenly.

INAUGURATION DAY.

Hon. Jeremiah Crowley will take the oath of office as mayor of Lowell soon after 9 o'clock on Monday morning.

The exercises will be held in the aldermen's chamber, as in previous years and will follow the usual program, reception in the mayor's reception room, Judge Samuel P. Hadley will administer the oath, a duty that he has performed many times and the prayer will be made by Rev. Michael O'Brien.

There will be floral decorations. Admission will be by ticket.

The inaugural notices sent out to members of the new city council contain a new feature this year in the form of the following section from the city charter:

"The mayor, aldermen and common council shall meet in convention, on the first Monday of January in each year, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon and shall be sworn to the faithful discharge of their duties. After the oaths shall be taken, the two boards shall separate, and the common council shall be organized in the manner hereinafter provided. In case either of said officers is not present on said first Monday of January said oath may be administered at any time thereafter in convention of the two boards. In all cases, a record of such oaths having been taken shall be entered in the journal of the proceedings of the board of aldermen, and of the common council by their respective clerks."

Following the usual custom, the newly elected members of the city council will meet Saturday night and draw for seats.

The common council has held 47 meetings during the year; 21 of them special sessions.

Councilmen Murkland, Wiggin, Paige, Bridger, Brown and Markham are candidates for the presidency of the common council next year.

could tell yesterday, but the election of Henry P. Doherty to the office of superintendent of public buildings on the first ballot was the principal topic of conversation at City Hall yesterday. There were no deals made and most of the republicans who voted for Mr. Doherty, go out of office this week. Hence no democrat in office need worry over the strange move. Undoubtedly it was the cleverest political move made in City Hall in many years. Mr. Doherty will undoubtedly make a competent official and will not be disturbed for a year at least.

Councilman Murkland is a republican candidate for president of the council. He'll make a fine one—for a work session.

Since the salary of the clerk of the council has been raised \$100 by the council with a good chance of concurrence by the aldermen, it will be surprising to see a big increase in the number of candidates for the position. Frank M. Dowling, this year's clerk, will be opposed again by Daniel N. Pickering, while there will be a democrat or two after the position.

Councilman Long upon retiring from his year's service, found it necessary to state to a Mail reporter that he had been a republican all year.

SEVEN SOLD ENDS.

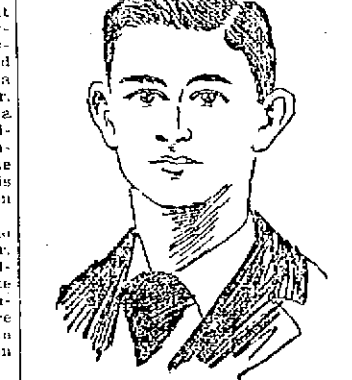
(Continued.)

Catholics, all mingled together, in order to show that our sacred standard of liberty would float proudly on Cuban soil and in far-off Manila. People of Lowell, I am glad to be with you this evening, to say to our boys, we love you, and we hope that God will bless you."

Major E. T. Rowell spoke of the pleasure it gave him to accept an invitation to go to Billerica. "I could have told these young men from what I know of Billerica, that what has happened was just what they might expect from Billerica. The people of Billerica never neglect their sons who go out in their country's interest, and they always give them a cordial welcome."

"It has seemed to me that these soldiers have a higher order of patriotism that called them into the service of the United States, than the soldiers of '61. I remember well, when I enlisted in the war of the Rebellion. The motive that actuated the volunteers of '61 was the preservation of a good government. It was selfish. But what did these young men enlist for? For an sentiment, the sentiment of humanity."

Dr. Hosmer, a veteran of the war of the rebellion and father of Sergeant Hosmer, referred to the dangers of a tropical climate more sure and certain than the dangers from Spanish bullets that were encountered by the soldiers of the late war. "Soldiers of the war of '98," he said in conclusion, "the veterans of the war of '61 say that your names are forever enrolled in the records of the soldiers of Billerica." Commander S. A. Pickering of the Sons of Veterans of Lowell conveyed a tribute of respect from that organization.



GEORGE A. DOLLE, One of the Honored Guests.

tion to the soldiers who have returned from the Spanish war and endorsed the sentiments expressed by Major Rowell as to the feeling which induced them to enlist. "When a man enlists and goes away from his home he is a brave man, I do not care if he does not see a battle."

C. L. McCleery said that as he was neither in the war of '61 nor in that of '98, he had no reminiscences but he was just old enough at the time of the civil war to have full appreciation of the patriotism that existed at that time, and he thought the same spirit prevailed among the soldiers that were going to the front in the Spanish-American war. He referred to the imperialists and anti-imperialists and said that the country could be trusted to safely decide these questions.

Rev. Mr. Knowles of the Baptist church of North Billerica spoke facetiously of the fleeing of the Spanish troops before the Sixth Massachusetts. "America" was sung by the audience and then an informal reception to the soldiers was held upon the platform, the people going forward and shaking hands.

A callation at the clubhouse was afterward served to the soldiers and invited guests. The following gentlemen served as usher: Messrs. L. W. Buckley, John E. Bull, M. J. Coughlin, Geo. Crosby, Warren Holden, Martin Conway.

A passenger train on the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe railroad was wrecked near Hoehne, Col. Many passengers were badly shaken up, but none of them seriously injured.

shortness of breath—a sensation of dryness and heat in the throat. Neglect is dangerous.

HALE'S MONEY OF MOREHOUND AND TAR

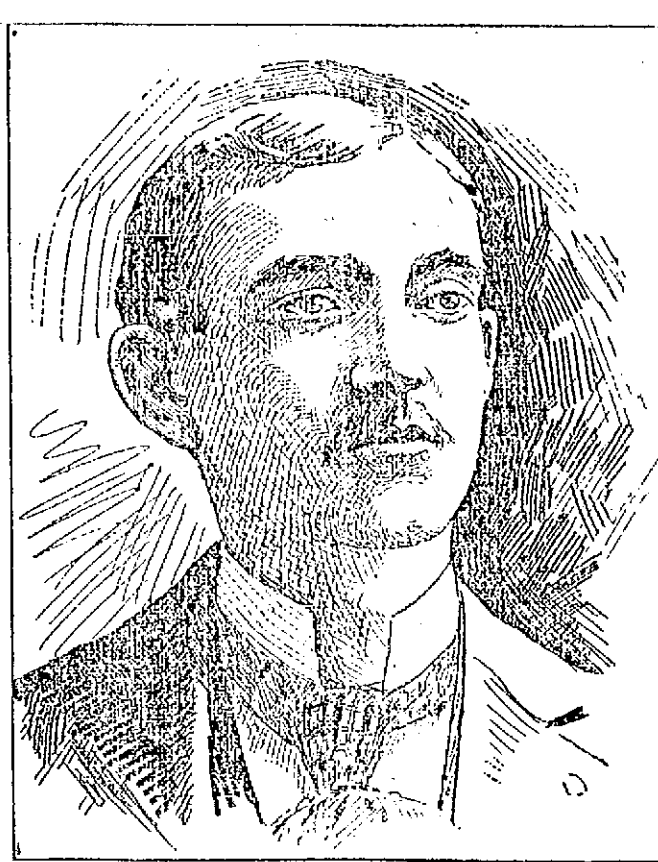
Hale's Honey of Morehounds and Tar acts like a charm on the throat and bronchial tubes. Use it before it's too late. Sold by druggists.

Just how the trick was turned on one

Pete's Toothache Dress cure in one minute

Beecham's pills for constipation 10¢ and 25¢. Get the book at your druggist's and go by it.

Annual sales more than \$1,000,000



PETER E. MCMAHON, Candidate for Superintendent of Commons.

REBELS ACTIVE CATHOLIC PRIEST

Attacked a Detachment of Thirty British Soldiers Elected to the Knights of Pythias.

LIEUT. HANNINGTON WAS INJURED. HAS NOT YET BEEN INITIATED.

The Rebels Loss Was 100 Men. He Awaits Approval of the Archbishops.

By Associated Press to The Sun.
Calcutta, India, Dec. 29.—Advices received here from Beldah East Africa, say on Oct. 10th a force of rebels attacked a detachment of thirty men belonging to the 27th Baluchis, commanded by Lieut. Hannington, which was marching to Itadul. A native officer and 15 men were killed and nine men wounded including Lieut. Hannington, who was shot through the right arm and had his left hand shattered by a bullet. The rear guard repulsed the enemy and the wounded were conveyed 14 miles to Kisilul on the western shore of Lake Kioga, which place was held by a company of Baluchis. The rebels lost one hundred men. Later the rebels attacked Kisilul and lost 50 men. The casualties on the British side were two men wounded. The Baluchis engaged originally belonged to Col. Martyn's expedition, which left Uganda in October, going in the direction of the Nile with the object of joining General Kitchener. The Baluchis were left behind in Uganda in order to dispose of the remnants of the Sudanese force which rebelled under MacDonald and took refuge at Unyoro.

GEN. SHAFER WILL BE ASSIGNED TO COMMAND OF DEPARTMENT OF CALIFORNIA.

By Associated Press to The Sun.
San Francisco, Cal., Dec. 29.—Official notice has been received by Major-General Merriam that General Shaffer is to be again assigned to the command of the department of California. It is expected that General Shaffer will take charge about the tenth of next month. General Merriam has not yet been assigned. He may go north again to the department of the Columbia. The impression prevails, however, that he will go to Denver to command the department of Colorado and that the department of California and Columbia will be combined under Shaffer.

LINCOLN IN HAS RELIEF.

By Associated Press to The Sun.
Chicago, Dec. 29.—Abraham Lincoln, in his relief on a tablet of bronze, may adorn the turret of the battleship Illinois. Former Congressman George B. Adams has written to Governor Tanner asking him to recommend to the legislature an appropriation for a memorial tablet of that design. Besides the figure of the martyred president, Mr. Adams suggests that an inscription be placed below with extracts from Lincoln's Gettysburg speech.

AGUSTUS W. PETERS PROMINENT TAMMANY MAN DIED VERY SUDDENLY THIS MORNING.

By Associated Press to The Sun.
New York, Dec. 29.—Augustus W. Peters, president of the Borough of Manhattan, died very suddenly at his home in this city today of heart disease. He was for many years president of the Consolidated Exchange and chairman of the Tammany executive committee. Mr. Peters was a prominent Mason. He was born at St. John, N. H., and was 64 years of age.

McROSSON-KREAN.

Mr. Hugh McCrosson, a well known and popular employee of the Collinsville mills weave room and Miss Mary Krean were united in marriage last evening at St. Peter's parochial residence by the pastor, Rev. Fr. Moran. The bride was attended by Miss Mary Moran and the best man was John J. Winthers. After the ceremony a reception was held at 21 Chippewa street and many friends of the happy couple called and extended congratulatory wishes for a long and happy married life. They also left many beautiful wedding gifts. After the reception Mr. and Mrs. McCrosson left on a wedding trip to several eastern cities. On their return, they will reside at 41 Tyler street, and will be at home after January 6.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A.D. 1898.

A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is a tonic internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Sent for free to all.

P. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, Etc.

Beecham's pills for constipation 10¢ and 25¢. Get the book at your druggist's and go by it.

THE INSURGENTS OF THE FILIPINOS

Have Established a Government at Iloilo. They Have Been Loyal to the Americans.

GUARDS OVER FOREIGN PROPERTY. SO SAYS AN ENGLISH CORRESPONDENT.

The Make-up of Their Cabinet. Refused Overtures of Germany and France.

By Associated Press to The Sun.
Manila, Dec. 29.—Details regarding the occupation of Iloilo by the insurgents have just been received here. The American expedition commanded by Brigadier General Miller arrived there yesterday and found that the Spaniards had evacuated the place on Saturday on board the steamer Churra and had been transferred to the Island of Mindanao. In accordance with an agreement arrived at with the insurgents, the latter entered Iloilo and occupied the trenches on Monday at noon. They immediately established a municipal government and placed guards over foreign property. The insurgents were fairly quiet and orderly, although there was some looting at night, but five of the natives were shot, which had an exemplary effect on the rest.

The only foreign warship in the harbor was the German second class cruiser Irene.

The Filipino cabinet is composed as follows: President of the Cabinet and Minister of Foreign Affairs: Mabuni. Minister of War: Luna. Minister of the Interior: Araneta. Minister of Agriculture and Commerce: Buncanlung.

DEATHS.

ALDEN—Mrs. George A. Alden, nee Susan W. Allen, died at Watertown 21 Tuesday. Funeral this afternoon. The burial will be private.

MURPHY—George E. Murphy, of East Chatham, who died at his home Tuesday, aged 70 years 7 months, was born in Bedford and was a farmer by occupation. He had been an invalid about two years. His wife died in November, 1896.

McQUADE—Kate McQuade, aged 31 years, died this morning at her home, 239 Concord street, after a lingering illness borne with weary patience and with great fortitude. She was an earnest member of the Immaculate Conception parish and her death will be regretted and mourned by her many acquaintances who had learned to respect and esteem her for her many good qualities. Those of her immediate family will have the sympathy of all on the loss of a dutiful daughter and a loving sister. Deceased was a native of Lowell and has resided here all her life. She obtained her education in the public schools of this city. She leaves a father and mother, Mr. and Mrs. Patrick McQuade, four brothers, Patrick, Andrew, Charles and James, and two sisters, Jennie and Margaret. Friends are requested not to send flowers.

CORR—Abram Corb, aged 82 years, 6 months and 10 days, died this morning at the home of his daughter Mrs. C. H. Fogg, 10 Hobbs street.

FWALTZ—Samuel Fwaltz, aged 23 years, died yesterday at 436 Gorbam street. He is unmarried. The funeral took place this afternoon and the remains were sent to Pelham, N. H., for interment.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Omaha, Dec. 29.—The standing committee of the diocese of Nebraska has decided to refuse its canonical consent to the consecration of Dr. Morrison as bishop of Iowa.

Providence, Dec. 29.—The jury in the manslaughter case of John McWilliams, Jr., disagreed. They stood 11 to 1 for conviction, and were discharged after being locked up 22 hours and 20 minutes.

Princeton, Dec. 29.—Fra Sexton was hanged here yesterday for the killing of Nathan Stark, a young farmer, Oct. 28, 1897, while trying to rob him. Sexton sang two songs and made a speech on the scaffold.

Manchester, N.H., Dec. 29.—Details have reached here of the burning to death of Bruce and Alice Miller, children of William Miller of Maple Grove township. The children were left in the house for a short time, and when the father returned the house was in flames.

San Francisco, Dec. 29.—A local paper says: Supreme Court Clerk Ward has discovered carelessness in the handling of the supreme court records of this state. Handwritten thousands of important cases are missing, and it is doubtful if they can ever be replaced. The papers involve millions of dollars.

Madrid, Dec. 29.—Senor Sagasta, who has been suffering from bronchial pneumonia, is much better, and is now convalescing out of danger. Senor Emilio Castelar, the Republican orator and statesman, who has been confined to his room for some time with a serious pulmonary catarrh, is improving.

Halifax, Dec. 29.—The officials of the dockyards have been informed that during 1899 an increase will be made in the British fishery protection fleet of Newfoundland. This move will be made in view of steps said to have been taken by the French government to strengthen its fleet by adding three ships.

Seville, Dec. 29.—A number of the recently arrested Carlists, it is rumored, are being tortured to induce them to reveal allegiance to King Alfonso, and to several details regarding the Carlist organization. Such reports are, of course, denied officially, but they are believed throughout the country. Detailed reports tend to show that torture is quite common in Spanish prisons.

Columbus, O., Dec. 29.—Out of respect for the late Senator Morrill of Vermont, and in recognition of the educational value of his services to this country, the Ohio state university, which, with more than 50 other colleges and universities in the United States, owes its beginning to the foresight and wisdom of Mr. Morrill, will hold memorial services, probably during the second or third week of the new term.

6. O. Taylor Whiskies, impart strength and vigor.

THE VALUE OF GOLD.

Its Money Value Depends Wholly Upon Law.

Even the commercial value or price of gold as expressed in dollars, or francs, is controlled by the law. Why? Because the dollars, pounds and francs in which the value is expressed are themselves the creation of law. There are no "dollars" in nature. "Dollars" are not far from the mine. They never

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP

Has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, relieves pain, cures the colic and the best remedy for all the ailments of infancy. It is the best remedy for all the ailments of infancy. It is the best remedy for all the ailments of infancy.

W. S. CRADY.

existed until some law made them. It controlled what should constitute a dollar. The first gold dollar consisted of 27 grains standard. It now consists of 25 8-19 grains standard. The law that makes a dollar of 25 8-19 grains could have made one of twice that weight, or half the weight.

When we say that gold is worth \$20.07 per fine ounce, we mean simply that the government will take an ounce of gold and coin it into \$20.07 in money. Therefore any departure from the coinage rate is always fractional in amount. The coin being convertible into law and the unconvertible into coin the difference can never be more than the cost of making the conversion. Understand now that I am speaking here of the "money value" of gold.

Whether there be much gold or little its money value or "price" remains the same so long as the law is unchanged. If there were only one ounce of gold in the world, minted in gold coin, it would be still worth just \$20.07—no more, no less—because it is exactly the amount of money that an ounce of gold will make, but when it comes to the exchange value or purchasing power of the dollar, which it makes, that is a wholly different thing. Here we are at once confronted by the great law of supply and demand, and the value of the dollar compared with the value of other things will depend upon the relative supply of and the demand for each respectively.

DOCTORS

Prescribe them because they never vary from one standard of medicinal quality—the highest—and doctors are careful folks. You trust your family doctor—of course. Ask him.

G.O. TAYLOR WHISKIES

In retail bottles only. Of 100 bottles.

Sold always by John M. Peavey, 55 Middle St., C. W. Richardson, 446 Middle St., and Chas. H. Joyce, 9 and 15 Middle St., Lowell.

FOR NEW YEAR'S

Gifts we ask you to call at our store, look over our large line of Fancy Rockers, Reception Chairs, Fancy Chairs, Pictures and Easels, Conches, Lounges, Foot Rests, Fancy Rugs, Fur Rugs, Hat Trees, Hat Racks, Fancy Tables, in all styles. Dining Room Furniture, Parlor Furniture and last but not least, an elegant Range to cook your goose or turkey in, or a nice Parlor Stove to keep your toes warm while smoking your after dinner cigar.

GAYNOR & CO.

25 Prescott Street.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

PROBATE COURT.

To the next of kin and all others interested in the estate of JOHN N. LEARY, late of Lowell, in said County deceased.

Whereas, JOHN N. LEARY, the executor of the will of said deceased, has presented to said Court for allowance the final account of his administration of said estate, and application has been made for a distribution of the balance in his hands among the next of kin of said deceased.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Cambridge, in said County of Middlesex, on the 10th day of January, A.D. 1899, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the said account should not be allowed, and distribution made according to said application.

And the petitioner is ordered to serve this citation by publishing the same once in each week for three successive weeks in the Lowell Sun, a newspaper published in Lowell, the last publication to be on one day, at least, before said court, and by delivering or mailing postpaid a copy of this citation to all known persons interested in the estate, seven days, at least, before said court.

Witness, Charles J. McIntire, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this twentieth day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight.

S. H. FOLSON, Register.

SEASON'S GREETINGS

And a Happy New Year we wish to all the Patrons of the Sunlight Shoe Store. The satisfaction obtained by buying here is contagious—it has spread. Many new faces tell us "How Deep it Has Struck in. December has so far and will be a memorable month with us.

SUNLIGHT

Shoe Store

100 Central Street.

W. S. CRADY.

Repairing of all kinds and Making of Custom Boots.

THE LOWELL SUN
JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor.
SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.
Member of the Associated Press.
10 Cents Per Year. 25 Cents Per Month.

NEVER REFUSE



to advertise in a paper with a large circulation because you do not agree with its views on public questions. It is not to the paper that you appeal for trade, but to its readers. If you solicit patronage from those only who think as you do, you had better go out of business before you lose every dollar you have.

You may not agree with The Sun on all questions, but if you take the trouble to look into its circulation, you will agree that you cannot afford to be out of its columns if you advertise at all.

The Sun has a larger circulation than any two other papers in Lowell, and it is the cheapest advertising medium in this city on the basis of actual circulation. It's

**LOWELL'S
GREATEST
NEWSPAPER.**



Worcester has a love tragedy. What city has not had experience in this line?

Get ready your New Year's resolutions, even though they last but a fortnight.

If the cold spell continues, it will not be so easy for the skaters to cheat the undertakers.

Rev. Fr. Reynolds, O. M. I., is to be congratulated upon the devotion and good will shown him by his new flock.

The camp, effected by Mayor Bennett on Tuesday evening was the cleverest he accomplished during his incumbency.

Gable, the stair-builder, was unable to build a staircase that would land him in the office of superintendent of funds and buildings.

The city of Lowell wants a competent man for inspector of wires and one who will not be the tool of any corporation stringing wires in our streets.

The scent of the horse, as connected with city hall, will never become an issue in the city politics of Clinton, Clinton Herald.

Possibly donkeys are the only occupants.

It is too bad that that scene between Mayor Bennett and Alderman Derby was not enacted in front of the kinestoscope so that it could be reproduced for the edification of the general public. Both men have lost a great opportunity to make their names famous.

If the law permitted, the city council would abolish the board of assessors as the onliest method of solving a difficulty that has been nursed for years. It goes as a legacy to the next year's city government. Why was not the whole matter left to Councilman Howe?

That was a good catch made by Inspector Laffamee and Officer Bump on Middlesex street on Tuesday evening. Matson is a skillful burglar. Unless he served an apprenticeship in his native land, he made rapid progress in the business after his arrival in this country.

The sentence of W. A. E. Moore to 10 years for conspiring with his wife to rob a man lured to her apartments is none too heavy. It will have a good effect in stopping a practice that is more common than is generally supposed, because most of the victims keep quiet, not wishing to get into notoriety under such circumstances.

The city council did well not to cut down the salary of purchasing agent from \$2400 as that office is one of the most difficult to fill in the city. Even the mayor has not so onerous or laborious and critical services to perform as has the incumbent of this office. If the duties of the office are faithfully performed for \$2400, the city certainly gets the worth of its money in this instance.

There is to be a great legal battle over the claims for damages against the Portland Steamship company. The company has petitioned for a limitation of its responsibility to the wreck, loss of the vessel, passengers and freight money, and to defeat this it must be shown that the vessel was defective and unseaworthy in a storm. The company will adjust every means to evade payment of the claims.

On March 23, 1898, the supreme court of the United States decided that any child born within the territory of the United States of parents who are residents of that territory is a citizen of the United States, without regard to race, color, etc. Thus only the present generation of aliens in the Hawaiian population can be barred from the exercise of the franchise. The same would be true of Cuba, Porto Rico, and the

Philippines in case these were declared to be United States territory by treaty provisions or otherwise. The people born in these states or territories after the ratification of the treaty will have the right to come here and exercise all the rights of citizens just as the citizens of our various states today move from one commonwealth to another.

Samuel Gompers has been re-elected president of the American Federation of Labor. He seems to be the right man in the right place, because at present he is keeping his organization in good condition, he is battling for reforms and holding his own against the combined attacks of the enemies of labor in the press, on the platform, and in legislative halls. Gompers is a progressive man, an able man and so far as we can judge, an honest man. He has not shown any disposition to sell out the organization for political preferment, as did Master Workman Powderly with the Knights of Labor. We predict that Mr. Gompers will give entire satisfaction in the office as he has done in the past.

Mrs. Avery, who has espoused the manufacturers' side in the Marlboro strike has become very obnoxious to the union workers. A few of the shops have started with non-union help, but there is no possibility of maintaining shops without some bond of union among operatives. If non-union employees go to work now, they will organize later on, openly if they may, secretly if they must and in so doing they exercise a simple right and one of which they should not be robbed. The manufacturers are organized for mutual protection and they would consider it the worst kind of tyranny to be prohibited from so doing; yet their employees are entitled to equal freedom in this respect.

President McKinley says the currency of the country cannot be changed for four years at least. The president may be over-ambitious in this regard. His successor might be chosen in 1899 and sign a new currency bill after the opening of the new congress. Even the money magnates may be able to carry their point in the meantime in spite of the president. If the president, however, should turn for free silver, he could quote abundantly from his own speeches in congress to show the consistency of his position.

Mayor Bennett is no longer satisfied of winning republican approval. His party turned him down and for the remainder of his term in office he cannot expect to make any great personal or political sacrifice to uphold the banner of republicanism in this city. His election cost him all he was worth and perhaps a good deal more, so that Mayor Bennett is not under any obligation to any party. Personally he was a firm adherent of the pay-as-you-go policy.

Things have come in a pretty pass in the war department when the first general and by all odds the most experienced and trustworthy commander in the country is threatened with court-martial for telling the truth. It is the dread of being disciplined that prevented the rank and file from telling the truth and it was probably because of his dread that an investigation was going before the troops were mustered out.

Senator Morrill, the Nestor of the United States senate, has passed away at a ripe old age. He was a man of ability, a staunch republican, the author of the Morrill bill of 1881, a sort of precursor of the McKinley bill. He was to Vermont what Senator Hoar was to Massachusetts, though not recognized as such eminent ability as our senior senator.

There is a wave of indignation against the sentence of Edler Warfield for contempt of court, not because anybody doubts his guilt, but because he is sentenced without a trial. It is the law and not the action of the court that is objected to.

CURRENT COMMENT.

Atlanta Constitution.—Has it, indeed, come to this, that the precious doctrine of protection, which has in time befuddled all parties, and which has been held onto by the republicans as though it were the ark of the covenant, is nothing more than a myth as the democrats have been claiming for years and years. Yes, freedom, it has come to this, and it will come to worse, for by the time the next campaign begins, protection will be as dead as Julius Caesar, and the democratic doctrine of a tariff for protection will be appropriated by the republicans. Well, it is a curious outcome of the republican financial policy that it should with one hand reduce the wages of our workmen below those of the pauper labor of Europe and with the other sweep the republican doctrine of protection into the ash barrel.

Brooklyn Eagle.—The differences between Mills and Alger are not now of such vital concern to the country as they were when the war was in progress. They can now settle at each other's feet without any harm to the country. It happens, however, that quite a large number of graves in Cuba have been discovered. The witness (Mills) may be assumed to be an expert upon military matters. He admits that mistakes were made and he contends that some of them could have been avoided. The mistakes were expensive. They involved outlay not measured in money, but in lives. The mistakes were the appointment of Shafter to the command of the army of life. There is blood upon the hands of the secretary of war, according to General Miles. That officer's testimony was sensational. It is a terrible impeachment. It comes from a source than which there is none higher in the

United States. It will blacken the memory of the man from Michigan as long as his memory endures.

Boston Post.—The plan for a so-called territorial government for Hawaii has been reported to the senate with a few changes from the draft presented. It is a curiosity. We may get used to setting up governments for subject peoples before we finish with Porto Rico, the Philippines and Cuba, but this first effort in the new business is rather startling. It brings the American people face to face with the fact that the Declaration of Independence and this Constitution of the United States are "back numbers" at Washington.

Tavetucket Times.—The United States senate is asked to consider charges preferred against one Marcus A. Hanna of Cleveland, O., in which it is submitted that the said Marcus A. Hanna did with malice aforethought break through the door and into the senatorial chamber at Washington and did then and there, by force, cajolery, threat and bribery, seize and possess himself of the seat lately vacated by one John Sherman, also of Ohio and does now possess, occupy and hold the same contrary to the wishes and in defiance of the protests of divers other ambitious politicians of the state of Ohio and the petitioners humbly pray that the said Marcus A. Hanna be and he hereby is deposed from said seat and cast into outer darkness.

Capt. A. T. Mallan in Engineering News.—Mere tinkering and patching do not exhaust the demands of beneficence towards alien subjects, still in mere childhood. The first, but judicious, remedying of evils, the opportunities for fuller and fuller development afforded, these also are a part of the duty of the sovereign power. Above all there must be constant recognition that self interest and beneficence alike demand that the local warfare be first taken into account. It is possible, of course, that it may at times have to yield to the necessities of the whole body, but it should be first considered.

BICYCLES AS HAGGAGE.

There has been a test case in the English courts on a question which is agitating cyclists all around the world, and one of our London correspondents has just brought in the result. The case, which was decided in the first Northern railway company on behalf of one Britton against the railway company, was for the recovery of a bicycle from King's Cross to East "Hatchley." And after hearing and argument, the court decided that the plaintiff could not recover for the reason that "a bicycle cannot be ordinary luggage within the definition." The special interest attaching to this case is found in the fact that the attorney for the plaintiff made his argument on the basis of this country. He claimed that a bicycle came clearly within the definition of "personal luggage" for the reason that it was carried by the traveler for his own personal convenience and use in connection with his journey and was an article such as was ordinarily carried for that purpose. But the Lordship, in rendering his decision brushed away all such considerations by declaring that the idea of luggage must control; and as luggage implies something that is "packed," not taken loose, like a bicycle, the wheelman lost his case.—Boston Post.

NORTH CHELMSFORD.

PHOTOGRAPHIC VIEWS ON EXHIBITION AT THE LIBRARY.

Some very fine photographic views of Alpine scenery from the Sella collection belonging to the Appalachian Mountain club of Boston, are now on exhibition at the North Chelmsford library, where they may be seen during the next few weeks by any one interested. The views are well repaid a visit to the library rooms.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Armitage spent Christmas at the home of Mrs. Armitage's mother in Charlestown.

Harmon Dixon has returned from Hartford, Conn., where he has been spending the Christmas holidays with his brother.

Horace Counter spent Christmas at the home of his folks in Graniteville.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. McCluskey spent Christmas at the home of Mr. McCluskey's folks in Lawrence.

Mr. Elsie H. Shaw and family spent Christmas at the home of Mrs. Shaw's cousins in Lowell.

William J. Shay spent Christmas at the home of relatives in Milton, N. H.

The election of officers of Troop P will take place in the town hall, this village on Monday evening next, Colonel Hagar in command.

TO BOSTON

MUST GO SIXTH REGIMENT COMPANIES FOR FINAL MUSTER-OUT.

The two local companies of the Sixth regiment will be mustered out of the United States service January 21 instead of January 22 as was first announced, the latter date falling upon Sunday. The military ceremony will not be performed in this city, Capt. Greig states, but the companies will have to go to Boston for this purpose.

The efforts of Captains Greig and Parmenter to secure for their men the nation's allowance of 75 cents per day during the period they are under orders, Jan. 20 to 21 inclusive, so that they might be able to eat at home or provide their own rations have proven unsuccessful as the powers that be have decided that the soldier boys must eat at the army, or at least report at meal-times. Bids have been sent to Boston by two local sutlers for the contract to cater at the army and the contract will probably be awarded this week.

Thomas R. Garity of Co. G, Sixth Massachusetts, U. S. V., left the city yesterday for America, O., where he is to join the Eighth Massachusetts Regiment. Harry L. Young, also of Co. G and formerly chief usher at the Opera House, will also join the 8th in a few days.

Eugene Young of Co. G, denies the statement that Jose Huna, his Porto Rican protégé, has any idea of returning to Porto Rico. Jose is a barber and intends to ply his vocation in this country.

Fred E. Medina of Bellevue Mott-ott college is spending the holidays with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Medina.

THE ARENA OF POLITICS

BIMETALLISM DEFINED.

It Is the Right to Use Either Gold or Silver as Money.

MAINTAINS PARITY OF METALS.

Placed Each in Competition With the Other, Thus Making One Refuse the Strain Upon the Other—Neither Can Rise in Value and Extort Tribute From the People.

The statement has been made to me that no one in our voting population knows understandingly what bimetalism is, and I have been asked to define it.

It is the right to use either of two metals for money—gold and silver. The supply reaches the people through the mints of the government by the mints being open to coin all that comes. The option, known as the bimetallic option, is with the government and the people to use either of the two metals in the discharge of their obligations. If the government is paying its soldiers, its employees, its numerous officials or other obligations under bimetalism, it has the right to pay in money made from either metal. If the people are paying their taxes in city, state or nation, purchasing postage stamps or discharging their obligations to each other under bimetalism, they have the right to pay in money made from either of the two metals.

It thus places the two metals in competition with each other to supply the demand for money. Thus one relieves the strain upon the other, as one eye relieves the strain upon the other.

With the option with the people to use money made from either of the two metals they controlled the demand and placed that demand on the one that was the most necessary. If silver grew cheaper, they shifted the demand to it and took the demand away from gold; hence silver rose in commercial value and gold declined. If gold came to be the cheaper, they (the people) used it, thus shifting the demand to gold and taking it away from silver, and it was the demand thus controlled by the people, as such and as a government, that practically maintained the commercial parity of the two metals for all time prior to 1873.

Following the act of 1873, the option was given to the creditor to demand either of the two metals—just the reverse of bimetalism—and the result is that the creditor demands the dearer of the two metals, and the debtor gets the more apt to be demanded. Under bimetalism, the use of two metals, the people could be depended upon naturally to shift the demand automatically to the cheaper of the two metals when either was cheaper than the other. Taking the demand away from the debtor brought it down in value, and placing it on the cheaper brought the latter up in value. Thus the commercial value of the two was maintained at a parity. The effect was to give practically the volume of the two metals to our stock of metallic currency and furnished the basis for an equally enlarged volume of paper money—under a redemption money system.

The theory of the open mints to coin all that came of either metal was to let the supply reach the people. Close the mints to either, and you shut off the supply and force the use of the other. The open mints to the two metals gave the supply, and the people controlled the demand. If silver rose in value, it shrank the mints and was shipped abroad to pay debts—as it was for a time prior to 1873—or in exchange for gold, and the latter was added to the domestic supply that went to the mints and vice versa. Neither could rise in value and extort tribute from the people so long as the other was in competition with it—open mints and option with the people.

The government bought neither metal. The mints were open to coin all that came of either metal, and to give back the coins to those who had brought the bullion. It was coined free because it was state ownership for the government to facilitate and provide a way for money, one of the principal functions of society. Bimetalism therefore consists of open mints and option with the people to use either. Under bimetalism there is no such thing as gold contracts; it is "coin" contracts.

The reason why the demand, shifted from one metal to the other as exerted by a nation like the United States, will maintain the commercial parity of the two metals is because of the world's limited supply of the two metals. All the gold in the world at the present time available for money will go in the value of 28 feet, all the silver in the value of 68 feet. All the gold in the United States will go in an average size bedroom, all the silver in almost any farmer's barn.

W. H. HARVEY.

We regret to state that the late issue of gold bonds for the city of Chicago have been approved by Carter H. Harrison, chosen mayor by the Democrats in 1897. Mr. Harrison has frequently stated that he believed in Bryan and 18 to 1. Yet nearly all of his official acts his seat has been set to make up a gold cabinet. Gold men were placed in all positions of prominence. Still he persisted in calling himself a Democrat. In the municipal battle of 1893 the Democrats polled 38,000 votes less than in 1889 as a result of his treason.

Nothing daunted he still persisted that he was all right and presumed to dictate nominations for the party campaign. The result is that the party was completely routed on Nov. 8. Now he rises over his corpse and by authorizing the issue of gold bonds shows himself up in his true colors. The party is well rid of him.

HALL CAME PRAISES US.

The Novelist's Eulogy of the United States.

AMERICA MASTER OF THE WORLD.

Loves Us Because We Are the Freest and the Most Intelligent and Moral People on Earth—Says Gold Worship Is Our Worst Sin—Finds Us Very Religious—Does Not Think Our Big Cities Any Worse Than Europe's.

Hall Caine recently contributed a long article to the London Daily Telegraph entitled "Life in America," in which he said in part:

"I am about to produce an interview on a new principle—that of asking my own questions and writing my own replies."

"How did I find American journalism?" "Better than most Englishmen have found it. More lady journalists are now engaged as interviewers than formerly, and they do their work as well as might be expected. Their personal descriptions are embarrassingly precise, but whatever the interviewer may be it is fully for Englishmen in America to attempt to escape him. Apparently there is no libel law in America strong or swift enough to cope with the doings of space writers."

"The extraordinary vigor in the everyday work of the American journalist is what first impresses you. He is always on the nail. Today's subject is today's need, and whether it be the fate of the Philippines or how to sweep snow out of the streets the journalist tackles it for all it is worth."

"They the general enterprise of the American press is beyond comparison greater than that of almost every other press in the world. Not even the London Times, Telegraph or Standard can surpass the amazing enterprise of the best papers of America. The best and most popular of the American newspapers appear to have neither policy nor party."

"Did I see any results of the war?" "Yes; in the sudden and great revival of trade which is now brisk in America. Beyond that not a great deal that seemed to be a direct result. Indeed it is surprising how little impression the war has made on the minds and condition of the people of America. They hardly talk of it at all. The people give you the idea that they have turned down the page of the Spanish war for good."

"What did I find to be the American attitude toward England?"

"Not greatly unlike what it was three years ago. Certainly no such extraordinary change in the national sentiment appears to have passed over America as that which we have lately experienced in England. Nobody on the other side of the ocean calls for an Anglo-American alliance, whether in the form of a treaty or of an understanding, nobody talks of 'it,' and I doubt if it has ever impressed itself on the American mind as a serious idea at all. That is not to say that the good feeling for England is not deep and widespread in America. It is, and England's friendliness to America during the war has strengthened the tie between the two countries. Any public reference to that friendliness is sure to provoke applause."

"It does not require any knowledge in economic problems to see that in one important particular America is master of the world. Already that amazing country absorbs all the raw materials of the earth, and every race that it absorbs it feeds and strengthens. It may be stated as a sure though astounding fact that no civilized race whatever has yet been known to decline or diminish on American soil."

"As for the wickedness of the big American cities, Chicago and New York, it can only seem greater than anything else in the world to those who do not know the wickedness of our own cities at home. Our appalling stories of the ways of foreign cities usually come from people who live the most humdrum lives in London. The secret is a very simple one. They are explorers only when they go abroad."

"If I were asked what is the worst evil which comes of the American thirst for prosperity I should say the pride of wealth. Nevertheless the corroding effect of great wealth shows itself on American society in more ways than one. The marriages of Englishmen to American women may perhaps bring about the Anglo-American alliance which Mr. Chamberlain so much desires, but where the reasons for such unions are merely wealth on the one side and vanity on the other, without any other apparent motive, the loss will be to America in the lowering of the moral tone of that part of her people which comes within the atmosphere of such transactions."

"The quest of material prosperity by no means absorbs the energies of the American people. It would be impossible to find among the nations of the world more readers to the thousand of population, and Americans not only read more than we do—they read better. No other nation pays so much attention to the education of its women, but in no other country does woman stand as high or play so serious a part."

"The religious life of America is active to the point of fostering nearly every crazy notion that takes form of faith. As for the higher religious life of Americans there is no country where that great wave is more felt which is now carrying the Christian church back to the early ideals of Christianity. The work of the saints is splendidly done both by men and women. In America, where there is no state church, reverence for the church and the things of

CURRENT EVENTS

BELMONT'S NEW PAPER.

First Issue Attacks Vanderbilts and Other Rich Men.

IT ADVOCATES AN INCOME TAX.

Q. U. P. Belmont of the Banking Firm Is Its Founder—The New Publication Declares Its Opposition to Trusts and Corporations and Its Policy on Democratic Politics.

Oliver D. P. Belmont has started a paper called The Verdict in New York, the first number of which appeared on Dec. 10. It is a weekly illustrated sheet, the illustrations consisting of colored cartoons after the style of Puck and Judge, and the paper resembles these papers as to size. Judged by the first issue, The Verdict will not be a humorous paper made from the illustrations. It aims to deal seriously with men and affairs. The men it deals with editorially and pictorially in the first issue are handled without gloves. It is particularly severe on the Whiteites, the Vanderbilts, on J. Pierpont Morgan and Chauncey M. Depew. The principal cartoon represents Cornelius Vanderbilt grinding a street organ, with J. Pierpont Morgan standing beside the instrument, a tambourine in one hand and the string attached to a monkey in the other. The monkey, with the face of Chauncey M. Depew, stands before a window in which is Thomas O. Platt, about to place a penny labeled "Senatorship" in the animal's hat. A reporter was told by a person connected with the paper that this cartoon was drawn after Mr. Belmont's own suggestions.

Mr. Belmont is a member of the banking firm of August Belmont & Co. In the salutatory of his new paper occurs the following declaration of its policy: "In politics The Verdict will stand for the principles of Democracy as it understands them and for truth as the latter finds display. It will before no election carry more for a man than a measure. It will read your list of candidates twice before it reads your platform once. The Verdict will be a Democrat. But no one need construe that to mean that it will support a bad man for place. Virtue and villainy have wide, impartial distribution. No party in its personnel has a monopoly of either. There are honest Republicans just as there are others who deserve the stocks. There are upright Democrats just as there are others who should be in jail. The Sing Sing sent of Democrats will not have The Verdict's countenance, though it be named by a dozen conventions and plans himself for a platform on the Ten Commandments."

"This paper is against free silver to 100—put a pin there—against free silver at any ratio. It is not for Bryan in 1900. It will do all that truth and honor may to prevent the selection of either the man or the issue in the next national convention. But there are worse things than free silver to 100, and worse men than Bryan—who is himself worthy enough and comes only to be a menace as the exponent of free silver—and The Verdict is free to say, as it stands on the threshold of an existence which shall at the worst be an honest one, that should Bryan and free silver again find Democratic adoption it will support them both."

"The Verdict favors no income tax, as a measure at once honest, fair, equal and just to all. Such a tax has the merit of being direct. It lacks the thievish opportunities which indirection in tax building offers to tax eaters and public bloodsuckers. Were all taxes direct the tax eaters would fare worse and the taxpayers better. An income tax is as direct as a bullet. It is also elastic; it can be made greater or less at the call of public requirement without that disturbance to trade which tariff tinkering inevitably entails. They say an income tax is 'inquisitorial'; a long, formidable word truly, but which comes merely, when studied, to be a broadside of rot. It is no more 'inquisitorial' than the present system of state taxation. The only folk to be disturbed by the 'inquisitorial' features of an income tax belong to that family of social and business humbugs who, whether for fraud or snobbery, are pleased to pretend to an income much greater than they possess. Their wealth would either confess their true income or pay a tax on their meanness, and one may readily conceive that most of the 'inquisitorial' wail over the proposal of an income tax comes from this pinchbeck class."

"These trade deadfalls and dollar traps, the trusts, The Verdict believes, should be smashed. They make the rich richer and the poor poorer. The torments of Egypt were a monthless brood of them. The Verdict is in earnest favor of cutting the claws of corporations. It does not agree in abject public surrender to such outlaws as, for example, the Metropolitan railroad, which recently, without leave obtained or license given, really made an endless pitfall of entrance Broadway. And while we are on the subject, let it be said that The Verdict is in favor of New York owning its own street franchises and does not endorse a surrender of its thoroughfares, rentless and priceless, to become mere hunting grounds of money for monopolies. On half the streets of New York city the citizen is no better than a tolerated trespasser, while the telephone and telegraph and street railway companies are the true lords of the soil. Such should have their claws cut, and the manuring should be short and sharp and gone about at once."

(With regard to Mr. Depew as a senatorial candidate, The Verdict refers to him as a tool of the Vanderbilts, and adds: "As time wears that he will awake and aware of itself, the Vanderbiltian treasure enlisted an army of footmen, butlers and valets. Among a front row of deer stamens was a 'Donkey'."—New York Sun.

the church is greater than it has ever seemed to me to be in England or even in Rome.

"I love America because it is big and because its bigness is constantly impressing the imagination and stimulating the heart. I love its people because they are free, with the freedom which the rest of the world takes as by stealth and which they claim openly as their right. I love them because they are the most industrious, earnest, active and ingenious people on earth; because they are the most moral and religious, and, above all, the most sober people in the world; because, in spite of all the shallow judgment of superficial observers, they are the most childlike in national character, the easiest to move to laughter, the readiest to be touched to tears, the most absolutely true in their impulses and the most generous in their aspirations."

"I love the men of America because their bearing toward women is the finest chivalry I have yet seen anywhere. I love the American woman because they can preserve unquestioned purity with frank and unconventional and natural manner and free independence of sex. I love the constitution of America because its freedom is the freest I know of, because it has broken away from all effects of superstition of authority, whether in church or state, and left the rest of the world in pitiful shadows of both follies to toll after it by more than a hundred years."—Special Cable to New York Herald.

NEW CUBAN STAMPS.

Style of Postage to Be Used Temporarily on the Island.

The new postage stamps for temporary use in Cuba are our own stamps with the addition of distinguishing imprinting upon the face.

The denominations are 1, 2, 5 and 10 cents. Across these is printed the word "Cuba" in black ink, with the amount in pesos near the lower edge. The letters are small, but sufficiently distinct to prevent mistakes. The green 1 cent stamp is known as "10 de Peso," the red 2 as "20 de Peso," the blue 5 as "50 de Peso" and the brown 10 as "100 de Peso."

The postoffice department had under consideration several designs for permanent use, and only after considerable deliberation was a selection made. One design submitted contained a bust of General Gaitano Garcia, but this was rejected because the intention is in every way to avoid giving offense to any class in Cuba. It was finally decided to substitute for the Garcia bust either the profile portrait of Columbus or one of the well known statues of the discoverer. Another denomination bears a typical Cuban scene and another typical "industry."

One stamp contains a representation of a cane field with a canefield in the rear. For another denomination the subject is "Commerce." The design shows a full rigged clipper ship on the water and in appearance the stamp is similar to the 12 cent issue of 1893, one of the most attractive stamps ever issued by this government. The rate of later postage in Cuba, 5 cents for half an ounce, will not be changed for the present.—Washington Special St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

THE MANILA POSTOFFICE.

How It Was Conducted Before the American Occupation.

The most interesting thing connected with the acquisition of the Manila postoffice is the adoption by the federal government of the cheap labor facilities of the island, says the San Francisco Call. Six men were sent from the San Francisco postoffice to Manila, and this number was reinforced by 14 men from Manila. Two of these latter are United States soldiers, who had enlisted from the postal service, and 12 are Spanish postal employees, who are retained because of their knowledge of the Spanish language and the routine of the office. These Spaniards received before the American occupation the salary of \$150 each per annum in Mexican silver, being equal to about \$75 in American silver or gold coin.

The office was closed every alternate day, and when working it was closed for two or three hours each day, beginning about noon. The total number employed was 200, but they took little pay, and did the work of about 20 Americans. The 12 Spaniards who are retained receive salaries ranging from \$150 to \$300 per annum in Mexican silver—such being the ruling rate of wages in the Philippines for that kind of service—but they have to work every day instead of every alternate day, as heretofore.

Money Making in Japan.

The contempt for money and trade, characteristic of Japan, has lost much of its force. Merchants have risen in social standing and have even been advanced to the peerage. Indeed Mr. Furukawa, the most influential educator in the empire, declares that it is every man's first duty to make money in order to increase the power of the nation. Newspapers abound in commercial statistics, and magazines are largely devoted to industrial topics. It is significant fact that a wealthy merchant, Mr. Okura, recently gave \$500,000 for the establishment of a commercial college. He had intended to found a school for the children of the poor, but was dissuaded by Marquis Ito. This was the more noteworthy in that it was the first gift for public purposes made by a private individual in Japan.—Independent.

To Save the Rhine.

The Prussian government has granted the Rhine province permission to hold a lottery, the proceeds of which are to be used to restore the valley of the Rhine from scenic destruction at the hands of manufacturers who are industriously planting factories all along the mountain skirting the Rhine.—Berlin Cor. Chicago Record.

DRACUT CENTRE

MEETING OF SHILOH LITERARY SOCIETY AT THE HOME OF MRS. BERNICE PARKER.

The last meeting of the Shiloh Literary Society was held at the home of Mrs. Bernice Parker Friday evening. Refreshments were served and a good time enjoyed by the large number of young people present. During the evening, Mr. Arthur Colburn in behalf of the society presented Mrs. Parker with a costly music rack. Mrs. Parker responded in a happy vein. The subject discussed at the last regular meeting was the recent war with Spain. Carefully prepared papers on the "Causes, Results and Relative Efficiency of the Contending Forces" were presented by Miss Edith Kelley, Mr. Mason Bryant and Mr. Warren Fox. The next meeting will be held at the home of Miss Edith Kelley. The program for December 27th will be "The Spanish Problem." The musical program was exceptionally fine.

The largest audience since the remodeling of the church was present Sunday evening. The musical program was exceptionally fine.

Mr. Harry Fox, now of Boston, spent Christmas with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Sedgwick Fox.

The entertainment committee of the Ladies Aid society has planned a social and entertainment for Wednesday evening. Supper will be served from 5.30 to 7.30 o'clock. One of the attractive features of the evening will be an old-fashioned spelling match. It is hoped that all ye good citizens of ye town of Dracut will be present.

The ladies' prayer meeting was held Tuesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Bert Smithson.

The following are the officers of the Y. P. S. C. E.: President, Arthur Colburn; vice president, Warren W. Fox; recording secretary, Annie C. Richardson; corresponding secretary, Mr. Walter E. Harvey; treasurer, Mrs. Walter Harvey. Lookout committee—Mrs. Bernice Parker, Miss Bertha Maynard, Miss Florence Gilman. Prayer meeting committee—Mrs. Bert Smithson, Mrs. P. I. Kelley, Mr. Walter E. Harvey. Social committee—Mr. Calvin Richardson, Miss Edith Kelley, Miss Edith Kelley, Miss Edith Kelley. Temperance committee—Mr. Chester Colburn, Mrs. Chas. P. Tuttle, Mrs. M. N. Lurvey. Sunday school committee—Mrs. Walter E. Harvey, Mrs. P. I. Kelley, Mr. Warren W. Fox.

TOO MUCH WHISKEY

NO USE FOR EIGHTY-NINE MILLION GALLONS OF "SCOTCH".

If Scotland soon discovers herself in the throes of invasion, says the London Mail, the trouble will be attributable to the 20th century exhibition now being held at Belfast.

For that exhibition displays a spirit of broad hospitality, and the whiskey distillers play almost as important a part as the brewers themselves. This it happens that the secrets of the beer barrel are not the only ones disclosed, and that on Saturday an announcement was made which may turn the tide of emigration northward. It was that at present 89,000,000 gallons of first class whiskey are waiting on the other side of the border for thirsty Englishmen.

The production of "Scotch" is proceeding at a breakneck pace among the "highlands," and in a few years there will be 100,000,000 gallons of Scotch whiskey in Ireland and Scotland. Ireland has scored during the last ten years. For instance, in 1888, Ireland made 11,335,045 gallons of whiskey, and in 1893 made 14,556,000 gallons. In Scotland in 1888 the output was 15,169,653 gallons and this year 32,741,623 gallons have been distilled and the year is not finished.

That was the thrilling announcement which Mr. Dewar, president at the opening luncheon of the exhibition made on Saturday and upon the proud achievement of the Scotch distillers he based a scornful jibe at Sir Wilfrid Lawson, who went about the country, "dealing his long suff'ring sinners with a long Scotch whiff, and our forefathers, by dint of the constant repetition, regarded as bald headed."

The secret of the accumulation of so vast a store of good whiskey lies, according to Mr. Dewar, in the difficulty of finding a sufficient supply of suitable water with which to mix the pure distilled spirit, for blending is as great a science as even distilling itself. And so the distillers have vainly struggled with the rising tide of neat spirit and the result of their efforts is that they have 89,000,000 gallons which contain twelve and a half million gallons or an overproduction of 50 per cent, is the yearly output of Scotch whiskey. But, according to Mr. Dewar, "Scotch" agrees with the constitution and the palate of the Englishman to a gratifying extent and so the whiskey distillers are satisfied.

But the whiskey distillers suffer keen competition at the exhibition in Agricultural hall. There is a wonderful show of brewers' and maltsters' machinery and articles of manufacture. There is as fine a show of hops as has been seen at the exhibition during the 20 years it has been held, and that is a result on which not only brewers but agriculturists may congratulate themselves. In particular, the exhibition bears a striking testimony to the healthy condition of the trade.

PETITION DENIED

THAT OF HETTY GREEN BY THE SUPREME COURT.

Hetty Green's petition for a writ of mandamus to compel the Cook county commissioners to sit as a board of review on the assessments made on her property in the town of Lake, near Chicago, has been denied by the supreme court. The petition for the writ was based mainly on the ground that the new revenue law is unconstitutional.

ENGLISH MILL MAN

SAYS MASSACHUSETTS IS LIKELY TO HAVE SAME EXPERIENCE AS LANCAHIRE.

Quite a startling report is published in one of the Manchester, England, morning papers from a correspondent who has just returned from New England. In the course of a long and sensational article, he remarks: "The Massachusetts mill superintendents have for four years past complained that they are at a disadvantage in competition not only with the south, but with the neighboring states of New Hampshire and Rhode Island by reason of the short working week of Massachusetts. It is shorter than any state of the whole 45 in which there are any large textile industries. After their defeat, the spinners withdrew from the textile council and their going is likely to weaken, if not to break up, one of the most powerful federations of trade unions with which the Massachusetts companies have had to contend. The generally depressed condition of the trade in New England during the last ten months had led to many reductions in wages. Several strikes occurred in many of the larger cotton mill towns before reductions could be effected but in every case the work people were defeated."

"This extract was shown to a prominent manufacturer and his opinion asked. His reply was that he should take it cum grano salis. Probably there was a good deal of truth in it. At any rate, he summed up the position thus: 'No matter how bad trade is in Massachusetts at the present time, it cannot be worse than it was in Lancashire three years ago. At the present time the cotton trade is flourishing with us and our cousins may have the same experience before long.'"

SEVERE PENALTY

FALL RIVER ALDERMEN SAID TO HAVE BROKEN A STATE LAW.

A very severe penalty is attached to the matter of importing city officers for assessments, subscriptions or contributions for any political purpose whatever in Fall River. Aldermen Westall, Ling and Cole and Alderman E. Kimball are liable to a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$150 for their action in going through City Hall and holding up other holders. Section 5 of the acts of 1891 covers the case of the first three and it reads as follows:

Sec. 5.—No councillor, senator, representative, alderman or councilman or any other officer or employee of either of said bodies, and no executive officer, clerk, or employee of any department of any city, town or county, shall, directly or indirectly, solicit, or receive, or be in any manner concerned in soliciting or receiving any assessment, subscription or contribution for any political purpose whatever, but this shall not be construed to forbid such persons to be members of political organizations or committees.

This plainly says that no alderman shall personally, directly or indirectly solicit or receive in any manner contribution in soliciting or receiving any assessment, subscription or contribution for any political purpose whatever. There are no loopholes in that law. These three aldermen did personally solicit and in some cases receive contributions for political purposes.

Now as to Alderman-Elect Kimball. Section 7 of the same act just about hits his case and also applies to the three aldermen. This section reads:

Sec. 7.—No person shall, in any room or building occupied for the discharge of official duties by any officer or employee of the state or any city thereof, solicit in any manner whatever, or receive any contribution of money or any other thing of value for any political purpose whatever.

These four men did solicit and in some cases receive money for political purposes in rooms occupied for the discharge of official duties by an employee of the city. These men seem to be in any way of getting around it.

The act of 1891 goes still further and includes those who gave up their coin to these political highwaymen. Section 9 says:

Sec. 9.—No officer, clerk or other person in the service of the state or any city thereof, shall, directly or indirectly give, or hand over to any other officer or clerk, or person in said service, or to any councillor, senator, councilman, or alderman, or any other valuable thing on account of or to be applied to the promotion of any political object whatever.

There are two more sections in this act which are interesting as showing that no city official is under any obligation to contribute to any political fund, or to render any political service, and shall not be removed or otherwise punished for failing to do so.

Now as to the penalty for violating the provisions of this act. Section 14 provides that whoever wilfully refuses or neglects otherwise to comply or conform to the provisions of this act, or violates any of such provisions shall be liable to a penalty of not less than \$100 nor more than \$1500 for each offense.

The foregoing sections have never been amended, and are just as good law today as they ever were.

CHELMSFORD

PRESENTATION TO A POPULAR SCHOOL TEACHER.

Miss Fannie Clark, who is teaching in Fitchburg, is spending the holiday vacation of two weeks at her home in Chelmsford. Miss Clark was formerly the popular school teacher in the grammar department of the school in this village, resigning last June. Tuesday evening she received a genuine surprise call from eight of her former pupils in the graduating class, who presented her a handsome King's Daughter pin as a token of their regard. The evening was a very pleasant reunion of teacher and pupils.

The annual meeting of the proprietors of the local library will be held at the home of Mrs. M. E. Richardson Monday evening, Jan. 2. Probably this will be the last meeting of the corporation, as steps were taken a year or more ago to dissolve the corporation. Its work having been transferred to the Adams library.

Miss Mary Horn of Apolover street, is spending the winter in Phoenix, Arizona.

DISEASES IN SCHOOL

RECOMMENDATIONS BY DR. BRIGGS, THE EMINENT BACTERIOLOGIST.

The Sanitarium states that the New York Board of Health has approved of the recommendations suggested by Dr. Briggs, the bacteriologist of the board, that it should make to the board of education. Among these are the following: 1. The use of states, state pencils, and sponges shall be discontinued in all the public schools. 2. According to requirement, pupils shall be supplied with pencils and penholders, each pupil to retain those received in a box provided for the purpose, such box to be marked with the pupil's name. 3. Pencils and penholders shall not be transferred from one pupil to another without suitable disinfection. 4. All school property left in the school building by a child suffering from any contagious disease, and all such property found in a room occupied by a family in which a case of infectious disease has occurred shall be taken by the health department for disinfection or destruction. 5. Rooms which are taken home by pupils shall be covered regularly each month with brown mantle paper. These regulations would appear to be somewhat stringent in character, but there is no doubt that some exists for more precautions than are at present taken in our board schools. Notification has been made to minimize the spread of infectious disease, but it is attention to the details of the foregoing that will eventually stamp it out.

MANUFACTURING NEWS

PRETTY SMALL BUSINESS OF FALL RIVER MILLS.

One of the worst features to be remembered with the Christmas of 1898 was the non-observance of the most desecrating holiday of the year by some of the manufacturing concerns of Fall River. The Hargraves 1 and 2 mills were opened and conducted operations as though the holiday was a matter of minor importance and they were joined by the Parker mill.

The help in these mills were notified Friday night and Saturday morning that the mills would run as usual on Monday and all of them were requested to be on hand. There was no complaint but the request was made. In most cases in a manner suggestive of some future trouble if the employees failed to respond.

After closing hours Saturday, many of the help got together and secretly agreed not to go in whatever the consequences might be. Help in the card rooms of the Parker and the weaving rooms of the Hargraves mill No. 1 were the principals in this movement and they stuck by their determination. In consequence, a great shortage was noticed in these departments yesterday morning. A new band of weavers showed up in Hargraves No. 1, and only a fair complement in the entire Parker mill. In the Hargraves No. 2 and 3 about one-third of the weavers appeared. Some of those who stood on the right side of the overseas succeeded in getting out for the day after working until 8 o'clock. In the old Hargraves the loom fixers were seen working their several ways homeward about eight o'clock as there was no work nor any sign of it.

The immense lumber mills of J. E. Henry & Sons at Lincoln which have just been destroyed by fire were the creations almost of a night so suddenly did they and the village surrounding them spring into existence in the midst of the primeval forest. But they were whirled even more quickly and now their owners can see if their previous record can be equaled.

Employees of No. 1 Manchester mill at Manchester, who have been idle for several months, resumed work yesterday. This department has been partly shut down for about two years and has been practically closed since last May. A meeting of some of the higher officials was held a few days ago and the starting of this department is the result.

The Lowell Machine Shop is at present rushing orders, an employee in forms a Sun reporter.

Mr. Charles Smith of 7, White street is now located in Albemarle, N. C. in the interest of the Kison Machine company.

PURSE OF MONEY.

Among those who have had pleasant tokens of friendship at this season is Miss M. E. Pike who was for over thirty years a teacher in the Lowell schools. Her former pupils, the patrons of the Ayer Home in whose success Miss Pike is greatly interested and friends in the John street church of which she is an active member united in presenting her a generous purse of money which was gratefully received.

PETER GOES FISHING.

EX-Alderman Peter H. Donohoe and Thomas Husbard, the well known stable keeper are enjoying piscatorial pleasures at Baptist pond, Chelmsford, today. Tom, who is quite a Nimrod, explained location of the pond where schools of the funny, tuba congregated and every one is looking for fisherman's good luck to the above knights of the rod and reel.

REP. BUNTING DEAD.

By Associated Press to The Sun. Buffalo, N. Y., Dec. 23.—Rep. Thomas L. Bunting, former representative in congress from the thirty-third district died in this city today.

Can't Eat;
Can't Sleep;
Feel all gone.

If that's your case, try...

SEMI

100, 250, 500. At all Druggists. Mailed on receipt of price by Cash Order Co., Boston, Mass.

MARTHA M. AVERY COUNTRY'S LOSS

Appeals to the Governor for Protection.

Evidences of Sorrow at Death of Sen. Morrill.

LITTLE CHANGE IN THE SITUATION

Strikers Refute the Manufacturers' Claims.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Marblehead, Mass., Dec. 23.—Mrs. Martha Avery, who was roughly handled at the mass meeting of shoe workers here last evening and was escorted to her hotel under protection of the police this afternoon sent a telegram to Governor Wolcott asking him to provide protection for her at a public meeting to be held here tonight. Mrs. Avery says the mayor and city marshal of this city declined to station police at the hall in which the meeting is to be held.

Conditions at the shoe factories which started up yesterday in pursuance of the plans of the promoters of the free shops, showed little change today. The manufacturers claim that they have more help than on yesterday. The labor men state that this cannot be, as some who were at work yesterday have been persuaded to remain out today.

CUBAN TROOPS

Will Probably be Paid Very Promptly.

THE SPECIAL DEFICIENCY APPROPRIATION.

Will Carry Emergency Fund of \$3,000,000.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Dec. 23.—Negotiations are progressing in the matter of the payment of Cuban troops so that on laying down their arms they may be enabled to enter upon civil pursuits and earn their living. Probably no further negotiation by Congress will be necessary to enable the president to carry out the plan, if it should be decided as it will probably be, to advance money, charging it against the revenues of Cuba to pay the Cubans part of the money due them for their service in the Cuban army. This debt is not an obligation resting upon the United States but one for which the Cuban government will be obligated on its establishment on an independent basis.

The special deficiency appropriation bill carries an item of three million dollars to be used for the purpose of advancing money for the Cuban troops. The bill is to advance the money for the payment of the Cuban soldiers out of this fund. It is understood, however, that the president has not yet consented to this arrangement.

MIDDLESEX MILLS.

ELECTED DIRECTORS AT ANNUAL MEETING TODAY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Boston, Dec. 23.—The annual meeting of the Middlesex mills corporation was held in the treasurer's office here today. President Charles P. Curtis in the chair. The following were elected directors for the ensuing year: M. H. Wendell, Charles P. Curtis, Augustus Lowell, Robert H. Gardner, Arthur T. Lyman and George S. Sibley. C. C. Tenney clerk.

HANSON RETURNS HOME.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Glochester, Mass., Dec. 23.—The theory outlined in dispatches from Quincy that the burglar found dead at the John Shaw residence in that city last week was possibly Charles Hanson of Gloucester, collapsed this forenoon when Hanson arrived on board the fishing schooner George E. Lane. Mr. Hanson is one of the crew of the schooner and was considerably surprised and pained to find that this is the second occasion on which it has been rumored that he was dead. Some time ago the schooner William W. Hise sailed for Iceland from this port and was lost with all on board. For a time it was supposed that he was among the crew as he had engaged to sail on the vessel. Just before the schooner sailed, however, Hanson made other arrangements and did not leave with her. The return of Hanson confirms the frequently expressed belief of many Gloucester men that the dead burglar at Quincy was not the Gloucester fishman.

FIRST DUEL.

TOOK PLACE TODAY AND THE ENCOUNTER WAS BLOODLESS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

The Duke Post, Dec. 23.—The first of the six duels arranged between M. Hargraves, a member of the lower house of the Hungarian Diet and his second, and the second of Baron Raffay, the Hungarian premier, growing out of the still unsettled dispute between the two principals, took place today between Baron Raffay, minister of National Defence and Count Karolyi. Pistols were used but the encounter was bloodless. Baron Raffay missed his opponent and the pistols of Count Karolyi missed fire.

SCHOONER WRECKED.

THE MARY E. CROSBY LOST HER CARGO AND THE CREW WAS SAVED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Branchford, Conn., Dec. 8.—The three-masted schooner Mary E. Crosby of Portsmouth, N. H., bound from Perth Amboy to New Bedford, with a cargo of coal, was wrecked off the Thimble Islands early this morning. She will prove a total wreck. The crew escaped.

OFFICE TO LET—In The Sun building.

Inquire at Sun office.

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EXTRACT?

A Family Remedy which, for over 50 years, has stood the test of time.

INVALUABLE FOR ALL SORES, PAINS, INFLAMMATIONS, CATARRHAL TROUBLE AND PILES.

GET THE GENUINE. AVOID IMITATIONS.

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THE SPANIARDS FLED

And the Insurgents Easily Took Hilo.

Our Troops Did Not Arrive in Time—The Problem Presented to the War Department is Now Quite Complicated.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Dec. 23.—There is a good deal of anxiety in official circles here over recent events at Hilo. Two official dispatches are said to have been received by the State and War Departments, but it is impossible to gather from them any accurate knowledge as to the conditions there. It is not even possible to learn whether the insurgents or the American forces have taken the place.

This morning United States Consul Pratt at Singapore cabled the State Department: "Hilo taken 24th, Spanish fled to Horno."

This threw the officials into deeper doubt than before. The American expedition which left Manila to go to Hilo, two thousand troops and the warship Baltimore and Calhoun, would scarcely have had time, it is said, to have reached Hilo by the 24th. So the inference is that the insurgents are in possession. Calhoun, in fact, is held by the fact reported in our telegram that the Spaniards had retreated to a strongly fortified town on the island of Mindanao. This does not agree with Consul Pratt's statement that they had fled to Horno, the north coast of which is a British possession, but it is believed that the Consul is in error on this point, which might easily be the case in view of the distance from his post to Hilo.

The fact that the Spaniards have retreated at all is also construed as an indication that the town was abandoned to the insurgents, for it is believed that Col. Ilo, the Spanish commander, would have cheerfully surrendered to the American force with a view to securing the safety of his men and their ultimate return to Spain by the American government, according to the terms of treaty.

The officials at the war department still decline to make public General Otis' telegram of yesterday but there is no doubt that he is meeting with great difficulty in his effort to secure the release of the Spanish prisoners held by the Filipinos. It begins to appear clearly that a considerable element among the Filipino leaders opposed to a majority, are disposed to use these unfortunate prisoners as a basis for negotiations with the United States government, making their release conditional upon certain more or less important concessions demanded by them. It is not yet a foregone conclusion that terms cannot be arranged by private conference in Manila to secure the release of these men.

But the United States government being pledged by treaty to free them, must resort to other means if peaceful representations fail. General Otis has been instructed on this point.

OTIS' MESSAGE.

Washington, Dec. 23.—Just before noon another dispatch came from General Otis that at once confirmed the fears of the officials of the War Department as to what had taken place at Hilo. It appears that the American forces had arrived too late on the scene and that the insurgents had added to the difficulty of the problems already presented by holding their flag over the city which they have been besieging for months. The news was equivalent to the following message from General Otis:

Adjutant General, Washington. Sent Col. Potter on fast vessel to Hilo on 24th, to communicate with

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Newton, Mass., Dec. 23.—Horatio Nelson Hyde, late superintendent of the Newton Water Works, who was arrested at his home last evening, on a warrant charging him with the embezzlement of funds of the water department was arraigned in the local court here this morning before Associate Justice Edward H.anson. Clerk Whittlesey read the charges to which Mr. Hyde pleaded not guilty. There were four counts against the prisoner, two charging that he obtained money under false pretences and two alleging embezzlement.

It is claimed that when summoned before Mayor Cobb a short time ago, Mr. Hyde made a partial confession and resigned. It was thought that this would end the matter. A conference of city authorities was held yesterday, however, at which it was decided to make the arrest. Hyde had been in the employ of the city more than 23 years. He is married and his wife and children lived in a modest residence in this city.

U. D. Taylor Whittaker investigated the system.

THE WEATHER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Boston, Dec. 23.—Forecast for Boston and vicinity:—Fair to-night and Thursday; decidedly colder; high northwest winds, diminishing in force.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

Cures Every Form of Inflammation.

It was originated in 1860 by the late Dr. A. Johnson, an old fashioned, noble hearted family physician, to cure all ailments that are the result of irritation and inflammation, such as: rheumatism, sprains, bruises, burns, scalds, chilblains, colds, croup, catarrhs, chaps, chilblains, colds, cramps, cholera, colic, diphtheria, all forms of sore throat, excruciating, gonorrhea, hemorrhoids, influenza, in flume, lame back, side, neck, muscles, neuralgia, toothache, tonsillitis, whooping cough, etc. The great value and merit of this liniment is that it cures all these ailments in every case.

Parsons' Pills

"Best Liver Pill Made."

I have used your Johnson's Anodyne Liniment for more than fifty years and find it the best remedy for all ailments of the bowels, such as: constipation, cramps, colic, flatulency, indigestion, jaundice, colds, toothache, neuralgia, etc. and found it always good in every case.

Parsons' Pills are sold by all druggists and are the best remedy for all ailments of the bowels.

COULDN'T SAY NO

Young Bank Cashier Was Too Liberal

WITH PATRONS OF THE BANK.

The Overdrafts Amounted to \$34,150

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Colebrook, Dec. 29.—Harry F. Bailey of the Colebrook National Bank was arrested early last evening, charged with the violation of the banking laws. The arrest was the outcome of an examination recently made by Bank Commissioner Carroll of Concord. The examination revealed overdrafts to the amount of \$34,150, distributed among 10 depositors who have done business with the bank during the past few years. The amount of the overdrafts was kept on a thick book.

The bank, which is the only national institution in the town, will continue to do business after the irregularities are straightened out through the usual mode of procedure. A portion of the overdraft has already been made good, and it is believed a large amount will be liquidated today, while it would not be surprising if the third book account will be balanced within a few days.

Cashier Bailey is not charged with the mismanagement of the bank's funds, but his arrest is made for the violation of the banking laws in allowing depositors to overdraft their accounts.

The Colebrook National bank was organized in 1853, with a capital of \$50,000, the president being George Van Dyke and Harry F. Bailey cashier. When the bank commenced business the deposits amounted to \$16,000. The latest statement of the bank made to the government showed an overdraft of \$7700, or over 10 percent of the capital. In 1893 the overdraft amounted to \$183, and has been gradually increasing since that time.

Cashier Bailey is about 32 years of age, and has a wife and two children. He is in the custody of Deputy Marshal Horner, and will be taken to Lancaster for a hearing.

Boston, Dec. 29.—In an interview last night, President Van Dyke stated that not a single depositor in the bank would lose a dollar as the result of the indiscreet action of the cashier. "I have personally guaranteed all checks on the bank correspondent in this city," said Mr. Van Dyke, "and have received assurance from Colebrook that a number of those who had made overdrafts on the bank had either settled their accounts or arranged to do so at once. The trouble was that the cashier did not know how to say 'no,' and allowed a number of his friends to make these overdrafts on the bank."

"My brother has notified me of the situation, and, according to his statement, young Bailey has acknowledged that the overdrafts amount to \$34,150. This amount is distributed among 10 of the bank's depositors or customers, but they are all good for their various amounts, and I have no doubt but that two-thirds of the amount will be made good in three days. The largest one has already made good his indebtedness."

"Young Bailey's method of hiding the shortage was to reduce the amount of deposits by just the amount of the overdrafts, but he kept an account of the latter on a thick book. Only two or three years ago I found that he had been accommodating friends by cashing checks without the necessary funds. He had promised not to do so again. He eventually yielded, and now he must suffer the consequences. For I shall not ask any leniency for him. The bank is all right, and I do not worry about its standing."

SMUGGLING ALLEGED.

New York, Dec. 29.—Albert R. Southam, an importer and dealer in Oriental rugs and embroideries, was arrested yesterday on a charge of smuggling rugs and draperies valued at \$10,000 into this country. The arrest was made on complaint of Special Treasury Agent Theodore Southam, who has been confined to his room for some time with a serious pulmonary catarrh, is improving.

HEALTH IMPROVING.

Madrid, Dec. 29.—Senator Sagasta, who has been suffering from bronchial pneumonia, is much better, and is now considered out of danger. Senator Emilio Castelar, the Republican orator and statesman, who has been confined to his room for some time with a serious pulmonary catarrh, is improving.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIVITIES.

Fire at Alliance, O., caused a loss of over \$100,000. The blaze originated in a shoe store.

British steamer Arab, which left Liverpool on Dec. 24 for Portland, Me., put back to Queenstown with steering gear disordered.

A passenger train on the Atchafalaya, Topeka and Santa Fe railroad was wrecked near Hoehne, Col. Many passengers were badly shaken up, but none of them seriously injured.

Miss Frances Mills, daughter of Senator and Mrs. Roger C. Mills of Texas, was married at Washington in the Church of the Covenant to Lieutenant George Richards, U. S. M. C.

Charles F. Orinwein, the millionaire grain merchant and street car magnate, died at St. Louis.

Dr. Isaac Peet, the emeritus principal of the New York institution for the instruction of the deaf and dumb, died as the result of pneumonia at his home at Forham Heights, N. Y. He was born on Dec. 4, 1824.

At a meeting of the non-Bessemer iron producers at Cleveland, the attempt to form a pool for the season of 1899 was abandoned. It was impossible for the producers to agree upon any point in controversy.

Dr. William R. Rothwell, professor of pathology and moral philosophy in William Howard Hall, died at Liberty, Mo., of pneumonia.

OFFICE TO LET.—A nice office to let in the Sun building. Inquire at Sun building.

THE PEACE CONFERENCE.

Boston, Dec. 29.—The United Society of Christian Endeavor has received the following message in regard to universal peace from Editor William T. Stead of London, for the Christian Endeavorers of the world:

"The year 1899 brings with it a great opportunity. In the last nine years Christian governments have spent upon armaments for war a sum far exceeding \$5,000,000,000. To put an end to this gigantic waste of the resources of civilization, the Russian emperor has summoned all governments to a conference. That conference will fall unless vigorously supported by demonstrations of enthusiastic approval all around the world. I appeal to the Christian Endeavorers to do their part in evoking that enthusiasm and in giving it practical shape. Now is the time to act. Let each society do its utmost for the peace conference, and undertake the duty of getting up steam for the peace conference. Otherwise, the responsibility for the failure of this great opportunity may rest on your hands."

HAVANA FIGHTS.

Havana, Dec. 29.—A Spaniard named Fernandez, a member of the municipal police, was surrounded by a crowd of Cubans in Havana street yesterday. Cuban and American flags were waved in his face, his wife was hit out of his hands, and 60 men yelled to him "Shout Viva Cuba Libre or die." Fernandez cried out "Viva Espana, Viva Espana." Three knives were thrust into him, and he is dying. A fight was started yesterday by some Cubans carrying American and Cuban flags, who declared they had been insulted by Spanish marines. A Cuban drew a pistol and, declaring that he would defend the American flag, fired. Other shots followed, resulting in unofficial reports of a Spanish soldier fatally wounded, and at least one other, if not several, hurt.

STILL UNIDENTIFIED.

Quincy, Mass., Dec. 29.—Owing to the arrival in port yesterday of the fishing schooner George E. Lano, Jr. of Gloucester, with Charles E. Lano on board, the Quincy police are now in a quandary as to the identification of the man, who was shot and killed in John Shaw's library last Thursday morning. The body had been positively identified by Charles Malson of Gloucester, who knew Lanson well, and a peculiar feature of his identification was the "cast" in the right eye of the dead man, which had been overlooked previous to the time when Malson called attention to it.

QUIET AT MARLBORO.

Marlboro, Mass., Dec. 29.—After many futile attempts to address the citizens of this city, Mrs. Martha Moore Avery succeeded last night, and Liberty hall was crowded. "Three Stages of Wealth Education" was the subject of her address. There were no marked demonstrations during the evening. At a meeting of the board of aldermen last night a discussion took place over the question of preserving order around the factories and in the streets. City Marshal Currie was present. The result of the discussion was to the effect that the police department must do its duty. There were no demonstrations about the factories last night.

BRYAN AND IMPERIALISM.

Omaha, Dec. 29.—William J. Bryan arrived here yesterday from Chicago. When asked if he thought the question of imperialism would overshadow the money issue in the campaign of 1900, Mr. Bryan said it was difficult at this time to say what relations these subjects would bear to each other. He thought if Congress would adopt a resolution pledging this government to keep the Philippines only as a trust for their people, until a stable government is established, the expansion issue would be at an end. If, however, the question was not settled in some such way as this, he said, it would continue to be a matter of discussion until it was disposed of.

AVALANCHE RUINED VILLAGE.

London, Dec. 29.—Part of Red Rock mountain, according to a dispatch from Arolo, a village of Switzerland, has fallen into Arolo. The scene of the disaster presents a terrible spectacle, the debris of the avalanche covering a square mile. A hotel, with eight houses and 12 other buildings were swept into a great heap of matchwood. A new terror was added by the outbreak of fire amid the ruins. Three dead bodies have been recovered. It is estimated that the damage will reach \$10,000. Arolo is a Swiss village on the south end of the St. Gotthard railway tunnel. It has a population of about 1700.

ENGAGEMENT IN HIGH LIFE.

New York, Dec. 29.—The Herald says: The engagement of Miss Virginia Paton and William B. Vanderbilt, Jr., was formally announced yesterday. She came to New York shortly after the marriage of her sister to Herman Oelrichs, and with her mother, passed a good deal of her time with Mr. and Mrs. Oelrichs, both here and in Newport. Miss Paton was an intimate friend of the fiancée's sister, Constance, now the Duchess of Marlborough. Young Vanderbilt, while not possessed of a fortune, has great prospective wealth.

GOLF OUT OF IT.

Wheeling, Dec. 29.—The Intelligencer publishes a letter today over Judge Nathan Goff's signature stating that he is not and does not intend to be a candidate for United States senator. The leading Republican candidates are therefore Governor Atkinson and Hon. N. B. Scott.

ONE JUNIOR FIELD OUT.

Paoli, Ohio, Dec. 29.—The jury in the case of the daughter of John McWilliams, Jr., charged with the murder of her father, was locked up 22 hours and 10 minutes before being discharged.

AUSTRALIA'S GOLD OUTPUT.

Melbourne, Dec. 29.—The gold shipments from Australia for the year 1898 have amounted to \$12,000,000. The shipments to America increased by \$2,000,000.

THINK DUNHAM IS DEAD.

San Jose, Cal., Dec. 29.—The police of this city place little credence in the story that James Dunham, the murderer arrested in Columbus, O. It is believed by many that Dunham killed himself on the night of his crime in May, 1895.

OFFICE TO LET.—In the Sun building. Inquire at Sun office.

WIDOW POISONED

Probably to Secure Her Wealth.

TWO WORCESTER SOLDIERS DESERTED.

The Rothschilds Will Under Discussion in London.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

New York, Dec. 29.—Through a remarkable chain of circumstances, which has a tinge of suspicion about it, Mrs. Kate J. Adams, a wealthy widow living in this city, was poisoned by what the authorities believe to have been a dose of cyanide of potassium. The theory that the police are working on is that the poison was intended, but the intended victim was Harry Cornish, the physical culture director of the Knickerbocker Athletic club of this city, and not Mrs. Adams, his cousin. The poison was taken from a vial sent to Mr. Cornish from some unknown source, and the police are attempting to discover where the vial came from.

Mrs. Adams was 50 years of age. Her daughter, Florence, is the wife of Edward Rogers, general agent for the Hartford Fire Insurance company. Mrs. Rogers and her husband occupy the third floor of the apartment house at the corner of Columbus avenue and Eighty-sixth street. The rooms are luxuriously furnished and show evidences of refinement and culture. With the Rogers family live Harry Cornish and the mother of Mrs. Rogers, Mrs. Kate J. Adams.

On the morning of Dec. 21 there came to the desk of the Knickerbocker Athletic club office by mail a package wrapped in manila paper and sealed with wax. On the fastenings was written Cornish's name in a feminine hand, disguised to cause the impression that the writing was done by a man.

The package had been mailed at the general delivery office down town. In the wrapper of manila paper was a pasteboard box marked "Tiffany." In the box the usual cotton packing and in the center wrapper in white tissue paper a vial holder of polished silver. On the bottom of the holder is marked "Tiffany silver, No. 811." In the receiving cylinder of the holder was a 10-cent vial of "bromoseltzer." The bottle was wrapped in the usual label of the drug made in Baltimore. The vial with its deadly contents was placed in Cornish's room. There it rested until yesterday morning.

Yesterday evening Mrs. Adams, escorted by Cornish, attended a theater. They partook of a light supper before returning home. While breakfast was being prepared yesterday Mrs. Adams complained of a severe headache. Mrs. Rogers then mentioned the bottle of bromoseltzer that Cornish had in his room. Cornish went to his room and got the vial of supposed bromoseltzer. He poured out a small quantity in a spoon and mixed it with water. Mrs. Adams took the mixture. It gave off an odor of almonds, but this was not noticed, nor did the absence of the effectiveness of the salt attract attention. Cornish also took some of the mixture.

Suddenly all were attracted by the screams of Mrs. Adams calling for her daughter. Mrs. Rogers rushed into the bathroom and found her mother fainting in pain on the floor and gasping for breath. Cornish himself grew ill. He immediately sent for a doctor and Dr. E. F. Hitchcock was brought in. The doctor said that the woman had taken some violent poison and gave her medicine to stimulate heart action. He applied other remedies and gave a powerful antidote to Cornish.

Dr. Hitchcock tasted the poison, which he said, was evidently cyanide of potassium. He began to feel the effects of the poison and Dr. Potter was sent for. Before he arrived Mrs. Adams was dead. Dr. Potter gave it as his opinion that the poison was cyanide of potassium.

Mrs. Rogers was prostrated by the death of her mother and is confined to her bed. Dr. Hitchcock telephoned to the coroner and informed the police of the West One Hundredth street station. Mr. Cornish went, on the advice of Dr. Hitchcock, to Assistant District Attorney McIntyre's office and told the incidents connected with the tragic death of Mrs. Adams. At the advice of the assistant district attorney, three detectives were placed in the hallway of the house. No one was allowed to go up to the apartments of the Rogers family without permission from the district attorney's office.

Coroner's Physician Weston called at the house about 7:30 o'clock last night. He took the vial holder and the bottles of poison. He also took the wrapper containing the address. After careful examination of the contents of the bottle he said it was his opinion that the contents were cyanide of potassium. He was sure that this was what caused Mrs. Adams' death, and that it was a murder, cold-blooded and premeditated. He said he would perform an autopsy on the body of Mrs. Adams.

District Attorney Gardiner and Assistant District Attorney McIntyre gave out a statement of the case substantially as related above. Late last night Assistant District Attorney McIntyre was placed on the case to act in conjunction with the police.

CHARGED WITH DESERTION.

Worcester, Mass., Dec. 29.—Charles Cornish and J. P. Mann, two Webster boys, who had enlisted in G. company, Third Connecticut regiment, were arrested in Worcester yesterday by Officer Gabor on a charge of desertion. They were taken to regimental headquarters at Fort Trumbull, New London, and from there will be transported to Somersville, South Carolina, where the regiment is stationed awaiting departure for Cuba. The boys appeared in Webster a few days ago, stating they were on a furlough. They had worked their way north on freight trains, and as soon as they reached Webster the colonel of the regiment was notified.

THE ROTHSCHILD WILL.

London, Dec. 29.—The Daily Mail this morning announces that the chief beneficiaries under the will of the late Baron Ferdinand de Rothschild are his brother, Baron Albert de Rothschild, and his sister, Mrs. de Rothschild. The latter gets the

manor at 143 Piccadilly. Waddeson Manor remains intact in the possession of the family. Alfred Charles de Rothschild gets a large money legacy. The Earl of Rosebery is bequeathed several valuable pictures, and his sons receive legacies. A third brother, Nathaniel de Rothschild, at Vienna, benefits under the will, which makes several small legacies to personal friends.

AFTER CHINAMEN

U. S. Official Stirs up Springfield

ALL MUST NOW BE REGISTERED.

Some Small Talk of Army Chaplains.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Springfield, Mass., Dec. 29.—The Chinese population of this city was thrown into a big ferment of fear yesterday, through the coming of Dr. Jin Fuy Moy of New York, a United States treasury official and interpreter. Dr. Moy came here to round up the local Chinamen, intending to arrest all those who could not produce certificates of registration as required by a Chinese exclusion act of 1892. With a police inspector he captured six of the celestials, one of whom was later released. The other five will be taken to Boston to be tried before a United States judge. Inspector Lantz of New York will take the prisoners out of the city. They will be charged with illegally living in this country, the penalty being one year's imprisonment at hard labor, followed by deportation to the old country.

The coming of Dr. Moy terrorized the hundred or more local Chinamen, with the result that a number, getting a tip of what was going on, fled from the city. One laundry was found closed with shutters down. One of the men arrested, Jue Fuc, is a civilized Chinaman. He rides a bicycle, has cut off his queue, and has a white wife in Boston. He has been here four years.

Dr. Moy said that complaints had been sent to Washington by local labor unions, and for that reason he was ordered here to make a wholesale raid.

SHOE FACTORY REOPERS.

Avon, Mass., Dec. 29.—The Littlefield shoe factory resumed this morning, after a shutdown since Friday last. On the latter day many of the employees accepted the order to remove their kits, and they were taken to the factory to be discharged. Mr. Littlefield explains that his order was for the reason that, as he was uncertain just when the factory would resume, he did not want to feel obliged to hire the men whom he told to take away their kits.

CHARGED WITH DOUBLE MURDER.

Portsmouth, O., Dec. 29.—Two weeks ago the bodies of two children about 6 months old, were found under a stump in a hollow near this city. The matter was kept a secret. The coroner yesterday charged Miss Litchell Glenn, a girl of 20, with the wilful murder of her two children, and her mother and sister, Sarah, with aiding in the crime. The Glenns are prominent farmers. The three women will be arrested.

NEWSPAPERS ARE WORRYING.

Madrid, Dec. 29.—The newspapers here, while sympathizing with Premier Sagasta, say the country cannot be sacrificed on account of his illness, and an immediate arrangement of the ministerial crisis is demanded. The newspapers also say Don Carlos is now trying to place a loan in Spain through negotiations with the government. He opened negotiations yesterday in Madrid with this object in view.

"THE HOUR FOR COMBAT."

London, Dec. 29.—Special dispatches from Brussels report that an important conference of European states has just been held there, under the presidency of Prince Victor Napoleon. Baron Leger was elected president of the party. In thanking his supporters he said: "The time of watching is ended, and the hour for combat is sounding."

NOT IN THE DEAL.

St. Louis, Dec. 29.—The statement in a dispatch from New York to the effect that the Lazard & Myers Tobacco company of this city will be consolidated with the Union Tobacco company, the purchase price being placed at about \$12,000,000. Is denied by M. C. Wetmore, who is at the head of the former company.

CASTORIA.

The Kid You Have Always Bought

Signature of J. C. Watson

SAFE SURE SPEEDY

MME. LE CLAIR'S

FAMOUS FRENCH REMEDY

Never Fails.

ENDORSED BY THOUSANDS

Of ladies as a periodical regulator without an equal, succeeded when other remedies failed. It has proven itself a 25-cent safety-bringing relief, and convinces the most skeptical of their wonderful properties. Send 2 cents in stamp for pamphlet, containing valuable information for ladies. Address: LeClair's French Remedy, 100 N. Main St., Boston, Mass. N. B.—All correspondence confidential and returned with no package.

Goodale's Drug Store, Fiske's Block, 217 Central street, Lowell.

Chickering's English Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

G. O. Taylor Mfg. Co., pure medicinal stimulants.

CASINO Theatre

Shattuck St.

ALL THIS WEEK.

Nothing But the Best Vaudeville Artists.

MISS BESSIE GIBBERT, the world's famous cornet soloist, and late of Souza's and Gilmore's bands.

C. W. LITTLEFIELD, Greatest Impersonator and Entertainer of the age.

MUDGE & MORTON, Musical Artists re-engaged for this week. Great success last week.

ZAIRA, representing the armies of the world.

FIELD & CAMP, direct from the city of Mexico in a comedy sketch introducing Spanish dances.

PROF. LITZ and his dogs.

PRICE & WATSON, German Comedians.

Matinee daily at 2.30. Prices 15c., 25c., 35c. Evenings at 8.

Illustration of a person in a suit.

A DOCTOR'S VISIT

It is always followed by a doctor's prescription, and when you want to get it filled promptly, accurately and from the purest and freshest drugs, bring it to us.

Physicians' prescriptions are a specialty with us, and we have all the newest discoveries in medicine that can fill prescriptions from the best in the country.

Goodale's

DRUG STORE,

217 CENTRAL STREET.

Illustration of a person in a suit.

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ROYAL-TANSY PILLS.

NEW DISCOVERY. NEVER FAILS.

A new and safe relief for

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THE WEATHER.

Sun. rises—7:14; sets, 4:21.
Moon rises—7:01 p. m.
High water—12:45 a. m.; 12:45 p. m.
The storm center today near the mouth of the St. Lawrence, has moved to Newfoundland, and the second storm to Alberta has moved to Manitoba. Light snow has fallen in the Lake region and New England, and light rain in the southern Pacific states. The temperature has fallen decidedly in New England, Eastport and Portland reporting a fall of 30 degrees in 24 hours, and to 2 degrees; Albany and Boston, 26 degrees. Increasing cloudiness with snow may be expected in New England; warmer, high westerly winds, becoming southwesterly and diminishing.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

HOLIDAY GOODS, LOW PRICES.
We have our usual assortment of dolls, toys, dolls, etc., at 100% off. See our list of prices on page 10.

LOCAL NEWS.

BURN WILSON'S COAL.
Smokers enjoy Old Hundred Cigars. T. C. Lee, Fire Ins., 223 Central street. See Pike's and he is hitting prices hard.

Elegant rubber lined hawks at O'Donnell's. Telephone, 429-1.

To realize the heat in coal, buy some of W. E. Livingston, 15 Thimble street. Waterman's Ideal Fountain Pens for sale at Miss Hard's school, 31 Hillsboro street.

Send all bills against the city of Lowell to Auditor's office on or before Dec. 30.

Jupiter Court L. J. Smith, F. of A., will hold a cake walk and dance Dec. 29th at Forester's hall. Admission, 25 cents.

It has come—the need for that coal. Bourke & Sullivan will furnish you the very best at 91 Gorham street, and 223 Central street.

French clocks; extra fine work with careful workmen; work satisfactory or money refunded. Harris, 10 Appleton street. Leave word and will call.

Winter term begins January 2nd at Miss Hard's school. Shorthand and typewriting exclusively taught by the latest and most improved methods.

Cook, Taylor & Co., Central street, bought today for spot cash \$10,000 worth of desirable goods for less than \$5000. The public will get a chance at them on Saturday of this week. Keep well posted.

MATRIMONIAL.

In full uniform and with a countenance beaming with joy, Private Frederick Eugene Harmon, a Porto Rican campaigner of Company C, Sixth regiment, was yesterday united in the bonds of matrimony to Miss Louise Alberta Mullins. Rev. Smith T. Ford, pastor of the First Baptist church, performed the ceremony amid a shower of floral tributes of friends of the contracting parties. Overhead, suspended from arches were interwavings of evergreen to which were attached a number of miniature American flags. The marriage was solemnized at the home of the bride's aunt, Mrs. John Thorne of 66 Howard street. The groom was attended by one of his comrades in the late campaign, Private Herman Walsh, both being in full uniform. The bridesmaids were Miss Minnie Mullins of Liverpool, N. S., a sister of the bride and Miss Blanche Harmon, a sister of the groom. The bride was gowned in white broadcloth with pearl and chiffon trimmings. She carried a bouquet of white roses. The bridesmaids were attired in pink and white Lanes down respectively and carried bouquets of white and pink flowers. The ushers, all soldier friends of the groom, were in full uniform and were Sgt. Victor Carey, Sgt. Otto Hahn, Private Charles Tilton, all of Company C, and Private Harvey Aldrich, of Company G. Among many other military men present were Capt. Alex. Greig, Jr., and Lieut. Livingston. A wedding reception was held from 5 to 9 o'clock with a wedding repast in the large dining room. Mr. and Mrs. Harmon were the recipients of many beautiful wedding presents. The clerk in the Thompson Hardware company, where Mr. Harmon is employed, presented the young couple with a handsome silver service. Mr. and Mrs. Harmon left on the 9:20 train for a brief wedding tour as it will be necessary for the groom to be present at the Armory January 2, when the regiment of which he is a member will be mustered out of service. They will make their home at No. 13 Water street.

RYAN-FOYE.

Ex-Councilman John J. Ryan and Miss Mary E. Foye were united in marriage last evening at the parochial residence of St. Peter's church, Rev. Fr. Michael Roman performing the ceremony. Miss Anna Foye, sister of the bride was bridesmaid and the best man was Mr. John Doherty. After the marriage ceremony a wedding supper was served, and a reception held at the home of the bride's parents, 475 Pine street. The happy couple left early in the evening on a bridal tour, during which they will visit Springfield, New York and other eastern cities. On their return they will reside at 171 Grand street.

NEVINS-CAMPBELL.

Mr. Owen Nevins and Miss Cassie Campbell were united in marriage yesterday afternoon at St. Peter's parochial residence by the Rev. Fr. Roman. The best man was a brother of the groom and the bridesmaid was a sister of the bride.

FLAHERTY-CHENEVERT.

The marriage of Martin Flaherty and Miss Anna Chenevert took place yesterday afternoon at the parochial residence of St. Jean Baptiste church. The ceremony being performed by Rev. P. Gagnon, O.M.I. The bride was attended by Miss Leon Desjardins and the best man was Mr. Joseph Flaherty, brother of the groom. A reception followed at the home of the bride.

WILL GO TO MANILA.

By Associated Press to The Sun.
Philadelphia, Dec. 29.—The auxiliary cruiser Yessie (formerly the Morgan liner El Sol) left the League Island Navy Yard this morning for Norfolk. After being fitted out at the Norfolk Navy Yard, she will proceed to Manila with supplies and men for Admiral Dewey's fleet.

G. O. Taylor Whiskies, benefit the debilitated.

THE FINAL SESSION

The School Committee Held
Last Night.

STURTEVANT'S SALARY
WAS FIXED.

Important Report of Teachers' Committee.

The school board held its last session of the present year last night and transacted considerable important business. Supt. Whitecomb read the records which were adopted after Charles Swann had called to order. Action on the report of the committee on text books and other supplies was indefinitely deferred on motion of Mr. Stearns. The following report was submitted by the committee on teachers:

"We recommend that Miss Ethel Barker, a resident of this city who graduated from the kindergarten department of the state normal school last June, be granted a certificate of the fifth grade and that a certificate of the first grade be granted to Mr. Thomas F. Fisher, a graduate of the Worcester Polytechnic Institute."

"We recommend a transfer and elections as follows: That Helen Drury be transferred from the Middlesex Village school to the Central street school; that John A. Donovan and Thomas F. Fisher be elected teachers of the High school; Ida L. Samuels and Nellie C. Mahoney, teachers of the Moody school; Goldie Gardner, teacher of the Pawtucket school; Alice W. Macrae and Mary A. Fay, teachers of the Yarnum school; Gertrude L. Spohnholz a teacher of the Highland school; Gertrude C. Ring, a teacher of the Charter street school; Emily S. Abbott, a teacher of the Plain street school; and Lena May Robinson, a teacher of the Yarnum school."

"We recommend that the salaries of Messrs. Donovan and Fisher be at the rate of \$500 per annum."

"We recommend that Flora H. Sprague be appointed acting principal of the Plain street school with principal's pay during the absence of the principal."

"We recommend that the exceptions contained in the last part of section 3 of chapter 3 of the rules be extended to include the new Moody street school."

"We recommend that the sum of \$100 be appropriated for the pay of a special teacher in drawing at Training school during the remainder of the present school year."

"We recommend that the salary of Mr. Geo. F. Sturtevant as transient officer be fixed at \$1000 per annum."

"We recommend transfers of kindergarten teachers as follows: Miss Louise Smith, from the Moody school No 2 to Pine street; Miss Edith Hewitt from Moody No. 2 to Moody No. 1; Miss Hortense Tabor from the Training school to the Pawtucketville kindergarten."

Andrew G. Swann, Willard Everett, Hugh E. Farley."

The report was accepted as read. Mr. Everett moved that Mr. Farley cast one ballot for the teachers recommended in this report which was done. The resignation of Miss Mary A. Cronin of the Worthen street kindergarten was read by Mr. Murphy and upon his motion a vote of thanks for faithful service was extended. Resignations of Miss Ellen Burrows Duckworth and Mary Cronin-Gallagher were also read and accepted with votes of thanks for faithful service. Mr. Farley then arose and expressed his appreciation of the fraternal feeling his colleagues had always entertained because of his retirement from the body with the new year. Mr. Thomas, who also gave out of office at the close of '98 spoke in complimentary terms of his association with the board. A vote of thanks was given Messrs. Farley and Thomas on motion of Mr. Stearns, after which Mr. Whitecomb spoke of the illness of Mr. Hunt, the teacher of penmanship, and subsequently Chairman Swann temporarily resigned the chair to make a motion that the salary of Mr. Hunt be continued as long as he is able to be of service. It was a unanimous vote. Mr. Stearns said that a motion in the Yarnum school at the noon hour for pupils who were unable to go home for dinner should be employed and the matter was left to him and the principal of that school, salary of the matron not to exceed 50 cents a day. Adjourned.

BOWLING.

High scores on the part of the Vespera characterized the opening game of the inter-city bowling tournament in which the Vespera are contestants. The Vespera had for opponents last night a rather weak team called the "Punksters." Adams of the Belmonts rolled with the winners. The score:

Adams—Adams, 499; Grover, 543; M. Fels, 553; Patton, 459; Hill, 525; totals, 2570.

Punksters—Patton, 408; Plingree, 453; Brown, 429; Dow, 474; Glines, 400; totals, 2217.

The Defenders defeated the Concord without exerting themselves on Les Miserables alleys last night. The score:

Defenders—Bridge, 497; Cote, 514; Buckley, 429; Jordan, 435; Sub, 416; totals, 2227.

Concord—Hennessy, 408; M. Gindron, 357; Cotter, 342; A. Gindron, 437; O'Brien, 345; totals, 1979.

The Lowell were defeated by the Young Fellows last night at the Wainwright alleys. Simmons and Dunham rolled highest. The score:

Young Fellows—Farrell, 1897; Dunham, Young, 1600; Farrell, 432; Dunham, 432; totals, 2469.

Lowell—Boulger, 469; Howe, 461; Chickens, 429; Simmons, 509; Fullerton, 468; totals, 2346.

SUBSCRIPTION PARTY.
The second in the series of subscription parties, given under the auspices of the Misses Dempsey and Murphy at Associate hall, was held last evening. The parties held are exclusive and the dancing last evening was confined strictly to invited guests. Hubbard's orchestra furnished a concert program and also rendered the music for dancing.

46th Year of Publication.Ayer's
New American
Almanac

FOR nearly half a century Ayer's American Almanac has stood for all that is reliable and exact as a calendar and book of reference. Its circulation has gone into more millions than any other publication in the world. It is asked for and eagerly sought after in forty thousand drug stores every year. Its publishers are credibly informed that its astronomical calculations are as exact and reliable as those of the official Nautical Almanac.

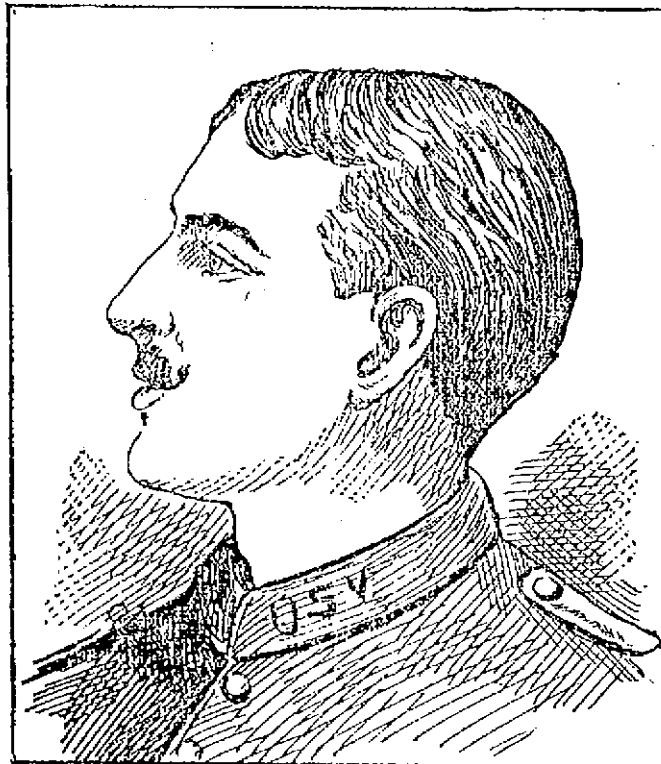
For 1899, with the New England Edition, we begin a new departure. We have added thirty-two pages, and have given over these thirty-two pages, not to any information about the House of Ayer or its medicines, but we have crowded them full of intelligent and helpful facts for the family, farmer, housewife, and student, making it a whole handy reference library boiled down into one small book of reference.

We don't want to make any money out of Ayer's Almanac, but we have put a nominal price of

2 cts. a copy

from this time forward, that this almanac may get into the hands only of those who actually desire it and will be interested in preserving it. What costs nothing is usually regarded as of little value.

Your druggist will show you a copy of the new almanac, if he is up to date enough to have taken advantage of our liberal offers to him. If he doesn't happen to have it, some other druggist in your town will, or you can mail a two-cent stamp to the J. C. Ayer Company, Lowell, Mass., and receive one free by return mail.



FRED D. HASTINGS of Co. C, Who Has Been Transferred to the Eighth Regiment With Which He Will Go To Cuba.

Private Fred D. Hastings of Co. C of the Sixth regiment has been ordered to America, Ga., under the command of Col. Pew. The following telegram is self explanatory:

"Americus, Ga., Dec. 23.
Fred D. Hastings, 1055 Bridge St., Lowell, Mass.

NARROW ESCAPE

TWO FRENCH BOYS BROKE
THROUGH THE ICE ON THE
MERRIMACK.

Two young French boys who foolishly attempted to skate the distance between Lawrence and Lowell Monday came near having a fatal ending to their sport.

In the vicinity of Belle Grove, and between there and Lowell, the river is open. These boys about 12 or 14 years of age, were evidently keeping along the apparently firm strip of ice near the sides when opposite "Beer Jump," the treacherous ice gave way and one of the boys was precipitated into the water.

His companion was too frightened to assist him, his energies being given to a hasty shouting for aid. A young man who was skating some distance below, came up in the nick of time, and as he could not swim, broke off a branch and extending it to the boy in the water drew him to shore.

The rescued and rescuer took cars respectively for Lowell and Lawrence. No names were obtainable.—Lawrence Telegram.

SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL.

At the last regular meeting of the John Boyle O'Reilly Reading Circle, held at their rooms in Associate Building, the following officers were elected for six months: President, John H. Shaw; vice president, Stephen F. Monahan; recording secretary, John E. Golden; financial secretary, James T. Hennessy; treasurer, John J. Murphy; board of trustees, Patrick H. Murphy, William McHugh, William H. Reagan, James McLaughlin and Edward H. Foye.

Merrimack Lodge, I. O. O. F., at its semi-annual election elected the following officers: Nole grand, Thomas Judas; vice grand, Joseph L. White.

PERSONAL.

retary, William Hodgson; treasurer, Luke B. Taylor; financial secretary, Frank L. Brown; trustee, S. C. Sillitoy.

The many friends of Lorenzo J. Jewett will be pained to learn that he is seriously ill at his home on French street and that his physician deems a change of climate advisable. Mr. Jewett is one of the leading spirits of the Bachelors' club.

The Young Tyler Social club held their first annual supper Christmas eve at their rooms on Church street. It was enjoyed by their many friends from out of town.

Miss Parkhurst of Amherst is visiting Miss Heurich in Lawrence street.

Mrs. Annie Sturdivant, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Lang, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Chandler and daughter of Boston left for Washington Tuesday for a few weeks' stay.

Mrs. Savage has accepted the position of organist at the House of Prayer, her duties there to begin January 1st.

Mr. Henry L. Pike, the shoe dealer, who has been ill for several weeks, has so far recovered that he was able to come down to the store for a short time yesterday.

O new tenor made its initial bow before a select company at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Pickles, 171 Andover street. Mother and child are doing well.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the
Signature of *Dr. J. C. Ayer*

NOT FROM THE WIRE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

SWANSEA, Dec. 29.—Rev. Sam Small, the evangelist, now chaplain of the Third engineers, U. S. A., arrived here yesterday. He says: "The chaplain is a sort of cop to the church regiment without much substance to them. They just take a minister and put a uniform on him with a silver cross on the shoulder, pay him \$200 a month and turn him loose on 1200 men without any of the implements of the scriptural warfare to fight with. I've been disappointed. When I get out I am going to suggest that they do away with the chaplains. When we get down to Cuba I'll wager most of the men would rather go to a cock fight or a bull fight than attend services. To tell the truth, I am beginning to think there is a heap of balderdash about what the chaplains do accomplish outside of meeting the sentiment that calls for their presence with every body of troops."

Havana, Dec. 29.—A Spaniard named Fernandez, a member of the municipal police, was surrounded by a crowd of Cubans in Bomba street yesterday. Cuban and American flags were waved in his face, his rifle was twisted out of his hands, and 50 men yelled to him "Shout viva Cuba libre or die." Fernandez cried out "Viva Espana, Viva Espana." Three knives were thrust into him, and he is dying. A fight was started yesterday by some Cubans carrying American and Cuban flags, who declared they had been insulted by Spanish marines. A Cuban drew a pistol and declared that he would defend the American flag, and the shots followed. According to unofficial reports a Spanish soldier was killed, a Spanish marine fatally wounded, and at least one other, if not several, hurt.

Omaha, Dec. 29.—William J. Bryan arrived here yesterday from Chicago. When asked if he thought the question of imperialism would overshadow the money issue in the campaign of 1900, Mr. Bryan said it was difficult at this time to say what relations these subjects would bear to each other then. He thought if congress would adopt a resolution pledging this government to keep the Philippines only as a trust for their people, until a stable government is established, the expansion issue would be at an end. If, however, the question was not settled in some such way as this, he said, it would continue to be a matter of discussion until it was disposed of.

Melrose, Mass., Dec. 29.—Mrs. Lindsey M. Emery, 32 years of age, died last evening of a pronounced case of hydrophobia. On Sunday, Nov. 14, last, while in the Highland Baptist church, a dog ran in and bit Mrs. Emery, horribly lacerating her face, so that 12 stitches were required to close the wounds. The dog regained liberty, and bit a boy before he was killed. A few days ago the unfortunate woman was stricken with hydrophobia. Two more dogs have been shot in Melrose since the injury inflicted upon Mrs. Emery.

Lakeport, N. H., Dec. 29.—The negotiations which have been in progress looking to a change of ownership of the Halifax mills at this place have fallen through and the plant will not be started. The knitting machinery has been sold to P. Hurlbert & Son of Milford, and will be removed to that place at once. These mills were formerly controlled by Dr. J. C. Moore, and up to the time of his financial embarrassment was considered one of the leading industries of the place, manufacturing hosiery, and employing upwards of 300 hands.

Boston, Dec. 29.—Massachusetts artists, under leadership of members of the profession of Boston, have submitted a petition addressed to the board of managers of the Paris exposition of 1900, in which they plead earnestly for proper representation at the exposition. The petition asks that the power of selecting pictures for exhibition be left in the hands of a local jury to be elected by ballot by Massachusetts artists.

Cleveland, Dec. 29.—The charges against Judge Dellenbaugh and Senator Burke were filed in the circuit court yesterday by the committee of the Bar association appointed to prosecute the charges. The charges in each case declare that the accused has been guilty of misconduct in office as an attorney-at-law of the state of Ohio, and has been guilty of unprofessional conduct involving moral turpitude.

Everybody's liable to itching piles. Rich and poor, old and young—terrible the torture they suffer. Only one sure cure. Doan's Ointment. Absolutely safe; can't fail.

G. O. Taylor Whiskies relieve throat and lung troubles.

CHRISTMAS GOODS,
NEW YEAR'S GOODS

Knives and Forks and everything in the gold and silver line. What more acceptable present could a person (that of bestowing upon another than a silver or gold article? We have them for less than they can be purchased in any of the stores in Lowell. A most acceptable present for Christmas or any time would be a pair of gold plated spectacles or eye glasses. Wedding presents, wedding rings, in short everything in the gold and silver line at rockbottom prices at

J. D. CRANT'S,
64 Merrimack Street.
Our motto is live and let live. Honest goods, honest prices.

NO DUST.

A Joy to Housekeepers.
Patent Ash Sifter.

The ash pan is put in at the top, turned over, and the dust falls into the sifter. No dust of any kind escapes in the operation. For Sale by

H. C. GIRARD,
NO. 442 MERRIMACK STREET.

G. O. Taylor Whiskies, benefit the debilitated.

WAVERLEY HOUSE

For gentlemen only, is considered the best place in town to wine or dine.

We are the only retail dealers of the Celebrated

ANHEUSER BUSCH LAGER
The Best Lager in the Country.

Also all Brands of the Choicest Ales and Liqueurs and Cigars. Call in and try one of our

35 CENT COURSE DINNERS.
Pattee & Carnay, Proprietors.

AT COLONIAL HALL.

A collation, the first of two was held last evening in Colonial hall and was attended by a large number of the local society leaders. Mrs. Thomas Talbot of Billerica was also present and assisted Mrs. Jacob Rogers and Mrs. George F. Richardson in receiving.

The American Orchestra, was stationed upon the stage and furnished music for the collation. Mrs. George Pillsbury, Mrs. William Farrington and Mrs. Frederick Ayer presided at the favor table.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WELL KNOWN JOURNALIST.
Phocerville, Cal., Dec. 29.—Robert V. Robertson, formerly a well known Chicago newspaperman and founder of the Nugget of this place, is dead of consumption. He was one of the most widely known journalists on the coast.

SWEEPING REDUCTIONS IN OUR

Dress Goods Department
Today We Quote Special Prices in Black Dress Goods.

Henrietta
Black German and French Henrietta, 48 inches wide, elegant lustre, 75c. and 80c. quantities at 60c. a yard.
\$1.00 quality at 60c. a yard.
\$1.25 quality at 70c. a yard.

Brilliantine
Black Sicilian Noble Brilliantine, extra fine finish, 64 inches wide, regular \$1.00 quality at 50c. a yard.

Cook, Taylor & Co.
CENTRAL STREET.



Our thousands of customers will tell you that we will never try arguing you into paying down any more than we advertise. One week's payment in advance, or from \$500 to \$2,000, according to the amount of your purchase, is all that is required. It's easy enough for everybody.

Men's, Boys' and Children's Clothing, Ladies' Jackets, Capes, Skirts and Waists, Ladies' Furs.

Stock-taking time is nearing and every article in the house is marked down for quick sales. The assortment is still very complete. Pick the plums as long as they last.

Caesar Misch
ODD - FELLOWS - BLOCK
78 MIDDLESEX ST., LOWELL.

LEDGERS
JOURNALS, CASH BOOKS, DAY BOOKS,

DIARIES

And the Largest Stock of
Blank Books

In the City, Can be Found at

Lawler's Big Store,

79 Merrimack St. TELEPHONE: 238-2. 15 and 21 John St.

STRONG AGAIN! Sexine Oil

When in doubt, try Sexine Oil. They have stood the test of years and have cured thousands of cases of Nervous Diseases, such as Debility, Dizziness, Sleeplessness and various other ailments. They clear the brain, strengthen the circulation, make digestion perfect, and impart a healthy vigor to the whole being. All druggists and chemists are checked for purity. Unless patients are properly cured, their condition often worsens them into insanity, Consumption or Death.

Mailed weekly. Price 5 cents per box. 6 boxes, with iron-clad legal guarantee secure or refund the money, \$3.00. Send for free book.

Sold at Goodale's Drug Store, the best and cheapest place in Lowell for drugs and medicines, 217 CENTRAL STREET.

TEETH No Charge For Extracting

Every set warranted to be the same teeth that other dentists say \$10 and \$15 for, and every set warranted to be. Gold Fillings and Gold Crowns work a specialty. Teeth filled with Gold by Electricity. No pain. Teeth Extracted Without Pain by our new method. Thirty years' experience. Artificial teeth without pain. Also Rooted Teeth. Teeth extracted and replaced the same day as extracted, no need of going without. No Sunday work. Extract. 8 a. m. to 6 p. m. Not open evenings. D.D. J. K. BICKELL & SON, Painless Teeth Extraction, 217 Central Street, Lowell, Mass.

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SUN

LATEST

FIVE O'CLOCK.

WARNER IN COURT

He Was Supported by His Two Deputies.

MANY WITNESSES GAVE EVIDENCE.

The Prosecution Introduced Technical Evidence.

By Associated Press to The Sun.
Northampton, Mass., Dec. 29.—When Lewis Warner came into court this morning, he was supported by two deputies and appeared to be very ill. A number of witnesses testified to cases where checks had been given out but no account of them had been made in the books of the bank. H. A. Kimball, a former trustee of the Hampshire Savings bank, testified to finding a partial confession left by Warner. There was much technical evidence introduced by the prosecution to show the methods of Warner.

LATE FR. CUDDIHY

LEFT ALL CHURCH PROPERTY TO BISHOP BEAVER.

Milford, Dec. 28.—The will of the late Rev. Fr. Cuddihy of Milford, was filed at the Probate court in Worcester today. The executors are Rev. J. T. Canavan of Milford and John O'Neill of Boston without bonds. The document gives these bequests:
All of St. Mary's church property in Milford is left to Rt. Rev. T. D. Beaver of Springfield and his successors in office. This includes 16 acres of land on Hopkinton road for cemetery, also the house of the pastor, offices, buildings, lands and appurtenances belonging to St. Marys on Winter street. All school buildings and lands.
Also another parcel of land on Winter street, subject to charge of \$350 a year, to be paid to his widow, Catherine O'Neill. The house used by the sexton goes to the bishop; all household furniture, carriages, etc.
The sum of \$1000 to homes for destitute Catholic children in Boston; \$100 for masses for his soul; \$3000 to pay debts on Fr. Cuddihy house in Clonmel, Ire., his native town, a tablet to be put up there in his memory.
His land on Davenport street in Boston is to be sold, the proceeds to be used for erecting a school building in Milford for the education of children in St. Mary's parish; granite quarry in Milford to be sold for the benefit of his grand nephew, Arthur O'Neill of Boston.
All the residue, when reduced to cash, to go to John O'Neill of Boston, "to the exclusion of any of my next of kin." The date of the will is June 1, 1893. Aug. 1, 1895 a codicil was added. This codicil was introduced with changes by the testator, but does not materially change the terms of the will.
Another codicil dated May 25, 1896, gives \$2000 more to Clonmel, Ire., chapels; \$1500 to Bishop Beaver for charities in diocese; \$1000 to Catholic university in Washington; land at West-nest hills to be sold and proceeds to be used for benefit of parochial school in Milford; the quarry formerly given to a nephew is revoked, and goes to the bishop as part of St. Mary's cemetery.
Rev. J. T. Canavan is given \$500; testator's niece, Kate O'Neill, \$500; Sister Mary Mulehoy of Clonmel, Ire., \$500; \$1000 for future Catholic cathedral at Springfield; the house on Granite street, Milford, to be sold and proceeds to go to parochial school.
There are other smaller bequests in sums of \$50 or less; and the above comprise the great bulk of the bequests. The will gives no approximate value of the estate.

GOT GOLD PIECES.

The furniture firm of Adams & Co. Central street, very generously gave each of their employees Christmas gifts of money. Each pay envelope besides containing the regular weekly dues of employees also contained a "bonus" in the form of a gold piece. This firm annually remembers its help on Christmas with some substantial reminder of the good will existing between employer and employee.

BUTTERS—The funeral of George F. Butters took place this afternoon from his late home on Graham street, East Chelmsford, and was very largely attended. Rev. R. A. Greer officiated. The interment was in the Edison cemetery.

NOT BEING

Sleight of Hand Performers!

We have to adopt other methods to change IRON INTO GOLD. Here is what we want to accomplish and our method of doing it. We have 95 Parlor Stoves on our floor. They're doing us, or you, no good there, and in order to put them where THEY'LL DO THE MOST GOOD, we shall offer them on these terms:

\$2.00 DOWN AND \$1.00 PER WEEK.

Every Parlor Stove to be sold on these terms, whether it cost \$4.00 or \$10.00

At The People's Furniture Store,

A.E. O'HEIR & CO.'S. 16 Merrimack St.

OLD MAN DROWNED

Body Discovered by Boys This Morning.

IN A SHALLOW POOL OF WATER.

The Victim Was a Feeble Paralytic.

By Associated Press to The Sun.
Fall River, Mass., Dec. 29.—Thomas Kennedy, 62 years of age, residing with his daughter Catherine in this city, wandered into an air hole near the edge of Shute mill pond, Wednesday night and was drowned. The water was scarcely two feet deep, but the deceased, a feeble paralytic, able to walk only with the assistance of a cane, must have fallen and was unable to get on his feet. His body was discovered this morning by two boys while at play on the ice.

THE WEATHER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Boston, Dec. 29.—Forecast for Boston and vicinity: Cloudy, generally fair tonight, probably snow Friday morning; warmer; southwest winds.

HOPE FOR HIS RECOVERY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

San Francisco, Cal., Dec. 28.—The condition of Dr. Horatio Stebbins is so much improved that his physicians now hope for his recovery.

AMOSKEAG VETS GOING.

The Amoskeag Veterans have voted to accept the invitation of Governor-elect Rollins of New Hampshire to be present at his inauguration in January, and act as his escort. Governor Rollins is a member of the Veterans.

SONG RECITAL

At the Highland Congregational Church.
With Wilhelm Heinrich in a recital assisted by Miss Nina Fletcher, violinist at the entertainment at Highland Congregational church last night was a fitting close to the winter's lecture and entertainment course. Mr. Heinrich's voice was finely suited to this cycle of love tales, breathing joy and sorrow, and the rich vibrant tones told as truly as the words themselves the story of the author.

POLICEMAN NIXON

DROPPED FROM THE BOSTON POLICE DEPARTMENT.

Boston, Dec. 29, 1898.—Patrolman William Nixon, the member who was detailed by the board of police to clean the streets of beggars has been discharged from the force.
The commissioners reached this decision in executive session yesterday afternoon, and it was announced at roll call in all the stations last evening.
Patrolman Nixon was not at headquarters when the general order was read, neither was he at any of the stations. A copy of the order was sent to his home, and it was there he learned what the decision was. He ceased to be a patrolman at 6 last evening.
The charge on which he was convicted was that of conspiring with another person (not a member of the force) to get sums of money from reserve officers who were up for appointment to the regular force. There was no allegation that he received any money, neither was there any evidence offered that money was paid.

HIS ANNUAL REPORT.

George T. Spencer, the fish warden, whose salary was the subject of some discussion at the meeting of the salaries committee, has sent in his annual report to commission on inland fisheries and game.

LIBERAL REWARD

For Men Who Are Recommended for Promotion.

A NEW PLAN RECEIVED FROM MANILA

Represents Views of Dewey's Officers.

By Associated Press to The Sun.
New York, Dec. 29.—In view of the discussion over promotion in the navy, for meritorious service during the late war, the following plan, which has just been received from Manila, and evidently represents the views of a large number of the officers serving under Admiral Dewey, will prove interesting:
"When men are recommended for promotion for 'conspicuous and meritorious conduct in battle' their reward should be liberal, their benefits generous, but not at the expense of other people, causing jealousy and heart-burnings. When an officer is advanced for meritorious conduct in battle, 1. Let him become an additional number both in his own grade and throughout his naval career.
2. Let him receive at all times the highest pay of that grade.
3. When retired, let him be retired with the rank and retired pay of the next higher grade.
"Then, instead of retarding the promotion of any one he would benefit all below him by giving them a number. He would take nothing from those he passed over but would remain additional until retired, always a marked one's promotion.
When an additional man reaches the head of a list, let him be promoted with and at the same time as the next man above him.
The highest pay of his grade would be a suitable reward. If he is at sea, it would be nothing, but on shore he could never be punished with waiting orders.

DEATHS.

MATHEW—Florence Mathew, an old resident of the city, died at his home, 130 Colburn street, yesterday. He was 80 years old and is survived by several adult children. Funeral will be held tomorrow.

O'KEEFE—Bridget O'Keefe, wife of Daniel O'Keefe of 27 Cross street, died at her home yesterday noon, aged 41 years. Among her survivors are two young children and two brothers, Peter and Bernard of Lowell and Michael of Canton. Funeral tomorrow morning. Services will be held at St. Patrick's church at 9 o'clock.

MURRAY—Ann Murray, aged 63 years, died yesterday at the city hospital. The remains have been removed to O'Donnell's warehouse. Funeral will be held tomorrow afternoon.

RYAN—Pierce Ryan, son of John and Mary Ryan died last night at 215 Chalmers street, the parents' home. The funeral was held this afternoon. Interment was in the Catholic cemetery.

PENDERGAST—Sarah J. Pendergast, daughter of John and Clara Pendergast, died yesterday at the home of her parents, 33 Lakewood avenue.

STOCK MARKET.

By Associated Press to The Sun.
Wall Street, Noon.—(Timors of a favorable judicial decision stimulated purchases of New York Air Brake which became buoyant and active, rising 1 point to 111. Strength was very marked in other stocks, Kansas City, Pittsburg and Gulf, Union Pacific and Rock Island leading the movement in the railways. Sugar encountered realizing orders at 32 and yielded a point. Sales to noon 315,413 shares.
The bond market was quiet and erratic.

CITY HALL.

Frank Brown, a relative of Supt. of Public Buildings Doherty, visited City Hall this morning. Mr. Brown is a native of Pennsylvania and was not aware that Mr. Doherty was elected but he was informed of the fact before going a dozen steps from the depot.

WHO SUCCEEDS MORRILL?

Washington, Dec. 28.—There is much speculation as to who will succeed Senator Morrill as chairman of the committee on finance. The committee is generally considered as in some respects the most important in the Senate.
Senator Allison, who is now chairman of the appropriations committee, since Senator Sherman's retirement, stood next to Senator Morrill on the committee.
If Allison accepts this chairmanship Senator Hale will succeed him as chairman of the committee on appropriations, and he will in turn be succeeded by Senator Perkins as chairman of the naval committee. If Senator Allison should decline the chairmanship of the finance committee, that place would then fall to Senator Aldrich.
Senator Chandler will succeed to Senator Morrill's desk in the Senate. It is in the front row, and the position is quite advantageous.

HOLIDAY GOODS

At 50 per cent. less than
down town prices at O'Brien
Brok. Tea Dealers, 77 East Merrimack street,
Boston, Mass.

PRESIDENT ELIOT.

PROPOSES JOURNALISM AS A STUDY IN ADDRESS TO THE GRADUATE CLASSES.

President Eliot of Harvard opened the fourth annual convention of graduate clubs in Cambridge yesterday with an address of welcome to the delegates. In the course of his remarks, he said: "I notice on your program several interesting subjects appointed for discussion. 'Migration' is one of them. It is an interesting subject which lies near the basis of graduate work. The migration of German students was one of the chief causes of the spread of German culture and of its previous acquisition.
"There are still some ancient superstitions encountered when we study the subject of the migration of graduate students. Some of the Harvard men have the notion that it is impossible to love more than one love for a college, and that he who loves Harvard must therefore hate every other college; that those who are lovers of Harvard or Yale cannot be lovers of Michigan or Chicago. I really do not know of any deeper superstition than that. It is the same as if you say that when a man marries he must therefore lose all the love he formerly held for his mother. A man who has been studying at Johns Hopkins for several years might very possibly decide to go to Columbia for graduate work, but that is no reason why he should abandon his allegiance to Johns Hopkins.
"It is to be hoped that in the future our graduate schools will train for more proficiency than they do now. Graduate schools are now the places where those study chiefly who propose to teach.
"Why not have the graduate school a place for professional journalism, where men can be trained to be of the highest service to their fellow-men in that field? I admit that the profession does not exist yet, but the graduate school, by helping to answer the present demand, can assist in developing it.
"Education ought to be provided, also, for training the man of science and the man of letters. There is a class of rich young men and young women growing up in the country who will never be obliged to earn their livelihood, and whose education is influenced early by that fact. Why not have the graduate school a place for such as have tastes in that direction can study for the higher branches of letters and science? Medicine is a profession where the rich young man can give valuable aid and where his efforts are assisted by exemption from the necessity of earning a living."

STEAMSHIP TICKETS AND DRAFTS.

Sold on the Cunard, Dominion, White Star, American, Anchor, Allen, French and German lines to and from Boston, New York, Queenstown and Liverpool. Drafts issued for the amount on all parts of Ireland at Murphy's agency, 18 Appleton street.

GIVEN AWAY FREE

PICTURES OF

Admiral Dewey and

Admiral Schley.

PRINTED ON 1899 CALENDERS.

COLD WEATHER COMFORTS

We've a store full of them conveniently cheap too, undoubted qualities that carry with them not only comfort, but a great degree of satisfaction. At this week brings to your mind some winter wants you'll make no mistake in supplying yourself here.

\$3.49
For Black and Blue Melton Overcoats.

\$5.00
For excellent quality of black and blue Kersey Overcoats.

\$7.00
For nobby raw-edge, extra fine black Kersey Overcoats.

\$8.00
For nobby Box Coats in seal brown and blue or blue Kersey, raw edge and lap seams.

\$10.00
For nobby Box Coats in seal brown Kersey fancy plaid lining, satin shoulders and sleeves, satin piped, raw edge and lap seams worth \$15.

Boys' Ulsters at 50c. on the dollar.
Bargain's in Men's Ulsters.

J. L. CHALIFOUX

40 TO 50 CENTRAL STREET.

IRELAND

Christmas drafts payable free of discount at any bank in Ireland, England or Scotland.

James F. O'Donnell,
Telephone at Residence, Office, Stables
MARKET ST., COR. WORTHEN.

MONEY DEPOSITED

On or before Tuesday, Jan. 3, in the Savings Department of the

TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK
will draw interest from Jan. 1st, at the rate of 4 per cent. Compounded annually.
At Market Rates
Middlesex St., Cor. Post Office square.
(Daily, 8 a.m. to 4 p.m.
Saturdays 7 to 9 p.m.)
BANK HOURS
UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY
Annals for sale of U. S. Revenue stamps.

CHECK FOR \$500

Presented to Rev. Fr. Reynolds, O. M. I.

BY THE SACRED HEART PARISH.

Presentation Address by John W. McEvoy, Esq.

The second night of the reception and festival in the Sacred Heart school hall last night was like the preceding evening, a large gathering which again tested the seating capacity of the place. Among those present were Col. Albert Pinder and wife of the city farm, Mr. D. J. Murphy and daughters, Alderman elect James F. Mitchell, Mr. Jeremiah McGillicuddy of the overseers of the poor, Undertaker C. H. Molloy, ex-Councilman John Nolan and wife, the Misses Bertha McCue and Margaret Fox, teaching school teachers, Mrs. J. P. Monaghan, Letter Carrier Charles Holden and wife, Miss Rose M. Lennon teacher in the Lincoln school and Miss Mary M. Kearney, teacher in the Green school. In the early evening an excellent musical and literary program was given and encores followed each number. There were vocal selections by a male quartette composed of Messrs. McMahon, Tomney, Murphy, and Hamilton, followed by the Highland Fling by Baby Tyrrell, two soprano selections, one in response to an encore, by Mrs. John W. McEvoy; three vocal selections, Mr. Michael Gorman, who would be kept singing yet, if the audience had had his way; violin solo, Mr. Thomas Sullivan; vocal selections, Master Martin McGuire. General manager John E. Lowmyer then made a brief address expressive of the gratitude of the following committee to all who aided them in making the events of both evenings such a grand social and financial success:
THE GENERAL COMMITTEE.
John E. Lowmyer, chairman; Thomas J. Lynch, secretary; Rev. John McElroy, O.M.I., treasurer; Misses J. McElroy, O.M.I.; Jas. W. Jantzen, Thomas E. Kearney, Joseph Jennings, John J. Donohue, Michael Fulton, Henry Cuff, Patrick Buckmaster, Eugene P. McOsker, Philip Mooney, John J. Lynch, George McNamara, James F. Bradley, John Robinson, Ed. W. Killoy, Daniel D. Finnegan, Bartholomew Ryan, the Misses Adelaide Sullivan, Annie Nelson, Susie Nelson, Mamie Fox, Annie Fox, Kate Kelley, Edith McEvoy, Annie Kearney, Annie Murphy, Mrs. James Walsh, Mrs. Sarah Dally, Mrs. James Lennon, Mrs. J. E. Monaghan, Mrs. Edward Fox, Mrs. James McQuillan, Mrs. Peter Donohue, Mrs. Mary Wood.
Miss Kittie Jantzen then read the poem in honor of Father Reynolds composed by Miss Susie G. Nelson and published in yesterday's Sun.
Miss Adelaide A. Sullivan was to have participated in a duet with Miss Kate, but she being sick, Mr. Peter A. Clune kindly responded, instead, with such an excellent rendition of "Papa," as to merit a hearty encore and he responded with the singing of "The Minstrel Boy."
Lawyer John W. McEvoy, in a very appropriate words made a presentation address to the honored pastor which though brief, was expressive of the very good will of the parishioners toward Father Reynolds. He recounted the early priesthood days of the now pastor in the parish and emphasized the joy felt on his return to the pastorate by all who had learned to love him as curate. He also supplemented his remarks with words of praise to the assistant pastor Rev. John McElroy, O.M.I., as being ever zealous for and a hard worker in the interest of the parish. In hearing such excellent co-workers as clerical leaders, the parishioners, the eloquent, baritone, felt, should feel highly flattered. He then presented Father Reynolds with a cheque for \$500, stating that everybody knew that the aforesaid amount would go to the church, for no member of the Oblate Order could have a private bank account, for when the missionaries die all that they have is invested in their church to return to the people and remain as a memorial of their life in Christ's vineyard. He then exhorted Father Reynolds to the front of the platform and said: "And now I present you this cheque," turning to the audience, "Now I present you Father Reynolds."
Father Reynolds was received with applause of the most heartfelt kind and was so touched with emotion that he could hardly voice his feelings of gratitude. He not only thanked his parishioners deeply from his heart but said that he required no money offering as an expression of their love for him; for daily evidences of kindly, co-operation in parish work have been given. He asked their prayers, as he would give his for inspiration to go forward in his religious labor. He also spoke a good word for his assistant, Rev. Fr. McElroy. All then repaired to the dining hall, where the following address was delivered by Miss Kittie Jantzen:
"It is almost needless to say how much we, the rising generation, appreciate the return of Father Reynolds and how happy and joyful we feel at seeing him once more in our midst. Although our associations with him have been of an entirely different nature to those of our parents and friends, yet equally as great as the sorrow they felt was the blankness which arose in our hearts when his ever mindful of and obedient to the voice of authority left us to assume duties in a new field of labor. His absence was but a shadow



JOHN W. McEVROY, Esq., Who Presented the Cheque for \$500 to Rev. Fr. Reynolds at the Sacred Heart Church.

and nourishment to the young plant love, which had sprung up in our hearts. Following in sequence, the order of nature, all well nourished plants must blossom and bear fruit. The blossoming time for our young plant came but a short time since, when with mingled joy and doubt we received the glad tidings that Father Reynolds was to be with us once more. But our fears were soon abated and we now realize to the fullest extent the joy of his return.
"We must continue nourishing our plant that it may bear fruit. This fruit will be the spirit of love and helpfulness with which we will take on the burden when our time comes to add our beloved pastor in his great undertaking.
"Allow me, in behalf of the young lady waitresses to present these flowers as a token of our esteem for our dear pastor, Father Reynolds."
ADDRESS OF WELCOME.
The address of welcome by Engineer James W. Jantzen was eloquent and appropriate.
"In the language of one of the American poets," he said,
"The prayest best who loveth best
All things, both great and small,
For the dear Lord, who loveth us,
He made and loveth all."
"In our journey through life it has been the constant teachings of the fathers of the church to 'Love one another' with such a love as the Saviour has for us all; this love is the embodiment of the second great commandment and must engender in the human heart a feeling of gratitude for those who labor so zealously in our behalf. In the roster of the Oblate Fathers are the names of many who have endured themselves to the hearts of the people of Lowell. Some are gathered to the Father; others are yet engaged in the work of the Master; the excellence of their work will illuminate you, Father, to still greater efforts for the welfare of the church of the Sacred Heart and that we, children of one Father, emulate their example and uphold your hands in the completion of the church that we have to our hearts your teachings and so mould our lives that the result of your pastorate will redound to the greater honor and glory of God."

Putnam & Son

A Trousers Incident.

Lately we've been buying trousers from makers who were anxious to close out winter goods.

We've gathered a good many hundred pairs of a good many good kinds.

Bought now, means bought cheap. Buying cheap with us means selling cheap. Hence new goods for surprisingly little prices.

95 Cents

a pair for good strong working trousers, chevrons or union cassimeres, that usually sell for \$1.25.

\$1.25

a pair for heavy all-wool Dickey trousers and hair line cassimeres; the goods usually sold for \$1.75.

\$1.48

a pair for a grand lot of strictly all-wool trousers, half a dozen capital styles; fancy chevrons, plain hair lines and black Thibets, usual price \$2.00 to \$2.50.

\$1.65

a pair for a very large lot of heavy weight fancy worsted trousers, splendid patterns and every pair new. These worsteds regularly sell from \$2.25 to \$3.00. We have three patterns made in young men's for \$1.50 a pair—same goods.

\$1.98

for regular \$2.50 trousers.

\$2.48

for regular \$3.50 trousers.

\$3.00

for regular \$4.00 trousers.

\$3.50

for regular \$4.50 trousers.

PUTNAM & SON

166 Central Street.

THE SUN LATEST!

5 O'CLOCK

KILLED HIMSELF SHOT A BURGLAR

A Chicago Man Accidentally Shot Himself.

TRAGEDY THE RESULT OF A JOKE.

"The Gun Fooled Me" He Cried.

Chicago, Dec. 29.—Edward Kelly, a saloon-keeper of this city, yesterday accidentally shot and killed himself. The tragedy, which occurred in the victim's saloon, was the result of a joke and was witnessed by several of Kelly's friends. James S. Savage, manager of the Graveland Apartment Building, remarked that he was going to an apartment building to collect a bill. "You'll need a gun to defend yourself," laughed Kelly. "Well," replied Savage, as he drew a revolver from his pocket and laid it on the bar. Kelly picked up the weapon and looked at it. Savage warned him that it was loaded. "Why, that wouldn't hurt a baby," said the saloon man, as he threw the weapon on the floor behind the bar. The next instant there was a loud report and Kelly fell backward to the floor. "The gun fooled me," he cried as he fell and he became unconscious. His companions hurried to his side and found the bullet had entered the left lung. A doctor was called but Kelly died within a few minutes without regaining consciousness.

FUNERALS.

MOOREY—The late George F. Moorey whose death was briefly mentioned in yesterday's Sun had been in failing health since he suffered an attack of grippe more than a year ago but has been able to go out most of the time and only a week ago last Friday, was confined to his bed.

Deceased was born in Windsor, Vt. and came to Lowell when a young man in company with Mr. Hiram Hildford, with whom he roomed at the Merrimack House. Mr. Moorey was one of the original founders of the Lowell Daily Citizen. In 1866, with Mr. Leonard Brown, he purchased the Daily Morning News, the American Citizen, a weekly, and the Daily Citizen, started in 1855. The journal formed by thus consolidating the three was called the Daily Citizen and News, having for its editor John A. Goodwin. In 1859, Chauncey L. Knapp and George F. Moorey became the proprietors of the Citizen and Mr. Knapp its editor. Mr. Moorey retired from the firm in 1876.

Mr. Moorey was a member of the state legislature in 1877-78, and a member of the city council from ward five, in 1880-81. He was a republican and was at one time active in ward five politics. He was a man of marked business ability and during his connection with the Citizen in the time of the civil war, he was a member of the committee to look after returned soldiers. He was at one time an overseer of the poor. He was prominently interested in the Lowell history. After coming to Lowell, Mr. Moorey married Miss Sarah Glavin, this city, who survives him. He leaves one son, Mr. Guy Moorey of this city. He leaves a wife, Mrs. W. Moorey of New Britain, Conn., and two sisters, Mrs. Ellen A. Stevens of Roxbury and Mrs. Walter L. Williams of Chicago. He was for many years a constant attendant at the First Universalist church. The funeral will take place Saturday at two o'clock p. m. from his home, 45 Mt. Washington street.

CLAVA—The funeral of Christina Clava, child of Edwin Clava, took place Wednesday forenoon from 48 Fenwick street. Burial was in the Edison cemetery.

MARTIN—The funeral of Franklin Martin took place yesterday afternoon from his late home, 217 Liberty street. Among the large attendance of representative business men was a delegation of Mechanics Lodge, I. O. O. F., of which organization the deceased was one of the oldest members. Services were impressively conducted by Rev. George F. Kennett, pastor of the Trinitarian church. The interment was in the Edison cemetery.

BALL—The funeral of Adeline Ball took place yesterday afternoon, from her late home 559 Fletcher street. Rev. J. M. Greene, D.D., officiated. The interment was in the Edison cemetery.

HOWE—The funeral of Martha W. Howe took place this afternoon from her late home 215 Stackpole street. Services were conducted by Rev. Chas. T. Billings. The interment was in the Edison cemetery.

AINSWORTH—The funeral of William A. Ainsworth took place this afternoon from his late residence, 11 Spruce street, Rev. Smith T. Ford officiating. The body was placed in the Edison cemetery tomb.

BROWN—The funeral of Sally Brown took place this afternoon from the late home of the deceased in North Billerica. The remains were forwarded to Candia, N. H., for interment.

ROBERT—The funeral of Mrs. Joseph Robert took place from her home, 14 Salem street, yesterday morning. Previous to burial in the Catholic cemetery, a requiem mass was celebrated in St. Joseph's church by Rev. Fr. Desroches, O. M. I. The bearers were J. P. Duquette, Prime Deschamps, Salme Rouelle, George Panquin, Maxime Oulmette and Hercules Noval.

Kendrick M. Norton of Greenland, N. H., is visiting his parents in Lowell.

Special Watchman Fired on Three Men.

WHOM HE DISCOVERED IN A COTTAGE.

One of the Men Was Captured.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Chilton, Conn., Dec. 28.—The attempt of three burglars to rob the summer cottage of A. H. Fischer of New York, which is located at Eastern Point, about two miles from here, last night resulted in a miniature battle between the three thieves and Night Watchman Kaiser, during which at least 15 shots were fired and one of the burglars who gives the name of Philip Otto of New York received a charge of shot from the watchman's shotgun which crippled him so that he was captured while his two companions escaped.

Watchman Kaiser was making his rounds about midnight when he discovered the three men in the Fletcher cottage. The men saw him at about the same time and opened fire on him with their revolvers. Kaiser returned the shots with his revolver and after emptying the chambers of the weapon fired a shot from the shotgun which he carried. The latter shot brought down the man Otto and when his companions saw him fall they took to their heels and made their escape. Otto was placed under arrest and brought to the lockup here. It was found that the burglars had three bags packed with booty and were about to leave the house when discovered. Otto's injuries are not considered serious. The burglars are believed to have been professionals.

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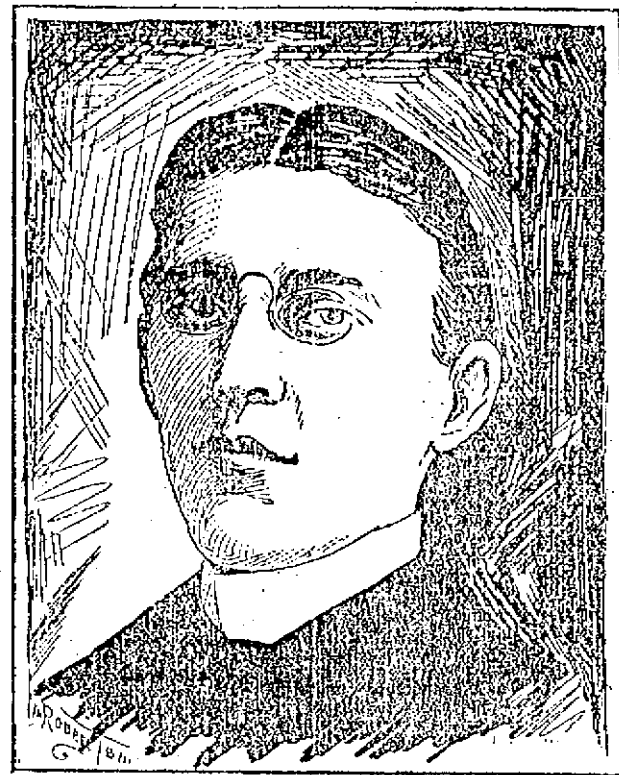
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LIEUT. THOMAS TALBOT.

SEVEN SOLDIERS

Honored by Their Neighbors and Friends.

A GREAT GATHERING IN BILLERICA.

Medals Presented to the Soldiers.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Lowell, Dec. 28.—Cornelius McGanney and ten homes were burned to death today in a fire which destroyed a two-story brick and frame stable on West 56th street this morning. McGanney was asleep in the loft of the stable when the fire started. He had no home.

FOUND DEAD

ROBERT RICE WAS PROBABLY STRUCK BY A TRAIN.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Lowell, Conn., Dec. 28.—Robert Rice, aged 65 years was found dead early this morning between the third rail track and the tracks of the steam railroad on the Highland division here. His neck was broken and it is thought he was struck and killed by the third rail train leaving here at 6.05. Rice left his home a hundred yards away to go to work shortly before six o'clock and walked up the tracks, as was his custom.

ALL RECORDS BROKEN.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Chicago, Dec. 28.—The year 1898 has broken all records in the amount of dead freight shipped from Chicago to the east. The total for the year, the last week of December being estimated, is 5,078,925 tons. The total for 1897 was 3,955,309 tons. Low rates and the enormous crops of cereals had much to do with the big increase.

MUSTERED OUT.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Kingston, N. Y., Dec. 28.—Co. M, First New York volunteers, has received notice that it will be mustered out of the state service here after a furlough of sixty days.

HISTORICAL ASSOCIATION

LISTENED TO SEVERAL INTERESTING ADDRESSES AT TODAY'S SESSION.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

New Haven, Conn., Dec. 28.—The second day's session of the American Historical Association convention opened this morning with the conference of "Historic Unduly Neglected Fields of Historical Study." The papers presented were one by Mr. A. Lawrence Lowell of Harvard University on "Institutional History of the Later Middle Ages," one by Prof. C. M. Andrews of Bryn Mawr College, with discussion by several members following; and a discussion of other phases of the general subject of the conference by Prof. J. F. Johnson of Brown University and the church history section met and papers were read as follows: "The Beginnings of Protestant Worship" by Prof. J. W. Richards, D. D., of Gettysburg, Pa.; "Erasmus" by Rev. George Norcross, D. D., of Carleton, Pa.; and one by Samuel Macaulay Jackson of New York University on "Zwingli and the English Reformation in the City of Zurich." This evening the convention will listen to papers and discussions of American diplomatic history, questions of the recent foreign policy of the United States being touched upon in papers on the Venezuela-Guiana boundary and a paper on American diplomacy. The economic association will at this session meet with the historical association.

PENSION CHANGES.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The following pension changes, resulting from the issue of December 17, are announced: Massachusetts—Original, Elton G. Russ, Spencer, \$10; George George, Soldiers' Home, Suffolk, \$5; restoration and supplemental, Nathan Norris, Jr. (dead), Arlington Heights, \$5; increase, Charles F. Parker, Marshboro, \$14 to \$17; original widow, Samantha M. Norris, Arlington Heights, \$5; Lauretta W. Norton, Marshboro, \$5.

war was to kill an unfortunate male

that had been gored by a bull. But I am glad of this opportunity to thank you for the friendly notice you have given the soldiers of Massachusetts, and also for these medals.

"Massachusetts suffered severely during the war. The state was fortunate. Owing to the efficiency of our commanding officers, the skill of our surgeons and more especially to the kindness and generosity of the people of Massachusetts in providing for our

comfort, we were able to come out with a record of only 17 deaths. The state of Massachusetts did more for her soldiers than any other state in the union. The good work was taken up in Billerica, and I think in proportion with the number of soldiers Billerica sent out, she did more than her share."

Sergeant Hosmer and Private Griffin also spoke briefly, as did Capt. Alexander Greig.

Rev. L. B. McDonald of Concord, who was with the Sixth nearly a month during their campaign in Porto Rico, told of the conduct of the men there. "There are soldiers and soldiers," he said; "and I will say that the Billerica men were all among the very good soldiers, the men who did honor to the army. They were many men and gentlemen throughout. I congratulate the people of Billerica that they had seven men who without course of patriotism and a full knowledge of the suffering that lay before them."

Rev. Fr. Paquette, pastor of St. Andrews church, North Billerica, said: "Our boys have succeeded because they were Americans. Young volunteers, arrayed against old and seasoned warriors, conquered, because they were Americans, Hebrews, Protestants and

(Continued to Page Three.)

PARIS EXPOSITION

COMMISSIONER PECK CALLS A CONFERENCE OF HEADS OF DEPARTMENTS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Chicago, Dec. 28.—A conference of the heads of departments of the Paris Exposition Commission has been called by Commissioner General Peck and will be held this week after all have reached the city. The conference is for the purpose of deciding upon the designs of the several buildings to be erected by the commission at Paris, as well as arranging as far as possible the details of the future work of the several departments. Assistant Commissioner General Woodward will arrive this afternoon. He has with him all the details of the apportionment of space to this country. There have been so many changes by the exposition authorities regarding the space to be given this country that even at the commissioners' headquarters some doubt exists as to just where this space is. The plans which Commissioner General Woodward has with him will settle this question and place the commission in a position where it can with little delay begin the apportionment of space to exhibitors. It is expected the conference will continue for at least a week.

It is my very great pleasure to present to you in behalf of the citizens of Billerica these gold medals."

Those who received medals were: Thomas Ellis, Corp. Victor Hosmer, Reuben Griffin, Ernest Walker, George A. Dale, James Burke and Lieut. Thomas Talbot.

Lieutenant Thomas Talbot responded for the soldiers, as follows:

"I feel somewhat embarrassed in appearing before you to-night, owing to the fact that my service in the volunteer, through no fault of my own, was very short. I was commissioned on the 5th of July, and owing to unfortunate circumstances did not reach my regiment until the 21st of August, after the peace protocol had been signed.

The peace what that I find during the

Lowell, Dec. 28.—For the first time in the history of the city the pool rooms are permanently closed. For some time a bitter fight has been waged upon the pool room interests, which resulted in the three rooms in this city being raided Saturday and over 125 men were arrested. These were dismissed at a preliminary hearing, but as the grand jury had announced its intention to continue raiding them, the proprietors came into the criminal court yesterday and stated that they had determined to close their doors permanently. In view of this fact all indictments against them have been dismissed.

Lowell, Dec. 28.—At a special meeting of the stockholders directors yesterday the resignation of Warden Woodbridge was formally requested, and upon receipt of the communication from the board, the warden tendered his resignation. This action is the sequel to the recent conviction of H. K. Woodbridge, a son of the warden, who was recently sentenced to state prison for five years for defalcations committed while a clerk in the prison. The board does not believe that Warden Woodbridge is in any manner personally implicated in the defalcations.

Lowell, Dec. 28.—The Railroad Gazette states that during the past year all the contracting locomotive shops in the United States, outside of the railroad shops, constructed 1875 locomotives, as against 1251 last year, an increase of nearly 50 percent. The total output of 1903 was for export, 105,158. Of these the best for the car building industry since 1890, the record breaking year, when the total number of freight and passenger cars built by contracting firms was 103,000.

Buda Pest, Dec. 28.—Lieutenant Gera Matiasch-Keglevich has been sentenced by court-martial to military imprisonment for five years for forging on bills of exchange the name of Austrian Imperial Crown Princess Stephanie. He became notorious some time ago, owing to a fierce duel he fought with Prince Philip of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha, husband of Princess Louise Marie of Belgium, whose love affairs with the lieutenant were at one time the talk of Vienna, and who is now confined in a private lunatic asylum.

Portsmouth, O., Dec. 28.—Two weeks ago the bodies of two children, about 6 months old, were found under a stump in a hollow near this city. The matter was kept a secret. The coroner yesterday charged Miss Rachael Glenn, a girl of 20, with the wilful murder of her twin children, and her mother and sister, Sarah, with aiding in the crime. The Glens are prominent farmers. The three women will be arraigned.

Boston, Dec. 28.—Frank V. Dunn, a theatrical manager, was fined \$300 by Judge Sheldon in the superior criminal court yesterday for libel, and in addition was obliged to make a complete retraction of what reference he made concerning the character and reputation of Lawyer Thomas J. Barry, which reference appeared on the programs distributed to the patrons of the theater.

BRIBERY CHARGE

Brought Against Alderman of Chicago.

POOL ROOMS IN LOUISVILLE CLOSED.

Warden Woodbridge of Hartford Resigns.

Chicago, Dec. 28.—Allegations of bribery in city affairs are under investigation by the grand jury, and the entire city council has been asked to appear before that body. The inquiry was begun yesterday. The investigation will not be confined especially to charges made in connection with the 50-year street car franchise ordinance. Alleged bribery in other matters of public importance will receive attention.

Shortly before noon yesterday the clerk of the grand jury was instructed to send out subpoenas for nine aldermen and two ex-aldermen. All of these except one appeared during the afternoon. All who appeared were heard. Enough evidence of interest was brought out to determine the grand jury to proceed along the line adopted, and the clerk was instructed to send out subpoenas for every member of the Chicago city council to appear.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

MUNICIPAL NEWS

Board of Aldermen Will Meet Again.

CANDIDATES FOR OFFICES AND THEIR CHANCES

Other News of Political Nature.

The superintendent of public buildings having been elected and nearly all the year's business transacted, public attention is now drawn to the contest for the new position of inspector of wires, an important office which the Sun has advocated for several years.

The committee on salaries a few days ago took up the matter of salary for the inspector and after some discussion placed the figure at \$1000. The question placed the figure at \$1000. The question placed the figure at \$1000.

Some time ago several applicants made known their intentions to the mayor and a few days ago, a civil service examination of the candidates was held and all who took it are reported as having passed. Mayor Bennett announced his appointment of Robert Ferris, who passed the examination with a high rank and who appears to be thoroughly competent for the position. Alderman Derby, however, had another candidate whom he tried to force upon the meeting despite the mayor's refusal to recognize his claim. The only republican who supported him was Alderman Goward.

As there is no democratic candidate for the position it is very probable that at the meeting of the aldermen on tomorrow night the democrats will vote for the confirmation of Mr. Ferris.

Supt. Tilton's job as superintendent of commons is being sought by quite a number of candidates of both parties and there is every chance for a democratic turn the trick. Prominent among the candidates and strongly among them is Peter E. McMahon, of ward two. Mr. McMahon is a young man and is now a clerk for Mr. McCaffrey on Gorham street. He is a man who would fill the place with efficiency and ensure a proper performance of all the duties attached to the office. He has been confined to his home with the grippe since election day.

Another democratic candidate who has friends in both branches is Mr. James Walsh, the well known landscape gardener and cooperator, whose conversation is heard in the Highland. Mr. Walsh has wide experience in the gardening line. Councilman Whitte has a brother in the fight on the republican end.

The fight for Supt. Cheney's position is going along in a surprisingly quiet manner but to state that Supt. Cheney is worried is putting it light. It is known that Supt. Cheney mortally fears one of the democratic candidates and has visited several prominent citizens seeking individually their aid in getting this particular candidate out of the field.

Some of Mr. Cheney's estimable republican friends are very sore on him for what they call his favoritism. They claim that the city auditors' books show that he has given nearly all his outside teaming to Charles Clapp with whom he was connected in the horse affair, when they believe that he should have distributed his patronage more evenly.

INAUGURATION DAY.

Hon. Jeremiah Crowley will take the oath of office as mayor of Lowell soon after 9 o'clock on Monday morning.

The exercises will be held in the aldermen's chamber, as in previous years and will follow the usual informal reception in the mayor's reception room. Judge Samuel P. Hadley will administer the oath, a day that he has performed many times and the prayer will be made by Rev. Michael O'Brien.

There will be floral decorations. Admission will be by ticket. The inaugural notices sent out to members of the new city council contain a new feature this year in the form of the following section from the city charter:

"The mayor, aldermen and common council shall meet in convention, on the first Monday of January in each year, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon and shall be sworn to the faithful discharge of their duties. After the oaths shall be taken, the two boards shall separate, and the common council shall be organized in the manner hereinafter provided. In case either of said officers is not present on said first Monday of January said oath may be administered at any time thereafter in convention of the two boards. In all cases, a record of such oaths having been taken shall be entered in the journal of the proceedings of the board of aldermen, and of the common council by their respective clerks."

Following the usual custom, the newly elected members of the city council will meet Saturday night and draw for seats.

The common council has held 47 meetings during the year, 21 of them special sessions.

Councilman Munkland, Wiggin, Paige Badger, Brown and Markham are candidates for the presidency of the common council next year.

Just how the clerk was turned no one

could tell yesterday, but the election of Henry P. Doherty to the office of superintendent of public buildings on the first ballot was the principal topic of conversation at City Hall yesterday. There were no deals made and most of the republicans who voted for Mr. Doherty, go out of office this week. Hence no democratic in office need worry over the strange move. Undoubtedly it was the cleverest political move made in City Hall in many years. Mr. Doherty will undoubtedly make a competent official and will not be disturbed for a year at least.

Councilman Munkland is a republican candidate for president of the council. He'll make a fine one—for a mock session.

Since the salary of the clerk of the council has been raised \$100 by the council with a good chance of concurrence by the aldermen, it will not be surprising to see a big increase in the number of candidates for the position. Frank M. Dowling, this year's clerk, will be opposed again by Daniel N. Pickering, while there will be a democrat or two after the position.

Councilman Lang upon retiring from his year's service, found it necessary to state to a small reporter that he had been a republican all year.

SEVEN SOLD ERS.

(Continued.)

Catholics, all mingled together, in order to show that our sacred standard of liberty would float proudly on Cuban soil and in far-off Manila. People of Billerica, I am glad to be with you this evening, to say to our boys, we love you, and we hope that God will bless you.

Major E. T. Howell spoke of the pleasure it gave him to accept an invitation to go to Billerica. "I could have told these young men from what I know of Billerica, that what has happened was just what they might expect from Billerica. The people of Billerica never neglect their sons who go out in their country's interest, and they always give them a cordial welcome."

"It has seemed to me that these soldiers have a higher order of patriotism that called them into the service of the United States, than the soldiers of '61. I remember well, when I enlisted in the war of the Rebellion. The motive that actuated the volunteers of '61 was the preservation of a good government. It was selfish. But what did these young men enlist for? For a sentiment, the sentiment of humanity."

Dr. Hosmer, a veteran of the war of the rebellion and father of Sergeant Hosmer, referred to the dangers of a tropical climate more sure and certain than the dangers from Spanish bullets that were encountered by the soldiers of the late war. "Soldiers of the war of '98," he said in conclusion, "the veterans of the war of '61 say that your names are forevermore enrolled in the records of the soldiers of Billerica."

Commander S. A. Pickering of the Sons of Veterans of Lowell conveyed a tribute of respect from that organization to the soldiers of Billerica.

Another candidate for superintendent of commons who has a strong following in both branches is Daniel J. Cosgrove, a well known resident of ward four. He has had wide experience as a market man and is now a clerk for Mr. McCaffrey on Gorham street. He is a man who would fill the place with efficiency and ensure a proper performance of all the duties attached to the office. He has been confined to his home with the grippe since election day.

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Some of Mr. Cheney's estimable republican friends are very sore on him for what they call his favoritism. They claim that the city auditors' books show that he has given nearly all his outside teaming to Charles Clapp with whom he was connected in the horse affair, when they believe that he should have distributed his patronage more evenly.

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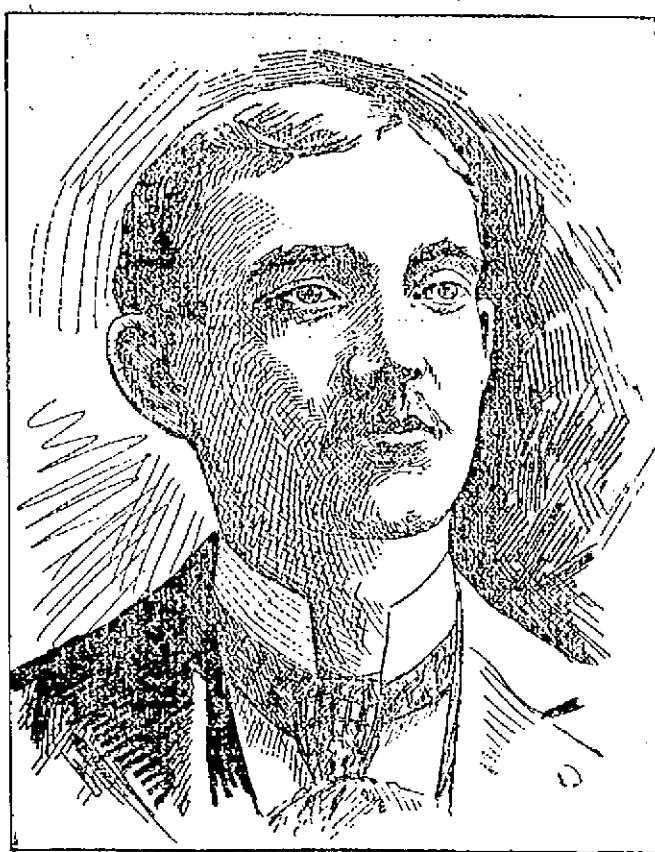
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PETER E. MCMAHON, Candidate for Superintendent of Commons.

REBELS ACTIVE CATHOLIC PRIEST

Attacked a Detachment of Elected to the Nights of Thirty British Soldiers Pythias.

LIEUT. HANNYNTON WAS HAS NOT YET BEEN INJURED.

The Rebels Loss Was He Awaits Approval of the 100 Men. Archbishops.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Calcutta, India, Dec. 29.—Advices received here from British East Africa, say on Oct. 10th, a force of rebels attacked a detachment of thirty men belonging to the 27th Baluchis, commanded by Lieut. Hannington, which was marching to Hunsini. A native officer and 15 men were killed and nine men wounded including Lieut. Hannington, who was shot through the right arm and had his left hand shattered by a bullet. The rear guard repulsed the enemy and the wounded were conveyed 14 miles to Kilisli on the western shore of Lake Kioga, which place was held by a company of Baluchis.

The rebels lost one hundred men. Lieut. Hannington was severely wounded and 25 men. The casualties on the British side were two men wounded. The Baluchis engaged originally belonged to Col. Marjory's expedition, which left Uganda in October, going in the direction of the Nile with the object of joining General Kitchener. The Baluchis were left behind in Unyoro in order to dispose of the remnants of the Sudanese force which rebelled under MacDonald and took refuge at Unyoro.

GEN. SHAFTER

WILL BE ASSIGNED TO COMMAND OF DEPARTMENT OF CALIFORNIA.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

San Francisco, Cal., Dec. 29.—Official notice has been received by Major-General Merriam that General Shafter is to be again assigned to the command of the department of California. It is expected that General Shafter will take charge about the tenth of next month. General Merriam has not yet been assigned. He may go north again to the department of the Columbia. The impression prevails, however, that he will go to Denver to command the department of Colorado and that the departments of California and Columbia will be combined under Shafter.

LINCOLN IN BAS RELIEF.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Chicago, Dec. 29.—Abraham Lincoln, in his relief on a tablet of bronze, may adorn the turret of the battleship Illinois. Former Congressman George E. Adams has written to Governor Tanner asking him to recommend to the legislature an appropriation for a memorial tablet of that design. Besides the figure of the martyr president, Mr. Adams suggests that an inscription be placed below with extracts from Lincoln's Gettysburg speech.

AGUSTUS W. PETERS

PROMINENT TAMMANY MAN DIED VERY SUDDENLY THIS MORNING.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

New York, Dec. 29.—Augustus W. Peters, president of the Borough of Manhattan, died very suddenly at his home in this city today of heart disease. He was for many years president of the Consolidated Exchange and chairman of the Tammany executive committee. Mr. Peters was a prominent Mason. He was born at St. John, N. B., and was 54 years of age.

McGROSSON-KEENAN.

Mr. Hugh McGrosson, a well known and popular employee of the Collinsville mills weave room and Miss Mary Keenan were united in marriage last evening at St. Peter's parochial residence by the pastor, Rev. Fr. Ronan. The bride was attended by Miss Mary Moran and the best man was John J. Winters. After the ceremony a reception was held at 31 Chippewa street and many friends of the happy couple called and extended congratulatory wishes for a long and happy married life. They also left many beautiful wedding gifts. After the reception Mr. and Mrs. McGrosson left on a wedding trip to several eastern cities. On their return, they will reside at 14 Tyler street, and will be at home after January 4.

THE INSURGENTS OF THE FILIPINOS

Have Established a Government at Iloilo. They Have Been Loyal to the Americans.

GUARDS OVER FOREIGN PROPERTY. SO SAYS AN ENGLISH CORRESPONDENT.

The Make-up of Their Cabinet. Refused Overtures of Germany and France.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Manila, Dec. 29.—Details regarding the occupation of Iloilo by the insurgents have just been received here. The American expedition commanded by Brigadier General Miller arrived there yesterday and found that the Spaniards had evacuated the place on Saturday on board the steamer Churruarín and had been transferred to the island of Mindanao, in accordance with an agreement arrived at with the insurgents. The latter entered Iloilo and occupied the trenches on Monday at noon. They immediately established a municipal government and placed guards over foreign property. The insurgents were fairly quiet and orderly, although there was some looting at night. But five of the natives were shot, which had an exemplary effect on the rest.

The only foreign warship in the harbor was the German second class cruiser Irene.

The Filipino cabinet is composed as follows: President of the Cabinet and Minister of Foreign Affairs: Mabini. Minister of War: Luna. Minister of the Interior: Araneta. Minister of Agriculture and Commerce: Duoncamino.

DEATHS.

ALDEN.—Mrs. George A. Alden, nee Susan W. Allen, died in Watertown on Tuesday. Funeral this afternoon. The burial will be private.

BUTTERS.—George F. Butters of East Chelmsford who died at his home Tuesday, aged 70 years 7 months, was born in Bedford and was a farmer by occupation. He had been an invalid about two years. His wife died in November, 1896.

McQUADE.—Kate McQuade, aged 31 years, died this morning at her home, 230 Concord street, after a lingering illness borne with scarcely any complaint and with great fortitude. She was an esteemed member of the Immaculate Conception parish and her death will be regretted and mourned by her many acquaintances who had learned to respect and esteem her for her many good qualities. Those of her immediate family will have the sympathy of all on the loss of a dutiful daughter and a loving sister. Deceased was a native of Lowell and has resided here all her life. She obtained her education in the public schools of this city. She leaves a father and mother, Mr. and Mrs. Patrick McQuade, four brothers, Patrick, Andrew, Charles and James, and two sisters, Jennie and Margaret. Friends are requested not to send flowers.

COBB.—Abigail Cobb, aged 82 years, 6 months and 3 days, died this morning at the home of her daughter Mrs. C. H. Pogg, 10 Robbins street.

FWARTZ.—Samuel Fwartz, aged 23 years, died yesterday at 450 Gorham street. He is unmarried. The funeral took place this afternoon and the remains were sent to Pelham, N. J., for interment.

NEWS IN BRIEF

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Omaha, Dec. 29.—The standing committee of the diocese of Nebraska has decided to refuse its canonical consent to the consecration of Dr. Morrison as bishop of Iowa.

Providence, Dec. 29.—The jury in the manslaughter case of John McWilliams, Jr., deceased. They stood 11 to 1 for conviction, and were discharged after being locked up 23 hours and 20 minutes.

Princeton, Mo., Dec. 29.—Ira Sexton was hanged here yesterday for the killing of Nathan Stark, a young farmer, Oct. 29, 1897, while trying to rob him. Sexton sang two songs and made a speech on the scaffold.

Manistee, Mich., Dec. 29.—Details have reached here of the burning to death of Bruce and Alice Milks, children of Tilmann Milks of Maple Grove township. The children were left in the house for a short time, and when the father returned the house was in flames.

San Francisco, Dec. 29.—A local paper says: Supreme Court Clerk Ward has discovered carelessness in the handling of the supreme court records of this state. Hundreds of thousands of important cases are missing, and it is doubtful if they can ever be replaced. The papers involve millions of dollars.

Madrid, Dec. 29.—Senator Sagasta, who has been suffering from bronchial pneumonia, is much better, and is now considered out of danger. Senator Emilio Castelar, the Republican orator and statesman, who has been confined to his room for some time with a serious pulmonary catarrh, is improving.

Holifax, Dec. 29.—The officials of the dockyards have been informed that during 1899 an increase will be made in the British fishery protection fleet of Newfoundland. This move will be made in view of steps said to have been taken by the French government to strengthen their fleet by adding three ships.

Seville, Dec. 29.—A number of the recently arrested Carlists, it is rumored, are being tortured to induce them to swear allegiance to King Alfonso, and to reveal details regarding the Carlist organization. Such reports are, of course, denied officially, but they are believed throughout the country. Detailed stories tend to show that torture is quite common in Spanish prisons.

Columbus, O., Dec. 29.—Out of respect for the late Senator Morrill of Vermont, and in recognition of the educational value of his services to this country, the Ohio state university, which, with more than 50 other colleges and universities in the United States, owes its beginning to the foresight and wisdom of Mr. Morrill, will hold memorial services probably during the second or third week of the new term.

G. O. Taylor Whiskies, impart strength and vigor.

existed until some law had been enacted which should constitute a standard. The first gold dollar contained 27 grains, standard. It now contains 26 7/8 grains, standard. This is a very small difference, but it is a difference. The law that makes a dollar of 26 7/8 grains could have made one of 26 grains, or half the weight. When we say that gold is worth \$20.67 per fine ounce, we mean simply that the government will take an ounce of gold and coin it into \$20.67 in money. Therefore any departure from the existing rate is a very fractional amount. The coin being convertible into bars and the bars convertible into coin the difference can never be more than the cost of making the conversion. Understand now that I am speaking here of the "money value" of gold. Whether there be much gold or little its money value or "price" remains the same so long as the law is unchanged. If there were only one ounce of gold in the world, measured in gold coin, it would be still worth just \$20.67—no more, no less—because that is exactly the amount of money that an ounce of gold will make, but when it comes to the exchange value or purchasing power of the dollar which it makes that is a wholly different thing. Here we are at once confronted by the great law of supply and demand, and the value of the dollars compared with the value of other things will depend upon the relative supply of and the demand for each respectively.

DOCTORS

Prescribe them because they never vary from one standard of medicinal quality—the highest—and doctors are careful folks. You trust your family doctor—of course. Ask him.

G. O. TAYLOR WHISKIES

In sealed bottles only. Of Douglas.

Wholesale and Retail.

Sold always by John M. Devey, 55 Middle St., C. W. W. Hixon, 445 Middle St., and Chas. H. Joyce, 9 and 15 Middle St., Lowell.

FOR NEW YEAR'S

Gifts we ask you to call at our store, look over our large line of

Fancy Rugs, Reception, Chairs, Fancy Chairs, Pictures and Baskets, Couches, Lounges, Foot Rests, Fancy Rugs, Fur Rugs, Hat Trays, Hat Racks, Fancy Tables, in all styles. Dining Room Furniture, Parlor Furniture and last but not least, an elegant Range to cook your goose or turkey in, or also Parlor Stove, to keep your toes warm while smoking your after dinner cigar.

CAYNOR & CO.

35 Prescott Street.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

PROBATE COURT.

Middlesex SS.

To the next of kin and all others interested in the estate of JOHN A. LEWIS, late of Lowell, in said County, deceased.

Whereas, JAMES J. DONOVAN, the executor of the will of said deceased, has presented to said Court for allowance the final account of his administration on said estate, and application has been made for a distribution of the balance in his hands among the next of kin of said deceased.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Cambridge, in said County of Middlesex, on the third day of January, A. D. 1899, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the said account should not be allowed and distribution made according to said application.

And the said Court is ordered to serve this citation by publishing the same once in each week, for three successive weeks in the Lowell Sun, a newspaper published in Lowell, the last publication to be on day, at least, before said Court, and by delivering or mailing postpaid a copy of this citation to all known persons interested in the estate, seven days, at least, before said Court.

Witness Charles J. McIntire, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this twentieth day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety eight.

S. B. FOLSON, Register.

SEASON'S GREETINGS

And a Happy New Year we wish to all the Patrons of the Sunlight Shoe Store. The satisfaction obtained by buying here is contagious—it has spread. Many new faces tell us "How Deep it Has Struck in. December has so far and will be a memorable month with us.

SUNLIGHT

Shoe Store

100 Central Street.

W. S. GRADY.

Repairing of all kinds and Makers of Custom Boots.

THE VALUE OF GOLD.

Its Money Value Depends Wholly Upon Law.

Even the commercial value or price of gold as expressed in dollars, or francs, is controlled by the law. Why? Because the dollars, pounds and francs in which the value is expressed are themselves the creation of law. There are no "dollars" in nature. "Dollars" are not dug from the mine. They never

WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP

Has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children with soothing, perfect success. It cures the child, soothes the gums, relieves all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

shortness of breath—a sensation of dryness and heat in the throat. Neglect is dangerous.

HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR

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THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor.
SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.
Member of the Associated Press.
\$2.00 Per Year. 25c. Per Month

NEVER REFUSE

to advertise in a paper with a large circulation because you do not agree with its views on public questions. It is not to the paper that you appeal for trade, but to its readers. If you solicit patronage from those only who think as you do, you had better go out of business before you lose every dollar you have.

You may not agree with THE SUN on all questions, but if you take the trouble to look into its circulation, you will agree that you cannot afford to be out of its columns if you advertise at all.

THE SUN has a larger circulation than any two other papers in Lowell, and it is the cheapest advertising medium in this city on the basis of actual circulation. It's

LOWELL'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER.

Worcester has a love tragedy. What city has not had experience in this line? Get ready your New Year's resolutions, even though they last but a fortnight.

If the cold spell continues, it will not be so for the skaters to cheat the undertakers.

Rev. Fr. Reynolds, O. M. I., is to be congratulated upon the devotion and good will shown him by his new flock.

The coup effected by Mayor Bennett on Tuesday evening was the cleverest he accomplished during his incumbency.

Galer, the staff-builder, was unable to build a staircase that would land him in the office of superintendent of lands and buildings.

The city of Lowell wants a competent man for inspector of wires and on who will not be the tool of any corporation stringing wires in our streets.

The scent of the horse, as connected with city hall, will never become an issue in the city politics of Clinton. Clinton Herald.

Possibly donkeys are the only occupants.

It is too bad that that scene between Mayor Bennett and Alderman Derby was not enacted in front of the Kluksklope so that it could be reproduced for the edification of the general public. Both men have lost a great opportunity to make their names famous.

If the law permitted, the city council would abolish the board of assessors as the easiest method of solving a difficulty that has been nursed for years. It goes as a legacy to the next year's city government. Why was not the whole matter left to Councilman Howe?

That was a good catch made by Inspector Lathams and Officer Bump on Middlesex street on Tuesday evening. Matson is a skilful burglar. Unless he served an apprenticeship in his native land, he made rapid progress in the business after his arrival in this country.

The sentence of W. A. E. Moore to 15 years for conspiring with his wife to rob a man lured to her apartments is none too heavy. It will have a good effect in stopping a practice that is more common than is generally supposed, because most of the victims keep quiet, not wishing to get into notoriety under such circumstances.

The city council did well not to cut down the salary of purchasing agent from \$3400 as that office is one of the most difficult to fill in the city. Even the mayor has not so onerous or laborious and critical services to perform as has the incumbent of this office. If the duties of the office are faithfully performed for \$3400 the city certainly gets the worth of its money in this instance.

There is to be a great legal battle over the claims for damages against the Portland Steamship company. The company has petitioned for a limitation of its responsibility to the wreck, loss of the vessel, passengers and freight money, and to defeat this it must be shown that the vessel was defective and unseaworthy in a storm. The company will adopt every means to evade payment of the claims.

On March 28, 1895, the supreme court of the United States decided that any child born within the territory of the United States of parents who are residents of that territory is a citizen of the United States, without regard to race, color, etc. Thus only the present generation of aliens in the Hawaiian population can be barred from the exercise of the franchise. The same would be true of Cuba, Porto Rico, and the

Philippines in case these were declared to be United States territory by treaty provisions or otherwise. The people born in these states or territories after the ratification of the treaty will have the right to come here and exercise all the rights of citizens just as the citizens of our various states today move from one commonwealth to another.

Samuel Gompers has been re-elected president of the American Federation of Labor. He seems to be the right man in the right place, because at present he is keeping his organization in good condition, he is battling for reforms and holding his own against the combined attacks of the enemies of labor in the press, on the platform, and in legislative halls. Gompers is a progressive man, an able man and so far as we can judge, an honest man. He has not shown any disposition to sell out the organization for political preferment, as did Master Workman Powderly with the Knights of Labor. We predict that Mr. Gompers will give us the satisfaction in the office as he has done in the past.

Mrs. Avery, who has espoused the manufacturers' side in the Marlboro strike has become very obnoxious to the union workers. A few of the shops have started with non-union help, but there is no possibility of maintaining shops without some bond of union among operatives. If non-union employees go to work now, they will organize later on, openly if they may, secretly if they must and in no doing they exercise a simple right and one of which they should not be robbed. The manufacturers are organized for mutual protection and they would consider it the worst kind of tyranny to be prohibited from so doing; yet their employees are entitled to equal freedom in this respect.

President McKinley says the currency laws of the country cannot be changed for four years at least. The president may be over-optimistic in this regard. His successor might be chosen in 1900 and sign a new currency bill after the opening of the new congress. Even the money magnates may be able to carry their point in the meantime in spite of the president. If the president, however, should turn for true silver, he could quote abundantly from his own speeches in congress to show the consistency of his position.

Mayor Bennett is no longer solicitous of winning republican approval. His only turned him down and for the remainder of his term in office he cannot be expected to make any great personal or political sacrifice to uphold the banner of republicanism in this city. His election cost him all it was worth and perhaps a good deal more, so that Mayor Bennett is not under any obligation to any party. Personally he was a firm adherent of the pay-as-you-go policy.

Things have come to a pretty pass in the war department when the first general and by all odds the most experienced and trustworthy commander in the country is threatened with court-martial for telling the truth. It is the fear of being disciplined that prevented the man and the from telling the truth and it was probably because of his dread that an investigation was sprung before the troops were mustered out.

Senator Morrill, the Nestor of the United States senate, has passed away at a ripe old age. He was a man of ability, a staunch republican, the author of the Morrill tariff of 1881, a sort of precursor of the McKinley bill. He was to Vermont what Senator Hoar is to Massachusetts, though not recognized as of such eminent ability as our senior senator.

There's a wave of indignation against the sentence of Editor Gardner for contempt of court, not because anybody doubts his guilt, but because he is sentenced without a trial. It is the law and not the action of the court that is objected to.

CURRENT COMMENT.

Atlanta Constitution.—Has it, indeed, come to this, that the precious doctrine of protection, which has in time befuddled all parties, and which has been held onto by the republicans as though it were the ark of the covenant, is nothing more than a myth as the democrats have been claiming for years and years. Yes, brethren, it has come to this, and it will come to worse. For by the time the next campaign begins, protection will be as dead as Julius Caesar, and the democratic doctrine of a tariff for revenue will be appropriated by the republicans. Well, it is a curious outcome of the republican financial policy that it should with one hand reduce the wages of our workmen below those of the superior labor of Europe and with the other sweep the republican doctrine of protection into the ash barrel!

Brooklyn Eagle.—The differences between Mills and Alger are necessary, such such concern to the country as they were when the war was in progress. They can now settle at each other's throats content without seriously affecting anybody but themselves. It happens, however, that quite a large number of graves in Cuba have American occupants. The witness (Alger) may be assumed to be an expert on military matters. He admits that some of them could have been avoided. The mistake was expensive. They involved outlays he measured in money—lives figured in the cost. That is to say, the appointment of Shafter resulted in gratuitous sacrifice of life. There is blood upon the hands of the secretary of war, according to General Miles. That officer's testimony was sensational. It is a terrible impeachment. It comes from a source from which there is some bias, in the

United States. It will blacken the memory of the man from Michigan as long as his memory endures.
Boston Post.—The plan for a so-called territorial government for Hawaii has been reported to the senate with a few changes from the draft presented. It is a curiosity. We may get used to setting up governments for subject peoples before we finish with Porto Rico, the Philippines and Cuba, but that first essay in the new business is rather startling. It brings the American people face to face with the fact that the Declaration of Independence and this Constitution of the United States are "black numbers" at Washington.

Pawtucket Times.—The United States senate is asked to consider charges preferred against one Marcus A. Hanna of Cleveland, O., in which it is submitted that the said Marcus A. Hanna did with malice aforethought break through the door and into the chamber at Washington and did then and there, by force, colicry, threat and bulicry, seize and possess himself of the act lately vacated by one John Sherman, also of Ohio and does now possess, occupy and hold the same contrary to the wishes and in defiance of the protests of several other national politicians of the state of Ohio and the petitioner hereby prays that the said Marcus A. Hanna be and he hereby is deposed from said seat and cast into outer darkness.

Capt. A. T. Mulan in Engineering News: Mere just dealing and protection do not exhaust the demands of beneficence towards alien subjects, still in race childhood. The arm, but judicious, remailing of evils, the opportunities for fuller and happier lives which local industries and local development afford, these also are a part of the duty of the sovereign power. Above all there must be constant recognition that with the reason and beneficence, all demand, that the local warfare be first taken into account. It is possible, of course, that it may at times have to yield to the necessities of the whole body, but it should be first considered.

BICYCLES AS BAGGAGE.

There has been a test case in the English courts on a question which is nagging cyclists all around the world more or less. It was brought in the Queen's Bench division against the Great Northern railway company on behalf of one Britton seeking to recover expenses paid for the conveyance of a bicycle from King's Cross to East London. And after hearing and argument, the court decided that the plaintiff could not recover for the reason that "a bicycle cannot be ordinary baggage within the definition." The special interest attaching to this case is found in the fact that the attorney for the plaintiff made his argument on the very lines on which similar claims are based in this country. (He claimed that a bicycle came clearly within the definition of "personal baggage" for the reason that it was carried by the traveler for his own personal convenience and use in connection with his journey and was an article such as was ordinarily carried for that purpose. But the Lordship, in rendering his decision brushed away all such considerations by declaring that the idea of baggage must control; and as baggage implies something that is "packed," not taken loose, like a bicycle, the wheeled man took his case.—Boston Post.

NORTH CHELMSFORD.

PHOTOGRAPHIC VIEWS ON EXHIBITION AT THE LIBRARY.
Some very fine photographic views of Alpine scenery from the Sella collection belonging to the Appalachian Mountain club of Boston, are now on exhibition at the North Chelmsford library, where they may be seen during the next two weeks by any one interested. The views will well repay a visit to the library rooms.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Armitage spent Christmas at the home of Mrs. Armitage's mother in Charlestown.

Harmon Dixon has returned from Hartford, Conn., where he has been spending the Christmas holidays with his brother.

Horace Coulter spent Christmas at the home of his folks in Grantville.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe McCluskey spent Christmas at the home of Mr. McCluskey's folks in Lawrence.

Mr. Elisha H. Shaw and family spent Christmas at the home of Mrs. Shaw's cousins in Lowell.

William J. Shay spent Christmas at the home of relatives in Wilton, N. H.

The election of officers of Troop F will take place in the town hall, this village on Monday evening next, Colonel Hagar in command.

TO BOSTON

MUST GO SINGH REGIMENT COMPANIES FOR FINAL MUSTER.

The two local companies of the Sixth regiment will be mustered out of the United States service January 21 instead of January 22 as was first intended. The latter date falling upon Sunday, the military economy will not be performed in this city. Capt. (re) states, but the companies will have to go to Boston for this purpose. The efforts of Captains Greig and Fairweather to secure for their men the ration allowance of 75 cents per day during the period they are under orders, Jan. 20 to 21 inclusive, so that they might be able to eat at home or provide their own rations have proven unsuccessful as the powers that be have decided that the soldier boys must eat at the mess, or at least report at meal-times. The latter authorities to Boston by two local officers for the contract to cater at the army and the contract will probably be awarded this week.

Thomas B. Garby of Co. G, Sixth Massachusetts, U. S. V., left the city yesterday for America, Gen. where he is to join the Eighth Massachusetts regiment. Harry L. Young, also of Co. G and formerly chief usher at the Opera House, will also join the 8th.

Eugene Young of Co. G, denies the statement that Joe Brown, his Porto Rican protegee, has any idea of returning to Porto Rico. Joe is a barber and intends to ply his vocation in this country.

Fred E. Medley of Bellevue Medical college is spending the holidays with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Medley.

THE ARENA OF POLITICS

BIMETALLISM DEFINED.

It Is the Right to Use Either Gold or Silver as Money.

MAINTAINS PARITY OF METALS.

Places Each in Competition With the Other, Thus Making One Relieve the Strain Upon the Other—Neither Can Rise in Value and Enrich the Nation, While the Other Remains at Parity With the People.

The statement has been made to me that not one in ten of our voting population knows understandingly what bimetalism is, and I have been asked to define it.

It is the right to use either of two metals for money—gold and silver. The supply reaches the people through the mints of the government by the mints being open to coin all that comes. The option, known as the bimetallic option, is with the government and the people use either of the two metals in the discharge of their obligations. If the government is paying its soldiers, its employees, its numerous officials or other obligations under bimetalism, it has the right to pay in money made from either metal. If the people are paying their taxes to city, state or nation, purchasing postage stamps or discharging their obligations to each other under bimetalism, they have the right to pay in money made from either of the two metals.

It thus places the two metals in competition with each other to supply the demand for money. Thus one relieves the strain upon the other, as one eye relieves the strain upon the other.

With the option with the people to use money made from either of the two metals they controlled the demand and placed that demand on the one that was the most accessible. If silver grew cheaper, they shifted the demand to it and took the demand away from gold; hence silver rose in commercial value and gold declined. If gold came to be the cheaper, they (the people) used it, thus shifting the demand to gold and taking it away from silver, and it was the demand thus controlled by the people, as such and as a government, that practically maintained the commercial parity of the two metals for all time prior to 1873.

Following the act of 1873, the option was given to the creditor to demand either of the two metals—just the reverse of bimetalism—and the result is that the creditor demands the dearer, of the two metals, and the debtor it gets the more apt he is to demand it. Under bimetalism, the use of two metals, the people could be depended upon naturally to shift the demand automatically to the cheaper of the two metals when either was cheaper than the other. Taking the demand away from the dearer brought it down in value, and placing it on the cheaper brought the latter up in value. Thus the commercial value of the two was maintained at a parity. The effect was to give practically the volume of the two metals to our stock of metallic currency and furnished the basis for an equally enlarged volume of paper money—under a redemption monetary system.

The theory of the open mints to coin all that came of either metal was to let the supply reach the people. Close the mints to either, and you shut off the supply and force the use of the other. The open mints to the two metals gave the supply, and the people controlled the demand. If silver rose in value, it showed the mints and was shipped abroad to pay debts—as it was for a time prior to 1873—or in exchange for gold, and the latter was added to the domestic supply that went to the mints and vice versa. Neither could rise in value and export tribute from the people as long as the other was in competition with it—open mints and option with the people.

The government bought neither metal. The mints were open to coin all that came of either metal, and to give back the coins to those who had brought the bullion. It was coined free because it was statesmanship for the government to facilitate and provide a way for money, one of the principal functions of society. Bimetalism therefore consists of open mints and option with the people to use either. Under bimetalism there is no such thing as gold contracts; it is "coin" contracts.

The reason why the demand, exerted from one metal to the other as exerted by a nation like the United States, will maintain the commercial parity of the two metals is because of the world's limited supply of the two metals. All the gold in the world at the present time available for money will go in the output of 22 feet, all the silver in the output of 22 feet. All the gold in the United States will go in an average size bedroom, all the silver in almost any farmer's barn.

W. H. HARVEY.

HARRISON'S TREASON.

We regret to state that the late issue of gold bonds for the city of Chicago have been approved by Carter H. Harrison, chosen mayor by the Democrats in 1897. Mr. Harrison has frequently stated that he believed in Bryan and 16 to 1. Yet nearly all of his official acts belie the assertion. He no longer took his seat than he set about to make up a gold cabinet. Gold men were placed in all positions of prominence. Still he persisted in calling himself a Democrat. Nothing daunted he still persisted that he was all right and presumed to dictate nominations for the county campaign. The result is that the party was completely routed on Nov. 8. Now he flies over its corpse and by authorizing the issue of gold bonds shows himself up in his true colors. The party is well rid of him.

GALL CAIN PRAISES US.

The Novelist's Eulogy of the United States:

AMERICA MASTER OF THE WORLD.

Loves Us Because We Are the Freest and the Most Intelligent and Moral People on Earth—Says Gold Worth While Is Our Worst Sin—Finds Us Very Religious—Does Not Think Our Big Cities Any Worse Than Europe's.

Hall Caine recently contributed a long article to the London Daily Telegraph entitled "Life in America," in which he said in part:

"I am about to produce an interview on a new principle—that of asking my own questions and writing my own replies."

"How did I find American journalism?" "Better than most Englishmen have found it. More lady journalists are now engaged as interviewers than formerly, and they do their work as well as might be expected. Their personal descriptions are unobtrusively precise, but whatever the interviewer may be it is folly for Englishmen in America to attempt to escape him. Apparently there is no libel law in America, strong or swift enough to cope with the doings of space writers."

"The extraordinary vigor in the everyday work of the American journalist is what first impresses you. He is always on the nail. Today's subject is today's need, and whether it be the fate of the Philippines or how to sweep snow out of the streets the journalist tackles it for all it is worth."

"Then the general enterprise of the American press is beyond comparison greater than that of almost every other press in the world. Not even the London Times, Telegraph or Standard can surpass the amazing enterprise of the best papers of America. The best and most popular of the American newspapers appear to have neither policy nor party."

"Did I see any results of the war?" "Yes; in the sudden and great revival of trade which is now brisk in America. Beyond that not a great deal that seemed to be a direct result. Indeed it is surprising how little impression the war has made on the minds and condition of the people of America. They hardly talk of it at all. The people give you the idea that they have turned down the page of the Spanish war for good."

"What did I find to be the American attitude toward England?"

"Not greatly unlike what it was three years ago. Certainly no such extraordinary change in the national sentiment appears to have passed over America as that which we have lately experienced in England. Nobody on the other side of the ocean calls for an Anglo-American alliance, whether in the form of a treaty or of an understanding, nobody talks of it, and I doubt if it has ever impressed itself on the American mind as a serious idea at all. That is not to say that the good feeling for England is not deep and widespread in America. It is, and England's friendliness to America during the war has strengthened the tie between the two countries. Any public reference to that friendliness is sure to provoke applause."

"It does not require any knowledge in economic problems to see that in an important particular America is master of the world. Already that amazing country absorbs all the races of the earth, and every race that it absorbs it enriches and strengthens. It may be stated as a sure though astounding fact that an unskilled race whatever has yet been known to decline or diminish on American soil."

"As for the wickedness of the big American cities, Chicago and New York, it can only seem greater than anything else in the world to those who do not know the wickedness of our own cities at home. Our appalling stories of the ways of foreign cities usually come from people who live the most hellish lives in London. The secret is a very simple one. They are explorers only when they go abroad."

"If I were asked what is the worst evil which comes of the American thirst for prosperity I should say the pride of wealth. Nevertheless the corroding effect of great wealth shows itself on American society in more ways than one. The marriages of Englishmen to American women may perhaps bring about the Anglo-American alliance which Mr. Chamberlain so much desires, but where the reasons for such unions are merely wealth on the one side and vanity on the other, without any other apparent motive, the loss will be to America in the lowering of the moral tone of that part of her people which comes within the atmosphere of such transactions."

"The quest of material prosperity by no means absorbs the energies of the American people. It would be impossible to find among the nations of the world more readers to the thousand of population, and Americans not only read more than we do—they read better. No other nation pays so much attention to the education of its women, and in no other country does woman stand so high or play so serious a part."

"The religious life of America is active to the point of fostering nearly every crazy notion that takes form of faith. As for the higher religious life of Americans there is no country where that great wave is more felt which is now carrying the Christian church back to the early ideals of Christianity. The work of the saints is splendidly done both by men and women. In America, where there is no state church, reverence for the church and the things of

CURRENT EVENTS

BELMONT'S NEW PAPER.

First Issue Attacks Vanderbilts and Other Rich Men.

IT ADVOCATES AN INCOME TAX.

O. H. P. Belmont of the Banking Firm Is Its Founder—The New Publication Declares Its Opposition to Trusts and Corporations and Its Policy on Democratic Politics.

Oliver H. P. Belmont has started a paper called The Verdict in New York, the first number of which appeared on Dec. 10. It is a weekly illustrated sheet, the illustrations consisting of colored cartoons after the style of Puck and Judge, and the paper resembles those papers as to size. Judged by the first issue, The Verdict will not be a humorous paper aside from the illustrations. It aims to deal seriously with men and affairs. The men it deals with editorially and pictorially in the first issue are humbled without gloves. It is particularly severe on the Whitneys, the Vanderbilts, on J. Pierpont Morgan and Chauncey M. Depew. The principal cartoon represents Cornelius Vanderbilt grinding a street organ, with J. Pierpont Morgan standing beside the instrument, a tambourine in one hand and the string attached to a monkey in the other. The monkey, with the face of Chauncey M. Depew, stands before a window in which is Thomas O. Platt, about to place a penny labeled "Senatorship" in the animal's hat. A reporter was told by a person connected with the paper that this cartoon was drawn after Mr. Belmont's own suggestions.

Mr. Belmont is a member of the banking firm of August Belmont & Co. In the history of his new paper occurs the following declaration of its policy: "In politics The Verdict will stand for the principles of Democracy as it understands them and for truth as the latter finds display. It will before an election care more for a man than a measure. It will read your list of candidates twice before it reads your platform. The Verdict will be a Democrat. But no one need construe that to mean that it will support a bad man for place. Virtue and villainy have wide impartial distribution. No party in its personnel has a monopoly of either. There are honest Republicans just as there are others who deserve the stocks. There are upright Democrats just as there are others who should be in jail. The Sing Sing star of Democrat will not have The Verdict's countenance though he be named by a dozen conventions and place himself for a platform on the Ten Commandments."

"This paper is against free silver 10 to 1—put a pin there—against free silver at any ratio. It is not for Bryan in 1900. It will do all that truth and honor may to prevent the selection of either the man or the issue in the next national convention. But there are worse things than free silver 10 to 1, and worse men than Bryan—who is himself worthy enough and comes only as a menace as the exponent of free silver—and The Verdict is free to say, as it stands on the threshold of an existence which shall at the worst be an honest one, that should Bryan and free silver again find Democratic adoption it will support them both.

"The Verdict favors an income tax, as a means to force honest, fair, equal and just to all. Such a tax has the merit of being direct. It lacks the thievish opportunities which indirectness in tax building offers to tax eaters and public bloodsuckers. Were all taxes direct the tax eaters would fare worse and the taxpayers better. An income tax is as direct as a bullet. It is also elastic; it can be made greater or less at the call of public requirement without that disturbance to trade which tariff tinkering inevitably entails. They say an income tax is 'inquisitorial'; a long, far-reaching word truly, but which comes merely, when studied, to be a broadside of rot. It is no more 'inquisitorial' than the present system of state taxation. The only folk to be disturbed by the 'inquisitorial' features of an income tax belong to that family of social and business humbugs who, whether far fraud or snubbery, are pleased to pretend to an income much greater than they possess. These would either have to confess their true income or pay a tax on their mendacity, and one may readily conceive that most of the 'inquisitorial' wail over the proposal of an income tax comes from this pinch-neck class.

"Those trade denfalls and dollar traps, the trusts, The Verdict believes, should be smashed. They make the rich richer and the poor poorer. The iconoclast of Egypt was a mouthless broad to them. The Verdict is in earnest favor of cutting the claws of corporations. It does not agree in abstract public surrender to such entities as, for example, the Metropolitan railroad, which recently, without leave obtained or license given, coolly made an endless pitfall of entire Broadway. And while we are on the subject, let it be said that The Verdict is in favor of New York owning its own street franchise and does not intend a surrender of its thoroughfares, rentless and priceless, to become mere lending grounds of money for monopolies. On half the streets of New York city the citizen is no better than a tolerated trespasser, while the telephone and telegraph and street railway companies are the true, real lords of the soil. Such should have their claws cut, and the manuring should be short and sharp and gone about at once."

With regard to Mr. Depew as a senatorial candidate, The Verdict refers to him as a tool of the Vanderbilts and adds: "As becomes wealth that it is wide awake and aware of itself, the Vanderbiltian treasure enlisted an army of footmen, butlers and valets. Among the front rank door slammer was and is Depew."—New York Sun.

NEW CUBAN STAMPS.

Style of Postage to Be Used Temporarily on the Island.

The new postage stamps for temporary use in Cuba are our own stamps with the addition of distinguishing imprinting upon the face.

The denominations are 1, 3, 6 and 10 cents. Across these is printed the word "Cuba" in black ink, with the amount in pesos near the lower edge. The letters are small, but sufficiently distinct to prevent mistakes. The green 1 cent stamp is known as "10 do Peso," the red 3 as "30 do Peso," the blue 6 as "60 do Peso" and the brown 10 as "100 do Peso."

The postoffice department had under consideration several designs for permanent use, and only after considerable deliberation was a selection made. One design submitted contained a bust of General Calixto Garcia, but this was rejected because the intention is in every way to avoid giving offense to any class in Cuba. It was finally decided to substitute for the Garcia bust either the profile portrait of Columbus or one of the well known statues of the discoverer. Another denomination bears a typical Cuban scene and another typifies "Industry."

One stamp contains a representation of a cane mill with a cane field in the rear. For another denomination the subject is "Commerce." The design shows a full rigged clipper ship on the water and in appearance the stamp is similar to the 12 cent issue of 1899, one of the most attractive stamps ever issued by this government. The rate of letter postage in Cuba, 5 cents for half an ounce, will not be changed for the present.—Washington Special St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

THE MANILA POSTOFFICE.

How It Was Conducted Before the American Occupation.

The most interesting thing connected with the acquisition of the Manila postoffice is the adoption by the federal government of the cheap labor facilities of the island, says the San Francisco Call. Six men were sent from the San Francisco postoffice to Manila, and this number was reinforced by 14 men from Manila. Two of these latter are United States soldiers, who had enlisted from the postal service, and 12 are Spanish postal employees, who are retained because of their knowledge of the Spanish language and the routine of the office. These Spaniards received before the American occupation the salary of \$100 each per annum in Mexican silver, being equal to about \$75 in American silver or gold coin.

The office was closed every alternate day, and when working it was closed for two or three hours each day, beginning about noon. The total number employed was 200, but they took life easy, and did the work of about 200 Americans. The 12 Spaniards who are retained receive salaries ranging from \$150 to \$200 per annum in Mexican silver—such being the ruling rate of wages in the Philippines for that kind of service—but they have to work every day instead of every alternate day, as heretofore.

Money Making in Japan.

The contempt for money and trade, characteristic of Japan, has lost much of its force. Merchants have risen in social standing and have even been advanced to the peerage. Indeed Mr. Parkuzawa, the most influential educator in the empire, declares that it is every man's first duty to make money in order to increase the power of the nation. Newspapers abound in commercial statistics and magazines are largely devoted to industrial topics. It is significant that a wealthy merchant, Mr. Okura, recently gave \$500,000 for the establishment of a commercial college. He had intended to found a school for the children of the poor, but was dissuaded by Marquis Ito. This was the more noteworthy in that it was the first gift for public purposes made by a private individual in Japan.—Independent.

To Save the Rhine.

The Prussian government has granted the Rhine province permission to hold a lottery, the proceeds of which are to be used to ransom the valley of the Rhine from scenic destruction at the hands of manufacturers who are industriously planting factories all along the mountain skirts the Rhine.—Berlin Correspondent.

COULDN'T SAY NO
Young Bank Cashier Was Too Liberal
WITH PATRONS OF THE BANK.
The Overdrafts Amounted to \$34,150

By Associated Press to The Sun.
Columbus, N. Y., Dec. 28.—Harry P. Bailey of the Colebrook National bank was arrested early last evening, charged with the violation of the banking laws. The arrest was the outcome of an examination recently made by Bank Commissioner Carroll of Concord. The examination revealed overdrafts to the amount of \$34,150, distributed among 10 depositors who have done business with the bank during the past few years. The amount of the overdrafts was kept on a list in the bank.

The bank, which is the only national institution in the town, will continue to do business after the irregularities are straightened out through the usual mode of procedure. A portion of the overdraft has already been made good, and it is believed a large amount will be liquidated today, while it would not be surprising if the third book account will be balanced within a few days.

Cashier Bailey is not charged with the embezzlement of the bank's funds, but his arrest is made for the violation of the banking laws in allowing depositors to overdraw their accounts.

The Colebrook National bank was organized in 1883, with a capital of \$75,000, the president being George Van Dyke, and Harry P. Bailey, cashier. When the bank commenced business the deposits amounted to \$45,000. The latest statement of the bank made to the government showed an overdraft of \$770, or over 10 percent of the capital. In 1895 the overdraft amounted to \$183, and has been gradually increasing since that time.

Cashier Bailey is about 32 years of age, and has a wife and two children. He is in the custody of Deputy Marshal Horner, and he will be taken to Lancaster for a hearing.

THE PEACE CONFERENCE.
Boston, Dec. 28.—The United Society of Christian Endeavor has received the following message in regard to universal peace from Editor William T. Stead of London, for the Christian Endeavorers of the world:

"The year 1899 brings with it a great opportunity. In the last nine years Christian governments have spent upon armaments for war a sum far exceeding \$2,000,000,000. To devote this gigantic waste of the resources of civilization, the Russian emperor has summoned all governments to a conference. That conference will fall unless vigorously supported by demonstrations of enthusiastic approval all around the world. I appeal to the Christian Endeavorers to do their part in evoking that enthusiasm and in giving it practical shape. Now is the time to act. Let each society be converted into a local peace committee, and undertake the duty of getting up steam for the peace conference. Otherwise, the responsibility for the failure of this great opportunity may rest on your hands."

HAVANA FIGHTS.
Havana, Dec. 28.—A Spaniard named Fernandez, a member of the municipal police, was surrounded by a crowd of Cubans in Bañal street yesterday. Cuban and American flags were waved in his face, his rifle was twisted out of his hands, and 50 men yelled to him "¡Viva Cuba libre o la muerte!" Fernandez cried out "¡Viva España, Viva España!" Three knives were thrust into him, and he is dying. A fight was started yesterday by some Cubans carrying American and Cuban flags, who declared they had been insulted by Spanish soldiers. A Cuban drew a pistol and, declaring that he would defend the American flag, fired. Other shots followed. According to unofficial reports a Spanish soldier was killed, a Spanish marine fatally wounded, and at least one other, if not several, hurt.

STILL UNIDENTIFIED.
Quincy, Mass., Dec. 28.—Owing to the arrival in port yesterday of the fishing schooner George E. Lane, Jr. of Gloucester, with Charles Johnson on board, the Quincy police are now in a quandary as to the identification of the burglar who was shot and killed in John Shaw's library last Tuesday morning. The body had been positively identified by Charles Matson of Gloucester, who knew Lenson well, and a peculiar feature of his identification was the "cast" in the right eye of the dead man, which had been overlooked previous to the time when Matson called attention to it.

QUIET AT MARLBORO.
Marlboro, Mass., Dec. 28.—After many futile attempts to address the citizens of this city, Mrs. Martha Moore Avery succeeded last night, and Liberty Hall was crowded. "Three Stages of Wealth Production" was the subject of her address. There were no marked demonstrations during the evening. At a meeting of the board of aldermen last night a discussion took place over the question of preserving order around the factories and in the streets. City Marshal Curtis was present. The result of the discussion was to the effect that the police department must do its duty. There were no demonstrations about the factories last night.

BYRAN AND IMPERIALISM.
Omaha, Dec. 28.—William J. Bryan arrived here yesterday from Chicago. When asked if he thought the question of imperialism would overshadow the money issue in the campaign of 1900, Mr. Bryan said it was difficult at this time to say what relations these subjects would bear to each other. He thought if congress would adopt a resolution pledging this government to keep the Philippines only as a trust for their people, until a stable government is established, the expansion issue would be settled. If, however, the question was not settled in such a way as this, he said, it would continue to be a matter of discussion until it was disposed of.

AVAILANCIE RUINED VILLAGE.
London, Dec. 28.—Part of Red Rock mountain, according to a dispatch from Ahoia, a village of Switzerland, has fallen into Ahoia. The scene of the disaster presents a terrible spectacle. The debris of the avalanche covering a square mile. A hotel with eight houses and 12 other buildings were swept into a great heap of matchwood. A new terror was added by the outbreak of fire amid the ruins. Three dead bodies have been recovered. It is estimated that the damage will reach \$40,000. Ahoia is a Swiss village at the south end of the St. Gotthard railroad tunnel. It has a population of about 1700.

ENGAGEMENT IN HIGH LIFE.
New York, Dec. 28.—The Herald says: The engagement of Miss Virginia Fair and William K. Vanderbilt, Jr., was formally announced yesterday. She came to New York shortly after the marriage of her sister to Herman Oelrichs, and with her mother, passed a good deal of her time with Mr. and Mrs. Oelrichs, both here and in Newport. Miss Fair was an intimate friend of the fiancée's sister, Constance, now the Duchess of Marlborough. Young Vanderbilt, while not possessed of a fortune, has great prospective wealth.

GOFF OUT OF IT.
Wheeling, Dec. 28.—The Intelligence publishes a letter today over Judge Nathan Gott's signature stating that he is not and does not intend to be a candidate for United States senator. The leading Republican candidates are therefore Governor Atkinson and Hon. K. B. Scott.

ONE JUNKIE HELD OUT.
Providence, Dec. 28.—The jury in the manslaughter case of John McWilliams, Jr., disagreed. They stood 11 to 1 for conviction, and were discharged after being locked up 23 hours and 30 minutes.

AUSTRALIA'S GOLD OUTPUT.
Melbourne, Dec. 28.—The gold shipments from Australia for the year 1898 have amounted to \$212,000,000. The shipments to America increased by \$2,600,000.

THINK DUNHAM IS DEAD.
San Jose, Cal., Dec. 28.—The police of this city place little credence in the story that James Dunham, the murderer, is arrested in Columbus, O. It is believed by many that Dunham killed himself on the night of his crime in May, 1898.

OFFICE TO LET—A nice office to let in the Sun building. Inquire at Sun building. Inquire at Sun office.

WIDOW POISONED
Probably to Secure Her Wealth.

TWO WORCESTER SOLDIERS DESERTED.
The Rothschilds Will Under Discussion in London.

By Associated Press to The Sun.
New York, Dec. 28.—Through a remarkable chain of circumstances, which has a tinge of suspicion about it, Mrs. Kate J. Adams, a wealthy widow living in this city, was poisoned by what the authorities believe to have been a dose of cyanide of potassium. The theory that the police are working on is that murder was intended, but the intended victim was Harry Cornish, the physical culture director of the Knickerbocker Athletic club of this city, and not Mrs. Adams, his cousin. The poison was taken from a vial sent to Mr. Cornish from some unknown source, and the police are attempting to discover where the vial came from.

Mrs. Adams was 50 years of age. Her daughter, Florence, is the wife of Edward Rogers, general agent for the Hartford Fire Insurance company. Mrs. Rogers and her husband occupy the third floor of the apartment house at the corner of Columbus avenue and Eighty-sixth street. The rooms are luxuriously furnished and show evidences of refinement and culture. With the Rogers family live Harry Cornish and the mother of Mrs. Rogers, Mrs. Kate J. Adams.

On the morning of Dec. 21 there came to the desk of the Knickerbocker Athletic club office by mail a package wrapped in Manila paper and sealed with wax. On the flat surface was written Cornish's name in a feminine hand, disguised to cause the impression that the writing was done by a man.

The package had been mailed at the general delivery office down town. In the wrapper of Manila paper was a postpaid box marked "Tiffany." In the box the usual cotton packing and in the center wrapper in white tissue paper a vial holder of polished silver. On the bottom of the holder is marked "sterling silver, No. 511." In the receiving cylinder of the holder was a 10-cent vial of "bromide of potassium." The vial was in the usual label of the drug made in Baltimore. The vial with its deadly contents was placed in Cornish's room. There is rested until yesterday morning.

Tuesday evening Mrs. Adams, escorted by Cornish, attended a theater. They partook of a light supper before returning home. While breakfast was being prepared yesterday Mrs. Adams complained of a severe headache. Mrs. Rogers then mentioned the bottle of bromide which Cornish had in his room. Cornish went to his room and got the vial of supposed bromide. He poured out a small quantity in a spoon and mixed it with water. Mrs. Adams took the mixture. It gave off an odor of almonds, but this was not noticed, nor did the absence of the effervescence of the salt attract attention. Cornish also took some of the mixture.

Suddenly all were attracted by the screams of Mrs. Adams calling for her daughter. Mrs. Rogers rushed into the bathroom and found her mother writhing in pain on the floor and gasping for breath. Cornish himself grew ill. He immediately sent for a doctor and Dr. R. H. Hitchcock was brought in. The doctor saw that the woman had taken some violent poison and he gave her some medicine to stimulate heart action. He applied other remedies and gave a powerful antidote to Cornish.

Dr. Hitchcock tested the poison, which, he said, was evidently cyanide of potassium. He began to feel the effects of the poison and Dr. Potter was sent for. Before he arrived Mrs. Adams was dead. Dr. Potter gave it as his opinion that the poison was cyanide of potassium.

Mrs. Rogers was prostrated by the death of her mother and is confined to her bed.

Dr. Hitchcock telephoned to the coroner and informed the police of the West One Hundredth street station. Mr. Cornish went on the advice of Dr. Hitchcock, to Assistant District Attorney McIntyre's office and told the incidents connected with the tragic death of Mrs. Adams. At the advice of the assistant district attorney, three detectives were placed in the hallway of the house. No one was allowed to go up to the apartments of the Rogers family without permission from the district attorney's office.

Cornish's physician Weston called at the house about 7:30 o'clock last night. He took the vial holder and the bottles of poison. He also took the wrapper containing the contents of the bottle. He said it was his opinion that the contents were cyanide of potassium. He was sure that this was what caused Mrs. Adams' death, and that it was a murder, cold-blooded and premeditated. He said he would perform an autopsy on the body of Mrs. Adams.

District Attorney Gardner and Assistant District Attorney McIntyre gave out a statement of the case substantially as related above. Late last night Assistant District Attorney Blumenthal was placed on the case to act in conjunction with the police.

CHARGED WITH DESERTION.
Worcester, Mass., Dec. 28.—Charles Corbin and J. P. Dion, two Webster boys, who had enlisted in G. company, Third Connecticut regiment, were arrested in Webster yesterday by Officer Osborn on a charge of desertion. They were taken to regimental headquarters at Fort Trumbull, New London, and from there will be transported to Sommersville, South Carolina, where the regiment is stationed, awaiting departure for Cuba. The boys were in Webster a few days ago, stating they were on a furlough. They had worked their way north on freight trains, and as soon as they reached Webster the colonel of the regiment was notified.

THE ROTHSCHILD WILL.
London, Dec. 28.—The Daily Mail this morning announces that the chief heir, Alfred, under the will of the late Baron Ferdinand de Rothschild, his brother, Baron Albert de Rothschild, and his sister, Miss Alice. The latter cuts the

CASINO Theatre
Shattuck St.
ALL THIS WEEK.
Nothing But the Best Vaudeville Artists.
MISS BESSIE GIBBERT, the world's famous cornet soloist, and lots of Souza's and Gilmore's band.
C. W. LITTLEFIELD, Greatest Impersonator and Entertainer of the age.
MUDGE & MORTON, Musical Artists re-engaged for this week. Great success last week.
ZAKA, representing the armies of the world.
FIELD & CAMP, direct from the city of Mexico in a comedy sketch introducing Spanish dances.
PROF. LITZ and his dogs.
PRICE & WATSON, German Comedians.
Matinee daily at 3.30. Prices 15c., 25c., 35c. Evenings at 8.

AFTER CHINAMEN
U. S. Official Stirs up Springfield

ALL MUST NOW BE REGISTERED.

Some Small Talk of Army Chaplains.

By Associated Press to The Sun.
Springfield, Mass., Dec. 28.—The Chinese population of this city was thrown into a big ferment of fear yesterday, through the coming of Dr. Jin Fung May of New York, a United States treasury official and interpreter. Dr. May came here to round up the local Chinamen, intending to arrest all those who could not produce certificates of registration as required by the Chinese exclusion act of 1892. With a police inspector he captured six of the celestials, one of whom was later released. The other five will be taken to Boston to be tried before a United States judge. In superior court of New York will take the prisoners out of the city. They will be charged with illegally living in this country, the penalty being one year's imprisonment at hard labor, followed by deportation to the old country.

The coming of Dr. May terrorized the hundreds of more local Chinamen, with the result that a number, getting a tip of what was going on, fled from the city. One laundry was found closed with shutters down. One of the men arrested, Joe Fui, is a civilized Chinaman. He rides a bicycle, has cut off his queue, and has a white wife in Boston. He has been here four years.

Dr. May said that complaints had been sent to Washington by local labor unions, and for that reason he was ordered here to make a wholesale raid.

SHOE FACTORY REOPEN'S
Avon, Mass., Dec. 28.—The Littlefield shoe factory resumed this morning, after a shutdown since Friday last. On the latter day many of the employees were told to remove their kits, and they accepted this order as equivalent to a discharge. Mr. Littlefield explains that his order was for the reason that, as he was uncertain just when the factory would resume work, he did not want to feel obliged to hire the men whom he told to take away their kits.

CHARGED WITH DOUBLE MURDER.
Portsmouth, O., Dec. 28.—Two weeks ago the bodies of two children, about 6 months old, were found under a stump in a hollow near this city. The matter was kept a secret. The coroner yesterday charged Miss Rachael Glenn, a girl of 20, with the wilful murder of her two children, and her mother and sister, Sarah, with aiding in the crime. The Glenns are prominent farmers. The three women will be arrested.

NEWSPAPERS ARE WORRYING.
Madrid, Dec. 28.—The newspapers here, while sympathizing with Premier Sagasta, say the country cannot be sacrificed on account of his illness, and an immediate arrangement of the ministerial crisis is demanded. The newspapers also say Don Carlos is now trying to place a lean in Spain through numerous agents, adding that he opened negotiations yesterday in Madrid with this object in view.

"THE HOUR FOR COMBAT."
London, Dec. 28.—Special dispatches from Brussels report that an important conference of Bonapartists has just been held there, under the presidency of Prince Victor Napoleon. Baron Lego was re-elected president of the party. In thanking his supporters he said: "The time of watching is ended, and the hour for combat is sounding."

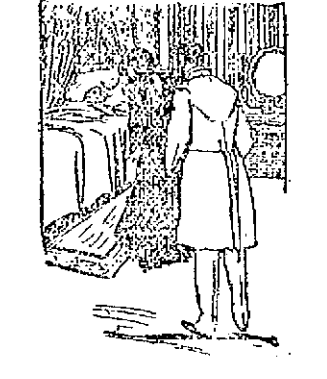
NOT IN THE DEAL.
St. Louis, Dec. 28.—The statement in a dispatch from New York to the effect that the Lorillard & Myers Tobacco company of this city will be consolidated with the Union Tobacco company, the purchase price being placed at about \$1,000,000, is denied by M. C. Welmore, who is at the head of the former company.

CARTORIA.
The Best You Have Always Bought
Signature of *Charles H. Pette*
SAFE
SURE
SPEEDY
MME. LE CLAIR'S
FAMOUS FRENCH REMEDY
Never Fails.
ENDORSED BY THOUSANDS
An ladies as a periodical remedy without an equal, successful when Croup, Whooping Cough, Etc., etc., are prevalent. It is a French preparation of the most valuable ingredients, and is a French preparation of the most valuable ingredients, and is a French preparation of the most valuable ingredients.

PENNYROYAL PILLS
The English Diamond Brand
This is a reliable, safe, and effective remedy for all cases of female weakness, irregularity, and all other ailments of the female system. It is a French preparation of the most valuable ingredients, and is a French preparation of the most valuable ingredients.

Goodale's
DRUG STORE,
217 CENTRAL STREET.
"SMOKE UP" MAN'S
"EXTENSIVE" CIGAR
Always Uniform, Always Good.

DR. PEPER'S
ROYAL-TANSY PILLS.
NEW DISCOVERY, NEVER FAILS!
A new, reliable, and safe remedy for all cases of female weakness, irregularity, and all other ailments of the female system. It is a French preparation of the most valuable ingredients, and is a French preparation of the most valuable ingredients.



A DOCTOR'S VISIT
Is always followed by a doctor's prescription, and when you want to get it filled promptly, accurately, and from the purest and freshest drugs, bring it to us. Physicians' prescriptions are a specialty with us, and we have all the newest discoveries in medicine that can fill prescriptions from the best in the country.

Goodale's
DRUG STORE,
217 CENTRAL STREET.
"SMOKE UP" MAN'S
"EXTENSIVE" CIGAR
Always Uniform, Always Good.

N. Y., N. H. and Hartford R. R.
EASTERN DISTRICT—On and after Oct. 15, 1898, all trains will leave Lowell (Middlesex street depot) as follows:
For Boston, New York, New Haven, Springfield, Worcester, and other stations, at 7:15 a.m., 8:30 a.m., 10:00 a.m., 11:30 a.m., 1:00 p.m., 2:30 p.m., 4:00 p.m., 5:30 p.m., 7:00 p.m., 8:30 p.m., 10:00 p.m., 11:30 p.m.

Boston and Maine Railroad
Corrected to Oct. 2, 1898. Trains leave Merrimack Street Depot, Lowell, as follows:
For Boston, New York, New Haven, Springfield, Worcester, and other stations, at 7:15 a.m., 8:30 a.m., 10:00 a.m., 11:30 a.m., 1:00 p.m., 2:30 p.m., 4:00 p.m., 5:30 p.m., 7:00 p.m., 8:30 p.m., 10:00 p.m., 11:30 p.m.

Notice of Dissolution.
Charles W. Mayotte and Anselm Lamoureux, doing business in Lowell under the style of C. W. Mayotte & Co., tailors, have this day, by mutual consent, dissolved co-partnership. Mr. Mayotte will continue in business with Mr. John J. Killen. All bills due the firm should be paid to Mr. Mayotte or Mr. Killen.
C. W. MAYOTTE & CO.
Dec. 27, 1898.

NEW YEAR OPENING.
Special rates of tuition to those who enroll on or before January 2, 1899, for a business or shorthand course, day or evening, at the N. E. BUSINESS UNIVERSITY, Bunsell Building, Merrimack St., Lowell, Mass., W. J. Sanborn, Pres., C. E. Williams, Secy.

DR. PEPER'S
ROYAL-TANSY PILLS.
NEW DISCOVERY, NEVER FAILS!
A new, reliable, and safe remedy for all cases of female weakness, irregularity, and all other ailments of the female system. It is a French preparation of the most valuable ingredients, and is a French preparation of the most valuable ingredients.

It's the
Sawyer
Carriage Company
in
Lowell.
RELIABLE,
WORK RIGHT,
PRICES RIGHT.

COAL
WE WANT TO SUPPLY YOU
With your winter stock of Coal. It will pay you to buy it now, as we will give you the best and cheapest Coal in the market at the lowest possible prices.
D. W. HORNE & SON,
15 Central Street.

SPECIAL
For This Week.
Dimon Middle Flour \$4.50 bbl.
5 lbs. Java Coffee 95c.
Tea at the lowest prices in Lowell.
We give coupons.

Cash Market
Tel. 606-3. Branch—N. Hillerica.
PETER J. BRADY, GROCER
448 GORHAM STREET.
Choice Teas, Coffees, and Spices
TRY OUR "BIG TWELVE" BRAND OF FLOUR, THE BEST IN THE CITY.

W. A. LEW,
49 John Street
CLOTHING CLEANSED, DYED
AND PRESSED.
J. M. KINGSBURY, No. 313 Bridge St.
MEATS AND PROVISIONS.

SKATES
"Long Reach" and all leading makes for
25c. PAIR
and upwards to \$5.00 pair.

Why Is It
That Peter Watson's Bakery supplies are in such demand? Here are some of the reasons—First, they use only the best quality of flour and other supplies; second, their loaves will deliver over 100% of the city; and third, they employ only the best and most experienced workmen, and their goods are always fresh, neat and in great variety. You are always sure to be treated politely while trading in their retail store.
52 to 60 Charles St.
465 Lawrence St.

FRANK JONES BREWING CO.
(INCORPORATED)
PORTSMOUTH, N. H.
Golden Cream
India Pale Ale
And Porter.
OUR WHOLESALE AGENTS IN LOWELL ARE:
JOHN LENNON & CO., AND
PETER H. DONOHUE & CO.

It's the
Sawyer
Carriage Company
in
Lowell.
RELIABLE,
WORK RIGHT,
PRICES RIGHT.

COAL
WE WANT TO SUPPLY YOU
With your winter stock of Coal. It will pay you to buy it now, as we will give you the best and cheapest Coal in the market at the lowest possible prices.
D. W. HORNE & SON,
15 Central Street.

LOWELL RENDERING COMPANY
Wholesale Dealers in
Tallow, Bones, Grease, Neats-foot Oil,
SOAP AND SOAP POWDER,
Hides, Calfskins and Pelts.
Dead Animals Removed Promptly Upon Notification.
532-4—Telephone—322-3.

Gas Light Company
Office 22 Shattuck St., cor. Middle.
SEWELL G. MACK, President; JACOB ROYCE, Treasurer; E. L. RAYMOND, Clerk.
DIRECTORS—Sewell G. Mack, Levi Sprague, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Olinick, George W. Coffey, Edward M. Tuck, Edward N. Burke.
Price of Gas with the discount off for prompt payment, is
\$1.00 ONE THOUSAND FEET.

SKATES
"Long Reach" and all leading makes for
25c. PAIR
and upwards to \$5.00 pair.

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"Long Reach" and all leading makes for
25c. PAIR
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BARTLETT & DOW
216 CENTRAL STREET.
DRAWING AND PAINTING
MISS HELEN WRIGHT
Will resume her classes on and after Nov. 2nd, at No. 7 York Building, Shattuck street, in drawing and painting in Water and Oil colors, and China Decorations.

IN U. S. SENATE

Mr. Morrill's Death Causes
Some Speculation.CHAIRMAN OF FINANCE
COMMITTEEWill Probably be Mr. Allison
of Iowa.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Dec. 20.—There is much speculation as to what senator will succeed Senator Morrill as chairman of the committee on finance. The committee is generally considered as the most important in the senate. It certainly is so at times when financial or tariff legislation is under consideration, but it has not heretofore been of the continuing importance of the committee on appropriations. Senator Allison, who is now chairman of the committee on appropriations, has since Senator Sherman's retirement, stood next to Senator Morrill on the finance committee, and under the unwritten rule of the senate he would succeed to the chairmanship if he should desire to do so, and the best opinion obtainable is that he will so decide. In order to take this place he would have to surrender his chairmanship of the committee on appropriations, but in view of probable arrangements, depriving the committee of its prestige and power, he would not relinquish a place so important as it has heretofore been. Senator Allison declines to discuss the probabilities, saying that he has not had time to give attention to the matter. If he accepts this chairmanship, Senator Hale will succeed him as chairman of the committee on appropriations, and he will in turn be succeeded by Senator Perkins as chairman of the naval committee.



W. B. ALLISON.

If Senator Allison should decline the chairmanship of the finance committee, that place would then fall to Senator Aldrich, who would be succeeded as chairman of the committee on rules by Senator Spooner.

There appears to be very little doubt that the rules of the senate will be changed very soon after the re-assembly of the senate, so as to take the majority of the appropriations bills from the committee on appropriations and distribute them among the other committees.

The finance committee will undergo considerable change after the 4th of March. Two of its members, White and Turpie, will be succeeded in the senate by Republicans. Since the committee was first organized, Mr. Wallcut of Mississippi has died. This makes three vacancies to be filled, besides that caused by the death of Mr. Morrill. All four will probably go to Republicans, as the present committee stands nine to five in favor of free silver. That is an extraordinary arrangement for even the present senate, and it would be much more so for the next one, where the gold forces will have a majority of 18.

If these three places are taken away from the silver democracy and given to gold Republicans, the committee would stand eight to six for the gold standard, and even that would be a smaller ratio than the proportions of the chamber justify. The composition of this committee in the past has been responsible for much of the legislation of the senate during its period of free silver control. Before the campaign of 1896 resulted in the division of the two parties wholly on the financial issue, this committee was made up of seven Republicans and seven Democrats. These seven Democrats, in the present congress, have all been free silver men, while two of those classed as Republicans, Jones of Nevada and Wolcott of Colorado, have been on the same side. This has left only Morrill, Allison, Aldrich, Platt and Burrows to represent the gold standard.

There will be considerable interest taken in the selection of a successor to Senator Morrill. The governor of Vermont, upon whom the duty will doubtless fall, has it in his power to make a vote either for or against the peace treaty. It might happen that this one vote would turn the scale for this session, although the administration professes complete confidence in its ability to secure two-thirds vote at short order. Without doubt, Mr. Morrill would have voted against the treaty. He held out record had been consistent throughout on this question.

Senator Chandler will succeed to Senator Morrill's desk in the senate. It is in the front row, and the position is quite advantageous.

THE HONORED DEAD.

Washington, Dec. 20.—The committee of senators named by the vice president to accompany the remains of Senator

MORRILL TO VERMONT

Proctor, Allison, Coker, Hagar, Morgan, Gorman, Culliton, Vest, J. F. Jones, Turpie, Aldrich, Chandler, Fairbanks, Fairbank, Welcott. The house committee announced by Speaker Reed is: Representatives Groat, Powers, Pitt, Dingley, McCalla, Grow, Baileigh, Cuthbert, Richardson, Ross and Joseph Wheeler. The special train which will bear the remains to Vermont will consist of three cars. From Jersey City the train will go north over the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad to Montpelier. The remains will be taken to the cemetery there and to the mausoleum now under construction at Stratford, Vt., their final resting place. A number of senators and representatives besides the regularly appointed committee expect to go on the funeral train.

AGREED ON MAIN POINTS.

Washington, Dec. 20.—It is said in official circles that indications point to the conclusion of an agreement between the joint high Canadian commissioners that, while satisfactory to both the United States and Canada, will not include all that either side hoped to obtain at the beginning.

PLANS UNCHANGED.

Washington, Dec. 20.—It is said at the war department that no change in the plans as to the mustering out of troops will be made as a result of the threatening outbreak in the Philippines. The secretary of war has made some progress in designating the volunteer regiments to be mustered out, but no announcement will be made until the list is complete.

UNDER NAVAL GOVERNOR.

Washington, Dec. 20.—The island of Guam, unlike the other colonial possessions of the United States, will probably have a naval and not a military governor. The sole reason for the acquisition of the island was to obtain a naval station. The command will be important, for the island has a population of more than 300,000 people, about 1400 of whom are of European extraction.

FOR THE FIRST TIME.

Washington, Dec. 20.—The war department's published summary of army statistics, issued today, for the first time includes Hawaii as a regular part, showing about 12,000 troops there.

WASHINGTON BRIEFS.

Major General Francis V. Greene arrived in Washington yesterday, and reported at once at the war department to Secretary Alger. He came to resign his commission as an officer in the volunteer army, preparatory to his return to private life.

Secretary Long has issued the usual order providing for the attendance of the naval officers at the White House reception on New Year's day.

P. T. O'Neill, customs inspector at New York, has been designated by the war department as an inspector of customs at Havana.

The collier Leonidas has been put out of commission at League Island navy yard.

Second Lieutenant Jesse W. Smith, second unit, 1st Cavalry volunteer infantry, has been detailed for duty as collector of customs at the sub-port of Gibarra, Cuba.

Consul General Goodnow has notified the state department from Shanghai that the Chinese government has forbidden dynamite and like explosives to be landed in China.

Lieutenant Colonel Charles Porter, twenty-second United States infantry, has been found incompetent for further service by a retiring board and placed on the retired list.

Admiral Sampson is still confined to his room at his hotel by an attack of grip. The attack is not severe, however, and it is believed that he will be able to call upon Secretary Long tomorrow.

General Henry reports from San Juan that there were no deaths on the 24th or 25th. On the 26th Louis C. Hammond, saddler, company G, Fifth United States cavalry, died of insufficiency of the heart. The secretary of war has received a recommendation from Surgeon General Sternberg for the establishment of an army sanitarium at Nagasaki, Japan, for the use of the United States troops at Manila. The recommendation has not yet been approved, but it is looked upon with much favor.

KILLED BY DOG'S BITE.

Melrose, Mass., Dec. 20.—Mrs. Lindsey M. Emery, 32 years of age, died last evening of a pronounced case of hydrophobia. On Sunday, Nov. 14, last, while in the Highland Baptist church, a dog ran in and bit Mrs. Emery, horribly lacerating her face, so that 12 stitches were required to close the wounds. The dog regained liberty, and bit a boy before he was killed. A few days ago the unfortunate woman was stricken with hydrophobia. Two more dogs have been shot in Melrose since the injury inflicted upon Mrs. Emery.

A LOVER'S DOUBLE CRIME.

Stout City, Ia., Dec. 20.—Harry Garvey arrived at Clare yesterday and drove out to the schoolhouse where Miss Thomas was the teacher. Garvey and Miss Thomas conversed for some time, finally walking out together. After going a short distance Garvey shot Miss Thomas, killing her almost instantly. He then shot himself and died a few hours later. Garvey had been keeping company with Miss Thomas, who refused his further attentions.

BAY STATE'S SYMPATHY.

Boston, Dec. 20.—Governor Wolcott sent the following telegram to Governor Knott of Vermont: "Massachusetts mourns with Vermont the death of her honored and venerable senator. Able, loyal and high-minded, he has for nearly a half century reflected honor upon American statesmanship. His death is a loss not to one state alone, but to the nation."

ROMERO VERY SICK.

Washington, Dec. 20.—Ambassador Romero of Mexico was operated upon for appendicitis yesterday. Dr. Johnson, who superintended the operation, says the patient is doing as well as can be expected. He is, however, in a very critical condition.

Utica, N. Y., Dec. 20.—John Monney, a young man who was shot by burglars on a farm near Cassville last Friday, died this city yesterday. A man who is supposed to be one of the burglars was chased and captured after a hot fight and is now in Utica jail. The other man escaped and has not yet been apprehended.

ILOILO EVACUATED

By the Spaniards and Insurgents Rule.

SITUATION NOW VERY GRAVE.

Americans May be Drawn Into a Conflict.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Dec. 20.—There is a good deal of anxiety in official circles here over recent events at Iloilo.

Just before noon yesterday, a dispatch came from General Otis that at once confirmed the fears of the officials of the war department as to what had taken place at Iloilo. It appears that the American forces arrived too late on the scene and that the insurgents had added to the difficulty of the problems already presented by holding their fire over the city, which they have been besieging for months. The news was contained in the following message from General Otis:

Manila, Dec. 20.—Adjutant General, Washington: Sent Colonel Potter on fast vessel to Iloilo on Dec. 21 to communicate with Spanish General Mas; latter evacuated evening of 21st, and Potter 23 hours late. Insurgents took possession of the city on 20th, and Potter found Aguinaldo's flag flying. Count not report probable results. Will not hear from there for four days, as no cable communications. Spanish forces have evacuated all stations in southern islands except Zamboanga and Mindanao, by orders, they say, from Madrid. Otis.

The evacuation by the Spaniards of all the Philippine ports, as reported by General Otis, although doubtless inspired by a desire to secure their safety by concentration, undoubtedly has done much to complicate the problem already presented to the war department of extending the military jurisdiction of the United States over the islands. It will now be necessary to expedite the execution of the original plans, and it may be fully expected that within a week important events will have taken place in the Philippines. It is assumed that General Otis will demand the surrender of Iloilo into his hands, and this demand may at once raise the issue between the insurgents and our own government of possession of the islands.

Iloilo is about 300 miles south of Manila. It is pronounced Iloilo, and sometimes spelled Iloilo. The trip between the two cities is one of the most charming experiences that a traveler could ever hope for. During the 40 hours that it takes one of the small steamers of the Compania Maritima to make the run, the sight of Iloilo is never lost, and the scene is constantly shifting, and is always new and wonderful. There are several volcanoes that are active, and may be marked by the lazy smoke that drifts lazily against the clouds. Just now there are very few vessels venturing on the run, for the Compania Maritima, a Spanish concern, has only two of its vessels put under the American flag. Conditions are critical. The town is almost defenseless. An old fort, which was ancient 100 years ago, commands the harbor, but it spends all its time commanding, for there are no guns mounted in it. The river a month or so ago was choked with Spanish steamers that were afraid to venture out under the Spanish flag. There were three Spanish gunboats in the river—the Sumar, Mindoro and El Cano. The two first-named were small, but the last was much larger. Her engines were in bad order, and it was common gossip that if her heaviest guns were fired the shock would shake the ship to pieces. General Otis, concerned with the Spanish forces on the other islands on Iloilo in the hope of preventing the fall of the city before the conclusion of the Paris conference.

The province of Iloilo is set down in the official directories as having a population of 472,000, and the city is the second seat of importance in the Philippine group. It is located on a river navigable for vessels of 150 feet draught, so that very few of our gunboats would be available to assist the troops in case it should be necessary to take forcible possession of the city.

The Spaniards have chosen a strong place for the concentration of their troops in the town of Zamboanga, which, as the reports indicate, is strongly fortified as it possesses of considerable natural strength from a defensive point of view. It is not to be doubted that they will be able to maintain themselves for an indefinite period of time against the insurgents, presuming that they are not cut off from obtaining supplies from the sea. The town itself has a population of 21,000 inhabitants.

"WHITE WINGS" ON PARADE.

Santiago de Cuba, Dec. 20.—One hundred and eighty-six men in the employ of the Santiago street cleaning department paraded yesterday in "white wings" or Alamos. They were made an excellent showing. The parade was witnessed by Congressman Dingham. He assured General Wood that he had never seen a cleaner city.

MADE GOOD TIME.

Washington, Dec. 20.—The cruiser Buffalo arrived yesterday at Fort San, on route for Manila, 16½ days out from New York. She has broken all naval records up to this point in her voyage. She is needed badly at Manila, as she carries 700 sailors to relieve men in Dewey's fleet, whose time has long expired.

WARNER'S TRIAL BEGUN.

Northampton, Mass., Dec. 20.—Lewis Warner, the defaulting bank president, was placed on trial yesterday afternoon in the Hampshire county superior court. A jury was empaneled as soon as court convened. The men selected, with one exception, are residents of towns or cities of Northampton. Many objections were taken by the defense. Warner's appearance was pitiable, and at times it was necessary for the deputy sheriff to support him.

CERVANTES DECLARED.

"Cervantes is the son of his own work," and "Warner" Unpacked today. He is a man of the son of your own back. 39 Central St.

WANTED.

WANTED—A woman to do general housework. Inquire at 80 Essex St.

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FOR SALE.

BRICKS—Lighter than most, best "Old Comfort" (light) and "Massachusetts" (grey) shown in Lowell for the money. Also elegant pair of "Massachusetts" (grey) and black rubber robes, various, in stock. J. S. Luby, 50 Holliston St.

FOR SALE—A first class confectionery store on one of the principal streets doing a good volume of business. Owner leaving for other business is obliged to sell. Call at this office.

FOR SALE—Near Windsor and Middlebury streets, a large house, 10 rooms, bath, etc. Good location. Price \$10,000. O. L. Hubbard, 121 Central St.

FOR SALE—Near Chamberlain street, a large house, 10 rooms, bath, etc. Good location. Price \$10,000. O. L. Hubbard, 121 Central St.

FOR SALE—A large farm, 100 acres, near Lowell, not far from Lowell. Price \$10,000. O. L. Hubbard, 121 Central St.

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THE WEATHER.

Bar rises—7:14 sets, 4:21.
Moon rises—7:07 p. m.
High water—12:45 a. m.; 12:45 p. m.
The storm central Tuesday near the mouth of the St. Lawrence has moved to Newfoundland and the second storm in Alberta has moved to Manitoba. Light snow has fallen in the Lake region and New England, and light rain in the southern Pacific states. The temperature has fallen decidedly in New England, Eastport and Portland reporting a fall of 20 degrees in 24 hours, and to 2 degrees; Albany and Boston, 26 degrees. Increasing cloudiness with snow may be expected in New England; warmer, high westerly winds, becoming westerly and drizzling.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

HOLIDAY GOODS, LOW PRICES.
We have our usual assortment of dolls, toys, etc., at a very low price. Also, our usual line of the big 100 dealers, 65 store, 65 store.

LOCAL NEWS.

BURN WILSON'S COAL.
Sailors enjoy Old Island Cigars. T. C. Lee, 223 Central street. See Pike's and he is hitting pines hard.

Elegant rubber tired hacks at O'Donnell's. Telephone, 429-4.

To realize the heat in coal, buy some of W. B. Livingston, 15 Thunderside St. Waterman's Ideal Fountain Pens for sale at Miss Hard's school, 31 Hildreth building.

Send all bills against the city of Lowell to Auditor's office on or before Dec. 30.

Junior Court L. J. Smith, P. O. A., will hold a cake walk and dance Dec. 29th at Forester's hall. Admission, 15 cents.

It has come—the need for that coal. Hunk & Sullivan will furnish you the very best, at Gorham street, and 223 Central street.

French clocks; extra fine work with careful workmen; work satisfactory or money refunded. Harris, 10 Appleton street. Leave word and will call.

Winter term begins January 2nd at Miss Hard's school. Shortland and typewriting exclusively taught by the latest and most improved methods.

Cook, Taylor & Co., Central street, bought today for spot cash \$10,000 worth of desirable goods for less than \$5000. The public will get a chance at them on Saturday of this week. Keep well posted.

MATRIMONIAL.

In full uniform and with a countenance beaming with joy, Private Frederick Eugene Harmon, a Porto Rican campaigner of Company G, Sixth regiment, was yesterday united in the bonds of matrimony to Miss Louise Albertine Mullins. Rev. Smith T. Ford, pastor of the First Baptist church, performed the ceremony amid a shower of floral tributes of friends of the contracting parties. Overhead, suspended from arches were interwavings of evergreen to which were attached a number of miniature American flags. The marriage was solemnized at the home of the bride's aunt, Mrs. John Thorne of 66 Howard street. The groom was attended by one of his comrades in the late campaign, Private Herman Walsh, both being in full uniform. The bridesmaids were Miss Minnie Mullins of Liverpool, N. S., a sister of the bride and Miss Blanche Harmon, a sister of the groom. The bride was gowned in white brocaded silk with pearl and chiffon trimmings. She carried a bouquet of white roses. The bridesmaids were attired in pink and white Lanesdown respectively, and carried pinks. The ushers, all soldier friends of the groom, were in full uniform and were: Sergt. Victor Carey, Sergt. Otto Harmon, Private Charles Tilton, all of Company C, and Private Harvey Aldrich, of Company G. Among many other military men present were Capt. Alex. Greig, Jr., and Lieut. Livingston. A wedding reception was held from 8 to 9 o'clock with a wedding repast in the large dining room. Mr. and Mrs. Harmon were the recipients of many beautiful wedding presents. The clerks in the Thompson Hardware company, where Mr. Harmon is employed, presented the young couple with a handsome silver service. Mr. and Mrs. Harmon left on the 9:20 train for a brief wedding tour as it will be necessary for the groom to be present at the annual January 2, when the regiment of which he is a member will be mustered out of service. They will make their home at No. 13 West street.

RYAN-FOYE.

Ex-Councilman John J. Ryan and Miss Mary E. Foye were united in marriage last evening at the parochial residence of St. Peter's church, Rev. Fr. Michael Roman performing the ceremony. Miss Anna Foye, sister of the bride was bridesmaid and the best man was Mr. John Doherty. After the marriage ceremony a wedding supper was served and a reception held at the home of the bride's parents, 163 Pine street. The happy couple left early in the evening on a bridal tour, during which they will visit Springfield, New York and other eastern cities. On their return they will reside at 171 Grand street.

NEVINS-CAMPBELL.

Mr. Owen Nevins and Miss Cassie Campbell were united in marriage yesterday afternoon at St. Peter's parochial residence by the Rev. Fr. Roman. The best man was a brother of the groom and the bridesmaid was a sister of the bride.

FLAHERTY-CHENEVERT.

The marriage of Martin Flaherty and Miss Anna Chenevert took place yesterday afternoon at the parochial residence of St. Jean Baptiste church, the ceremony being performed by Rev. Fr. Gagnon, C. M. I. The bride was attended by Miss F. Desjardins and the best man was Mr. Joseph Flaherty, brother of the groom. A reception followed at the home of the bride.

WILL GO TO MANILA.

Philadelphia, Dec. 29.—The auxiliary cruiser Yosemite (formerly the Mexican liner El Sol) left the League Island Navy Yard this morning for Norfolk. After being fitted out at the Norfolk Navy Yard, she will proceed to Manila with supplies and men for Admiral Dewey's fleet.

G. O. Taylor Whiskies, benefit the debilitated.

THE FINAL SESSION

The School Committee Held Last Night.

STURTEVANT'S SALARY WAS FIXED.

Important Report of Teachers' Committee.

The school board held its last session of the present year last night and transacted considerable important business. Supt. Whitehead read the records which were adopted after Chairman Swamp had called to order. Action on the report of the committee on text books and other supplies was indefinitely deferred on motion of Mr. Stearns. The following report was submitted by the committee on teachers:

"We recommend that Miss Ethel Baker, a resident of this city who graduated from the kindergarten department of the state normal school last June, be granted a certificate of the fifth grade and that a certificate of the first grade be granted to Mr. Thomas E. Fisher, a graduate of the Worcester Polytechnic Institute.

"We recommend a transfer and elections as follows: That Helen A. Drury be transferred from the Middlesex Village school to the Central street school; that John A. Donovan and Thomas P. Fisher be elected teachers of the High school; Ida L. Summels and Nellie C. Mahoney, teachers of the Moody school; Goldie Gardner, teacher of the Pawtucket school; Alice W. Magnus and Mary A. Fay, teachers of the Vernon school; Gertrude L. Spoonholtz a teacher of the Highland school; Gertrude C. Ring, a teacher of the Carter street school; Emily S. Abbott, a teacher of the Plain street school; and Lena May Robinson, a teacher of the Vernon school.

"We recommend that the salaries of Messrs. Donovan and Fisher be at the rate of \$300 per annum.

"We recommend that Miss H. Spangue be appointed acting principal of the Plain street school with principal's pay during the absence of the principal.

"We recommend that the exceptions contained in the last part of section 3 of chapter 3 of the rules be extended to include the new Moody street school.

"We recommend that the sum of \$100 be appropriated for the pay of a special teacher in drawing at Training school during the remainder of the present school year.

"We recommend that the salary of Mr. Geo. P. Sturtevant as transit officer be fixed at \$1000 per annum.

"We recommend transfers of kindergarten teachers as follows: Miss Louie Smith, from the Moody school No. 2 to Pine street; Miss Edith Howitt from Moody No. 2 to Moody No. 1; Miss Hortense Taber from the training school to the Pawtucketville kindergarten.

Andrew G. Swamp, William Willard Everett, Hugh F. Farley, The report was accepted as read.

Mr. Barrett moved that Mr. Farley cast one ballot for the teachers recommended in this report which was done. The resignation of Miss Mary A. Cronin of the Worthen street kindergarten was read by Mr. Murphy and upon his motion a vote of thanks for faithful service was extended. Designations of Miss Ellen Burrows Duckworth and Mary Cronin-Gallagher were also read and accepted with votes of thanks for faithful service. Mr. Farley then arose and expressed his appreciation of the fraternal feeling his colleagues had always entertained toward him. He spoke in that vein for some time, retirement from the body with the new year. Mr. Thomas, who also goes out of office at the close of '98 spoke in complimentary terms of his association with the board. A vote of thanks was given Messrs. Farley and Thomas on motion of Mr. Stearns, after which Mr. Whitcomb spoke of the illness of Mr. Hunt, the teacher of penmanship, and subsequently resigned the chair to make a motion that the salary of Mr. Hunt be continued as long as he is able to be of service. It was a unanimous vote.

Mr. Stearns said that a motion in the Vernon school at the noon hour for pupils who were unable to go home to dinner should be employed and the matter was left to him and the principal of that school, salary of the matron not to exceed 50 cents a day.

Adjourned.

BOWLING.

High scores on the opening of the Vesper characterized the opening game of the inter-city bowling tournament in which the Vespers are contestants. The Vespers had for opponents last night a rather weak team called the Debutantes. Adams of the Belmonts led with the winners. The score: Vespers—Adams, 459; Grover, 638; M. To's, 533; Patten, 469; Hill, 526; totals, 2227.

Debutantes—Putnam, 463; Pingree, 455; Brown, 429; Dow, 474; Glines, 460; totals, 2227.

The Defenders defeated the Concord without exerting themselves on Lee Miserables alleys last night. The score: Defenders—Bridges, 497; Cole, 619; Buckley, 429; Jordan, 435; Sub, 416; totals, 2227.

Concord—Hennessey, 408; M. Gibson, 257; Collier, 242; A. Gibbard, 437; O'Brien, 355; totals, 1552.

The Lowellists were defeated by the Young Fellows last night at the Waverley alleys. Simmons and Dunham rolled highest. The score: Young Fellows—Thorn, 424; Dunham, 482; totals, 2227.

Lowellists—Dunham, 491; Hoxes, 461; Chicksen, 437; Simmons, 595; Fullerton, 455; totals, 2227.

SUBSCRIPTION PARTY.

The second in the series of subscription parties, given under the auspices of the Misses Dempsey and Murphy at Associate hall, was held last evening. The parties held are exclusive and the dancing last evening was confined strictly to invited guests. Musical programs and also rendered the music for dancing.

46th Year of Publication.

Ayer's New American Almanac

FOR nearly half a century Ayer's American Almanac has stood for all that is reliable and exact as a calendar and book of reference. Its circulation has gone into more millions than any other publication in the world. It is asked for and eagerly sought after in forty thousand drug stores every year. Its publishers are credibly informed that its astronomical calculations are as exact and reliable as those of the official Nautical Almanac.

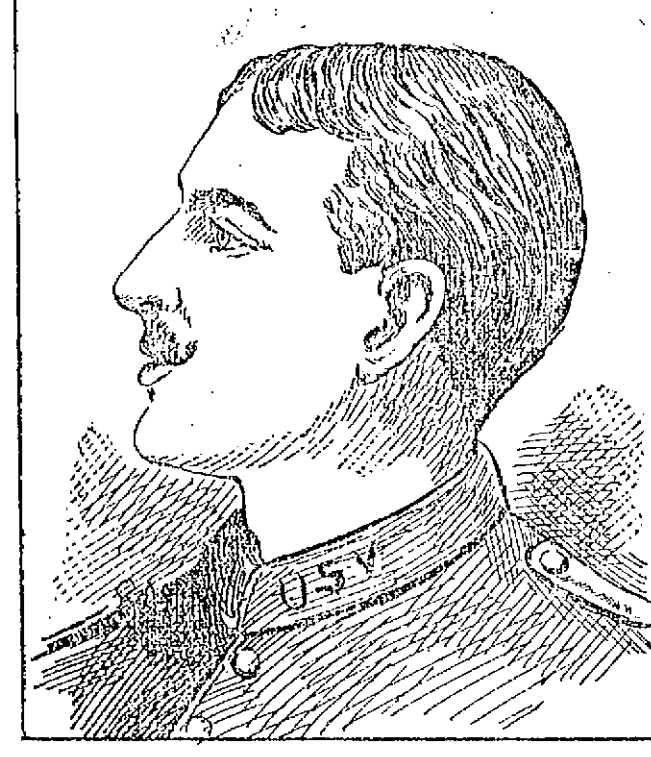
For 1899, with the New England Edition, we begin a new departure. We have added thirty-two pages, and have given over these thirty-two pages, not to any information about the House of Ayer or its medicines, but we have crowded them full of intelligent and helpful facts for the family, farmer, housewife, and student, making it a whole handy reference library boiled down into one small book of reference.

We don't want to make any money out of Ayer's Almanac, but we have put a nominal price of

2 cts. a copy

from this time forward, that this almanac may get into the hands only of those who actually desire it and will be interested in preserving it. What costs nothing is usually regarded as of little value.

Your druggist will show you a copy of the new almanac, if he is up to date enough to have taken advantage of our liberal offers to him. If he doesn't happen to have it, some other druggist in your town will, or you can mail a two-cent stamp to the J. C. Ayer Company, Lowell, Mass., and receive one free by return mail.



FRED D. HASTINGS of Co. C, Who Has Been Transferred to the Eighth Regiment With Which He Will Go To Cuba.

Private Fred D. Hastings of Co. C of the Sixth regiment has been ordered to America, Ga., under the command of Col. Pew. The following telegram is self explanatory:

"Americus, Ga., Dec. 23.
Fred D. Hastings, 1655 Bridge St., Lowell, Mass.

You were this day transferred from Sixth to Eighth Massachusetts. You are ordered to call at South Armory, Boston, get your descriptive list and order on Major Hyde, Summer street, Boston, for transportation and communication of rations and join this regiment. Pew, Colonel."

NARROW ESCAPE

TWO FRENCH BOYS BROKE THROUGH THE ICE ON THE MERRIMACK.

Two young French boys who foolishly attempted to skate the distance between Lawrence and Lowell Monday came near having a fatal ending to their sport.

In the vicinity of Belle Grove, and between there and Lowell, the river is open. These boys about 12 or 14 years of age, were evidently keeping along the apparently firm strip of ice upon the sides when opposite "Door Jump," the treacherous ice gave way and one of the boys was precipitated into the water.

His companion was too frightened to assist him, his energies being given to a lusty shouting for aid. A young man who was skating some distance below, came up in the nick of time, and as he could not swim, broke off a branch and extending it to the boy in the water drew him to shore.

The rescued and rescuer took cars respectively for Lowell and Lawrence. No names were obtainable. Lawrence Telegram.

SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL

At the last regular meeting of the John Boyle O'Reilly Reading Circle, held at their rooms in Associate Hall, the following officers were elected for six months: President, John H. Shea; vice president, Stephen F. Monahan; recording secretary, John F. Golden; financial secretary, James T. Tennessy; treasurer, John J. Murphy; board of trustees, Patrick H. Murphy, William McNeill, William D. Reegan, James McCann and Edward H. Foye.

Merrimack Lodge, I. O. O. F., at its semi-annual election elected the following officers: Noble grand, Thomas Judge; vice grand, Joseph L. Whit; sec-

HOT FROM THE WIRE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Savannah, Ga., Dec. 29.—Rev. Sam Small, the evangelist, now chaplain of the Third engineers, U. S. A., arrived here yesterday. He says: "The chaplains are a sort of sop to the church sentiment without much substance to them. They just take a minister and put a uniform on him with a silver cross on the shoulder, pay him \$200 a month and turn him loose on 1200 men without any of the implements of the scriptural warfare to fight with. I've been disappointed. When I get out I am going to suggest that they do away with the chaplains. When we get down to Cuba I'll wager most of the men would rather go to a cock fight or a bull fight than attend services. To tell the truth, I am beginning to think there is a heap of bald dash about what the chaplains do accomplish outside of meeting the sentiment that calls for their presence with every body of troops."

Havana, Dec. 29.—A Spaniard named Fernandez, a member of the municipal police, was surrounded by a crowd of Cubans in Bomba street yesterday. Cuban and American flags were waved in his face, his rifle was twisted out of his hands, and 50 men yelled to him "Shout viva Cuba libre or die." Fernandez cried out "Viva Espana, Viva Espana." Three knives were thrust into him, and he is dying. A fight was started yesterday by some Cubans carrying American and Cuban flags, who declared they had been insulted by Spanish marines. A Cuban drew a pistol and, declaring that he would defend the American flag, fired. Other shots followed. According to unofficial reports a Spanish soldier was killed, a Spanish marine fatally wounded, and at least one other, if not several, hurt.

Omaha, Dec. 29.—William J. Bryan arrived here yesterday from Chicago. When asked if he thought the question of imperialism would overshadow the money issue in the campaign of 1900, Mr. Bryan said it was difficult at this time to say what relations these subjects would bear to each other then. He thought if congress would adopt a resolution pledging this government to keep the Philippines only as a trust for their people, until a stable government is established, the expansion issue would be at an end. If, however, the question was not settled in some such way as this, he said, it would continue to be a matter of discussion until it was disposed of.

Melrose, Mass., Dec. 23.—Mrs. Lindsey M. Emery, 32 years of age, died last evening of a pronounced case of hydrophobia. On Sunday, Nov. 14, last, while in the Highland Baptist church, a dog ran in and bit Mrs. Emery, horribly lacerating her face so that 12 stitches were required to close the wounds. The dog regained liberty, and bit a boy before he was killed. A few days after the unfortunate woman was stricken with hydrophobia. Two more dogs have been shot in Melrose since the injury inflicted upon Mrs. Emery.

Lakeport, N. H., Dec. 29.—The negotiations which have been in progress looking to a change of ownership of the Halifax mills at this place have fallen through and the plant will not be started. The knitting machinery has been sold to P. Bartlett & Son of Milford, and will be removed to that place at once. These mills were formerly controlled by Dr. J. C. Moore, and up to the time of his financial embarrassment was considered one of the leading industries of the place, manufacturing hosiery, and employing upwards of 300 hands.

Boston, Dec. 29.—Massachusetts artists, under leadership of members of the profession of Boston, have submitted a petition addressed to the board of managers of the Paris exposition of 1900, in which they plead earnestly for proper representation at the exposition. The petition asks that the power of selecting pictures for exhibition be left in the hands of a local jury to be elected by ballot by Massachusetts artists.

Cleveland, Dec. 29.—The charges against Judge Dellenbaugh and Senator Burke were filed in the circuit court yesterday by the committee of the Bar association appointed to prosecute the charges. The charges in each case declare that the accused has been guilty of misconduct in office as an attorney-at-law of the state of Ohio, and has been guilty of unprofessional conduct involving moral turpitude.

Everybody's liable to itching piles. Rich and poor, old and young—terrible the torture they suffer. Only one sure cure, Doan's Ointment. Absolutely safe; can't fail.

G. O. Taylor Whiskies relieve throat and lung troubles.

CHRISTMAS GOODS, NEW YEAR'S GOODS

Knives and Forks and everything in the gold and silver line. What more acceptable present could be made than a set of silverware? We have them for less than they can be purchased in any of the stores in Lowell. It is not only a present for grand or grandpa, but a pair of gold plated spoons or a set of glasses. Wedding presents, wedding rings, and everything in the gold and silver line at rock bottom prices at

J. D. CRANT'S, 64 Merrimack Street. Our motto is, give and let live. Honest goods, honest prices.

NO DUST.

A Joy to Housekeepers. Patent Ash Sifter. The ash pan is put in at the top, turned over, and the worthless ashes are turned out at the bottom by a little shaking. No dust of any kind in the operation. For sale by

H. C. CIRARD, NO. 443 MERRIMACK STREET.

G. O. Taylor Whiskies, benefit the debilitated.

WAVERLEY HOUSE

For gentlemen only, is considered the best place in town to dine or drink. We are the only retail dealers of the Celebrated

ANHEUSER BUSCH LAGER (The Best Lager in the Country. Also all Brands of the Choicest Ales and Liqueurs and Cigars. Call in and try one of our

35 CENT COURSE DINNERS. Pattee & Carnoy, Proprietors.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought. Bears the Signature of J. C. Ayer.

AT COLONIAL HALL.

A cotillion, the first of two was held last evening in Colonial hall and was attended by a large number of the local society leaders. Mrs. Thomas Talbot of Billerica was also present and assisted Mrs. Jacob Rogers and Mrs. George T. Richardson in receiving. The American Orchestra was stationed upon the stage and furnished music for the cotillion. Mrs. George Pillsbury, Mrs. Willis Farrington and

Mrs. Frederick Ayer presided at the favor table.

WELL KNOWN JOURNALIST. By Associated Press to The Sun. Placerville, Cal., Dec. 29.—Robert V. Robertson, formerly a well known Chicago newspaperman and founder of the Nugget of this place, is dead of consumption. He was one of the most widely known journalists on the coast.

SWEEPING REDUCTIONS IN OUR Dress Goods Department

Today We Quote Special Prices in Black Dress Goods.

Regular \$1.25 and \$1.50 qualities at 79c. a yard.

Black German and French Henrietta, 48 inches wide, elegant lustre, 75c. and 80c. qualities at 50c. a yard.

\$1.00 quality at 69c. a yard. \$1.25 quality at 79c. a yard.

Black Siellan Mohair Brilliantine, extra fine finish, 54 inches wide, regular \$1.00 quality at 50c. a yard.

Prices reduced in order to close on the entire stock.

\$1.75 and \$2.00 qualities at \$1.25 yard, and a few patterns of 7 yards each, regular \$2.50 and \$3.00 qualities, at \$1.50 per yard.

CREDIT TO ALL.

Our thousands of customers will tell you that we will never try arguing you into paying down any more than we advertise. One week's payment in advance, or from 50c. to \$2.00 according to the amount of your purchase, is all that is required. It's easy enough for everybody.

Men's, Boys' and Children's Clothing, Ladies' Jackets, Capes, Skirts and Waists, Ladies' Furs.

Stock-taking time is nearing and every article in the house is marked down for quick sales. The assortment is still very complete. Pick the plums as long as they last.

Caesar Misch ODD - FELLOWS - BLOCK 78 MIDDLESEX ST. LOWELL.

LEDGERS

JOURNALS, CASH BOOKS, DAY BOOKS,

DIARIES

And the Largest Stock of

Blank Books

In the City, Can be Found at

Lawler's Big Store,

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STRONG AGAIN! Serrine Pills

They have stood the test of years, and have cured thousands of cases of Nervous Diseases, such as Debility, Indigestion, Sleeplessness and Vertigo, etc. They clear the brain, strengthen the circulation, make digestion perfect, and impart a healthy vigor to the whole being. All drains and losses are checked permanently. Unless patients are properly cured, their condition will worsen them into Insanity, Consumption or Death. Mailed sealed. Price per box, 6 boxes, with iron-clad legal guarantee, secure or refund. Money, 15c. each. Send for free book. Address, PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.

Drugs and medicines, 217 CENTRAL STREET.

TEETH

No Charge For Extracting

Every set warranted to be the same teeth that other dentists ask \$10 and \$15 for, and every set warranted to fit. Gold Filling and Gold Crowns work a specialty. Teeth filled with Gold Filling. No pain. Teeth extracted without injury to the surrounding tissue. "Pain" extractors. Artificial teeth without plates, also Johnson's "Lines" Teeth extracted and replaced the same day as extracted, no need of going without. No Sunday work. Office hours: 10 a. m. to 6 p. m. Not open evening. Dr. J. K. BICKELL & SON, Patent Dentists, 21 and 23, Winter St., cor. West & Bridge.

NO COMPARISON
THE SUN HAS A LARGER CIRCULATION THAN ANY TWO PAPERS PRINTED IN LOWELL. IT IS LOWELL'S GREATEST NEWS-PAPER. WE CAN PROVE IT.

THE LOWELL SUN

FOR THE PEOPLE
A paper of the people, published by one of the people, for all the people is THE SUN, which the people have made.
Lowell's Greatest Newspaper.

22ND YEAR LOWELL, MASS., THURSDAY, DECEMBER 29, 1898. 8 PAGES 1 CENT

NIGHT EDITION SIX O'CLOCK.

FRESH HALIBUT

Will be Sent to Boston or Portland

INSTEAD OF TO GLOUCESTER.

Fishing Fleet Numbers 27 Vessels.

By Associated Press to The Sun.
Gloucester, Mass., Dec. 29.—There is considerable excitement here to-day that nearly half the owners of the outside vessels in the fresh halibut fishing trade have made an agreement to market the catches of their vessels at either Boston or Portland. This action, it is stated, has been taken because of the dissatisfaction existing over the manner in which the buying of fresh halibut is conducted at this port.
The fresh halibut fishing fleet from this port numbers about 27 sail, of which nearly one-half are "outside" vessels.
This new movement threatens serious results to the fishing interests of this city, especially as there are signs of sharp dissension in another important branch of the winter fresh fishing industry.

SERIOUS INDEED

Is the Condition of Affairs in Johannesburg.

A MASS MEETING OF OUTLANDERS.

Prepared a Petition to the Queen.

By Associated Press to The Sun.
London, Dec. 29.—A disquieting situation is developing at Johannesburg. According to the latest advices from there the place is seething with discontent, as on the eve of the Jameson raid, in consequence of recent and proposed government measures which the Uitlanders regard as being a fresh series of impositions. In addition, racial animosity is intensifying, the vicious treatment of the British-Indian and Cape Boys, which is arousing much bitterness. There was a serious development last week, when a Boer policeman murdered an Englishman named Edgar, entering the latter's house and shooting him. The policeman was arrested on the charge of murder, but on the following day the charge was reduced to one of manslaughter and the policeman was allowed his liberty on bail. The British agent demanded a restitution of the charge of murder and a mass-meeting, which was attended by 5,000 Uitlanders, was held at Johannesburg on Sunday to protest against the murder of Edgar and to present the British Consul with a strongly worded petition to the Queen, reciting the wrongs of the Uitlanders and appealing for protection and other steps as may be found necessary to "terminate the existing intolerable state of affairs." There were no speeches on the part of the laws, but the demonstration was very impressive. The petition was presented to the Consul on the balcony of the Consulate, the whole multitude displaying assent by unifying their hands. References to the Boer policeman elicited shouts of "lynch him." The meeting, however, was peaceful with the exception of a slight affray with the police at its conclusion.
The newspapers publish venomous articles on the subject. The Boer organ, the "Rand Post," yesterday discussed the prospect of war with Great Britain and advised that on the first British act of war, the women and children at Johannesburg be given 24 hours to leave and that the whole place be then razed and that "the perpetrators of these turbulent proceedings, if caught, should be thrown

LOSS OF \$40,000 WAR COMMISSION

Caused by a Big Blaze in Holliston.

HYDRANTS WERE NOT AVAILABLE

Several Firms Were Burned Out.

MR. CORNISH TAKEN SERIOUSLY ILL.

What District Attorney McIntyre Says.

By Associated Press to The Sun.
New York, Dec. 29.—According to the statement of the officials connected with the work of discovering the cause of the mysterious death of Mrs. Adams yesterday morning, there were few developments in the case today. The coroner's physician said that he would perform an autopsy but the result of it will probably not be known until tonight. The Rogers family and Mr. Cornish deny themselves to all visitors. Dr. Hittcock, who attended Mrs. Adams and who himself suffered from the poison, said that he still believed that the bromo-seltzer bottle contained cyanide of potassium. If the district attorney's office or the police have any clue as to the identity of the persons who sent the bromo-seltzer bottle to Mr. Cornish, they keep it carefully to themselves.
District Attorney McIntyre said there was little evidence on which to work. He is sure, however, that the address on the box sent to Mr. Cornish was written by a woman who tried to make her hand writing look masculine. But Mr. McIntyre added that Mr. Cornish was utterly ignorant of the existence of any one who had designs upon his life. The mania wrapping of the box containing the fatal Christmas present will be submitted to experts today. The police are vigorously at work. The line they will definitely adopt to unravel the mystery of Mrs. Adams' death will depend in great degree upon the decision of the handwriting experts.
Mr. McIntyre further stated that during last night Mr. Cornish was taken violently ill. Mr. Cornish is believed to be out of danger and better today, but whether his illness was caused by tasting the poison that killed Mrs. Adams or by other causes Mr. McIntyre refused to state. He also refused to give the present whereabouts of Mr. Cornish.
Mr. McIntyre in speaking of Mr. Cornish today, referred to the trouble incident upon the proposed consolidation between the Kickerbocker and the Jersey City Athletic clubs. He said some thought that Cornish might have been endangered but he did not think this would amount to an attempt upon anybody's life.
The report that Henry C. Barnett, a member of the Kickerbocker Athletic club, died from the effects of arsenic sent him through the mails under the guise of harmless medicine, is not borne out by the physicians in the case.

LAWTON NEXT TO OTIS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.
Washington, Dec. 29.—The war department has issued orders assigning Major-General Lawton to service in the Philippines. This assignment is considered one of exceptional importance, as General Lawton, who was one of the most conspicuous officers in the campaign against Santiago, will be second in command to General Otis and in the event of the appointment of General Otis as governor-general of the Philippines, will assume military command of the forces in the Philippines.
VIOLENT GALE.
By Associated Press to The Sun.
London, Dec. 29.—Another violent gale swept over the English channel and the east coast of Great Britain this morning and the trans-Channel service was again interrupted. Several small wrecks have been reported and damage has been done at different ports.

NOT BEING

Sleight of Hand Performers!

We have to adopt other methods to change IRON INTO GOLD. Here is what we want to accomplish and our method of doing it: We have 35 Parlor Stoves on our floor. They're doing us, or you, no good there, and in order to put them where THEY'LL DO THE MOST GOOD, we shall offer them on these terms:
\$2.00 DOWN AND \$1.00 PER WEEK.
Every Parlor Stove to be sold on these terms, whether it cost \$4.00 or \$40.00
At The People's Furniture Store,
A.E. O'HEIR & CO.'S, 16 Merrimack St.

LOSS OF \$40,000 WAR COMMISSION

Caused by a Big Blaze in Holliston.

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Several Firms Were Burned Out.

MR. CORNISH TAKEN SERIOUSLY ILL.

What District Attorney McIntyre Says.

By Associated Press to The Sun.
Holliston, Mass., Dec. 29.—P. Andrews & Sons' big three-story wooden block on the corner of Washington and Central streets and a small building adjoining were burned at a late hour last night, causing a loss of nearly \$40,000. Owing to a controversy among the local authorities regarding the water supply, the hydrants were not available until both buildings were practically destroyed. Among the firms burned out in the Andrews building were J. S. Smith, druggist, whose loss is \$3,000; J. B. Supple, hardware, loss \$2,500; J. N. Fiske, a new dealer, and Adams & Co., hardware, occupied the smaller building, and their loss is about \$3,000. Nearly all the losses are partly covered by insurance. It is thought that the fire originated from an overheated furnace.

CASHIER BAILEY

Was Not at His Desk This Morning.

INSPECTION OF BOOKS NOT COMPLETED.

Reports of Trouble Probably Exaggerated.

By Associated Press to The Sun.
Colebrook, N. H., Dec. 29.—Bank Examiner Carroll, who has been here since Friday night, was at work at the Colebrook National bank this morning and Cashier H. P. Bailey, news of whose arrest on account of an alleged shortage in the accounts of the bank, was given out by the United States District Attorney at Nashua yesterday, was at the bank, apparently as usual, save for the surveillance of a United States officer this morning. The only information bearing on the situation today to be gained at the bank was that the bank examiner had not completed his inspection of the books. Until this work was finished no statement could be made as to the condition of affairs.
Everyone in any way interested in the matter seemed to be bent on keeping it as quiet as possible and there was a general expression of the belief that everything in connection with the affair was adjusted in a way that would leave the reports of serious trouble to have been greatly exaggerated. There are certain of the bank officials, however, who state that any wrong doing will be punished.
As far as can be learned, the first intimation given that anything unusual was on foot, was when Bank Examiner Carroll arrived here Tuesday evening, accompanied by Deputy United States Marshal Horner. Yesterday morning they went to the bank and Examiner Carroll at once began work on the books. What he found was first known through a telegram sent by Deputy Marshal Horner to District Attorney Hamblett at Nashua, yesterday afternoon, which said:
"Irregularities found, and arrest made."
An investigation led to the disclosure that the "irregularities" referred to a shortage, the exact amount of which cannot be stated until the examiner's work is completed. Estimates vary from \$23,000 to \$31,000, the latter sum having been named by the District Attorney. It was learned also, that Cashier Bailey claimed that the shortage was due to the fact that several depositors had overdrawn their accounts.
The excitement resulting from yesterday's developments had not abated this forenoon, but the reticence of the people had become more marked, and, apparently, there was a general feeling of indignation that the facts had become known to the public.
The citizens deplore the notoriety that has come upon them suddenly and seem to resent all inquiries. This characteristic came out very prominently to-day when the belief that satisfactory adjustment of all discrepancies would be made was expressed.

IT'S A BOY.

Bandmaster James Murphy is entertaining a new arrival. It is a twelve pound boy, arrived this noon and mother and child are doing nicely.
Holiday Goods 10 to 15 per cent. less than Boston prices at O'Brien's, 75 to 77 East Merrimack street. Phone, Telephone 0242.

LOSS OF \$40,000 WAR COMMISSION

Caused by a Big Blaze in Holliston.

HYDRANTS WERE NOT AVAILABLE

Several Firms Were Burned Out.

MR. CORNISH TAKEN SERIOUSLY ILL.

What District Attorney McIntyre Says.

By Associated Press to The Sun.
Washington, Dec. 29.—The War Investigating commission held only a short session to-day, devoted to executive business. There were no witnesses ready for examination.
The Swift Packing Co., of Chicago, which protested against the statement in General Miles' testimony, derogatory to the earned fresh roast beef furnished his expedition, has notified the Commission of its inability to be on hand on January 4, as expected, and January 9 has been set as the date of the appearance of its representatives.
The Commission to-day made public a synopsis of the reports of officers to General Miles on results obtained from the use of canned fresh roast beef in campaigns in Cuba and Porto Rico. These reports were submitted by General Miles when he gave his vigorous denunciation of the canned beef. A synopsis of the reports as furnished follows:
Commanding Officer Fourth Infantry, Major Baker: "The beef seemed to be of inferior quality and was anything but palatable. Quite a number of men could not eat it."
Commanding Officer Sixth Infantry, Lieut. Col. Miner: "The meat was utterly unfit as an article of diet for either sick or well."
Commanding Officer Ninth Infantry, Col. Powell: "The meat produced disordered stomachs, was not nutritious, soon became putrid, and in many of the cases was found in course of putrefaction, when opened."
Commanding Officer Twelfth Infantry, Major Humphreys: "The meat presented such a repulsive appearance that men turned from it in disgust. 'Nasty' is the only term that will fully describe its appearance."
STEAMSHIP TICKETS AND DRAFTS.
Sold on the Cunard, Dominion, White Star, American, Anchor, Allen, French and German lines to and from Boston, New York, Queenstown and Liverpool. Drafts issued for any amount on all parts of Ireland at Murphy's agency, 18 Appleton street.

GIVEN AWAY FREE

PICTURES OF

Admiral Dewey and Admiral Schley.

PRINTED ON 1899 CALENDERS.

COLD WEATHER COMFORTS

We've a store full of them convincingly cheap too, undoubted quantities that carry with them not only comfort, but a great degree of satisfaction. These winter comforts to your mind some winter wants you'll make no mistake in supplying yourself here.
\$3.49
For Black and Blue Melton Overcoats.
\$5.00
For excellent quality of black and blue Kersey Overcoats.
\$7.00
For nobly raw-edge, extra fine black Kersey Overcoats.
\$8.00
For nobly Box Coats in seal brown and blue or blue kersey, raw edge and lap seams.
\$10.00
For nobly Box Coats in seal brown kersey, fancy plaid lining, satin shoulders and sleeves, satin piped, raw edge and lap seams worth \$15.
Boys' Ulsters at 50c. on the dollar. Bargain's in Men's Ulsters.

J. L. CHALIFOUX

49 TO 50 CENTRAL STREET.

IRELAND

Christmas drafts payable free of discount at any bank in Ireland, England or Scotland.

MONEY DEPOSITED

On or before Tuesday, Jan. 3, in the Savings Department of the

TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK

will draw interest from Jan. 1st, at the rate of 4 per cent. Compounded annually.

CHRISTMAS GIFTS

At Market Rates
121 Essex St., Cor. Post Office square.
(Daily, 8 a. m. to 4 p. m. Saturdays, 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.)
Bank Hours: 10 a. m. to 4 p. m.
UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY.
Agents for sale of U. S. Revenue Stamps.

SEVERE REBUKE

Administered to Governor by Joseph Chamberlain.

COLONIAL QUESTIONS INVOLVED

And He Refused to Interfere.

By Associated Press to The Sun.
St. John's, N. F., Dec. 29.—Governor Murray has made public a message received by him from Right Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, British Secretary of State for Colonies, in which the Secretary firmly and definitely refuses to disavow the role of the governor or to interfere in colonial affairs. The message is regarded as a severe rebuke to the governor and is considered an important pronouncement on the constitutional and executive control the imperial authorities may safely exercise over colonial questions. Governor Murray and other public men here protested some time ago against the act passed by the legislature which gives Mr. Reid far-reaching rights in the matter of railroad construction and control and which may have an important bearing on the future development of Newfoundland. The reply of the colonial secretary to him is in part as follows: To His Excellency, Governor Sir Herbert Murray:
Sir—I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your dispatch, No. 55 of the 26th Oct. forwarding copies of the resolutions passed at the public meeting of the inhabitants of St. John's, on the fourth of October, urging that Her Majesty should be advised either to disavow the act passed in the recent session of the legislature of Newfoundland to give effect to the contract with Mr. Reid, or that in any case, I should defer tendering advice to Her Majesty in regard to the act until the people of the colony have had an opportunity of expressing their views on the question at a general election. The step which I am urged to take is one for which there is no precedent in the history of colonial administration. The measure the disavowal of which is sought, is not only one of purely local concern, but one the provisions of which are almost exclusively of a financial and administrative character. The right to complete and unfettered control over financial policy and arrangements is essential to self government and has been invariably acknowledged and respected by Her Majesty's government and jealously guarded by the colonies. The colonial government and legislature are purely responsible for the management of its finances to the people of the colony and unless imperial interests of great importance are imperilled the intervention of Her Majesty's government in such matters would be an unwarrantable intrusion, and a breach of the charter of the colony. I cannot admit that the creditors of the colony have any right to claim the interference of Her Majesty's government to attempt the task of deciding whether the act of the legislature has been in accord with the opinion of the electorate. Even a governor, who is to some extent in touch with local opinion, would be taking a serious step if in response to petitions such as have been addressed to me and against the advice of his ministers, he refused to assent to a measure of local concern which had been duly passed by the legislature and if he failed to find other ministers prepared to assume responsibility for his action, and able to secure the support of the legislature, his position would become untenable. Any such step on the part of a governor would have to be taken entirely on his own motion. It is essential that for every act of the governor in local matters full responsibility should attach to a ministry amenable to colonial legislature. Considerations which preclude me from advising Her Majesty to disavow the act, apply equally to the alternative request that should defer tendering advice to Her Majesty in regard to it until the people of the colony have had an opportunity of expressing their views on the measure.
My action has throughout been governed solely by constitutional principles on which I am bound to act and I think it desirable that it should be made quite clear that in accepting the privilege of self-government of the colony has accepted the full responsibilities inseparable from that privilege and if the machinery it has provided for the work of legislation and administration of self-government, the persons to whom it has entrusted its destinies have failed to discharge their trust, they cannot look to Her Majesty's government to supplement or remedy these defects or to judge between them and their duly chosen representatives. I have, etc.
Chamberlain.

MATRIMONIAL.

DUCKWORTH-TRILL.

At the residence of Mrs. James Duckworth in Princeton street, at 2 o'clock this afternoon, her daughter Ellen Burrows, was married to Mr. Edward Warren Trill. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Charles L. Merriam, assisted by the Rev. Thomas E. Ewer of Providence, R. I., in the presence of only the relatives and a few friends. The bride, who wore her travelling gown, was given away by her brother, Mr. Harry S. Duckworth of Dover, N. H. She was attended by her sister, Miss Alice Francis Duckworth and Mr. Charles J. Wier was best man. There were floral decorations by Paul E. Burr. Mr. and Mrs. Trill will be at home February 7th and 14th at 298 NeSmith street.

DROPPED DEAD.

By Associated Press to The Sun.
Gloucester, Mass., Dec. 29.—Andrew Leighton, 24 years of age, the owner of a large fleet of fishing vessels, dropped dead at his home here today of heart disease.

ORDER APPROVED

Regulating the Financial System of Cuba.

THE RATES OF PAYMENT.

Also Announced in the Order.

By Associated Press to The Sun.
Washington, Dec. 29.—After a conference today with Mr. Robert P. Porter, special commissioner of the United States to Cuba and Porto Rico, the president approved the following executive order in a measure regulating the financial system of Cuba:
"It is hereby ordered that on and after January 1, 1899 and until otherwise provided, all customs, taxes, public and postal dues, in the island of Cuba, shall be paid in United States money, or in foreign gold coin such as Spanish alphonso's (Centen) and French Louis, which will be accepted in payment of such customs, taxes, public and postal dues, at the following rates: 'Alphonso's (25 peseta piece) \$1.87; Louis (20 franc piece), \$2.86.
"That all existing contracts for the payment of money shall be payable in the money nominated in such contracts and where French and Spanish gold shall be the stipulated money of payment, they shall be received in their present decreed values, 4 s. e. Alphonso's (25 peseta piece) \$1.87; Louis (20 franc piece), \$2.86 or in United States money at the relative value set forth in the above table, namely \$1.82 for alphonso's (25 peseta piece), and \$2.86 for Louis (20 franc piece). It is further ordered that on and after January 1, 1899 and until further provided, the following Spanish silver coins now in circulation in the island of Cuba shall be received for customs, taxes, public and postal dues at the following fixed rates in American money: 'The peso 0.60; the medio peso, 0.30; the peseta 0.12; the real 0.05; the medio real 0.03.
"Bronze and copper coins now current in the island of Cuba will be received at their face value for fractional parts of a dollar in a single payment to an amount not exceeding 12 cents (one peseta)."
—William McKinley.

BANK HAS FAILED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Dec. 29.—The Comptroller of the Currency has received information of the failure of the Colebrook National bank, of Colebrook, N. H.

ANOTHER TRUST

MANUFACTURERS OF WRITING PAPER ENTER THE COMBINE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.
Springfield, Mass., Dec. 29.—G. C. Harlow of Providence, is in this city completing the negotiations for a writing paper trust. The paper mills have all practically agreed to enter the combine, the only important question to settle being that of what shall be paid for each plant. The deal will not be completed for some months because of the many interests at stake.
\$50,000 IS MISSING.
By Associated Press to The Sun.
San Antonio, Tex., Dec. 28.—It is reported today that the local office of the Wells Fargo Express company suffered a big loss by a robbery yesterday afternoon. It is said that \$50,000 in currency and \$500 in gold is missing. The driver of the delivery wagon who was entrusted with delivering the money to the local firms is missing.

SPANISH TROOPS

To the Number of 1600 Left Havana.

AMERICAN FLAG RAISED AT MARTEL.

In Presence of a Distinguished Gathering.

By Associated Press to The Sun.
Havana, Dec. 29.—About 1600 Spanish troops left Havana yesterday from the vicinity of the palace, the arsenal, the Marine Castle and Cabanas Forts for Guantanamo. Two companies of the Pennsylvania under Major May's went to Martel yesterday. Colonel Seyburn of the 202d New York regiment raised the American flag yesterday over the municipal building at Martel in the presence of a number of notable persons and people of the town. No procession or open air assemblage of bands of Cuban soldiers will be allowed in Havana during the first week of January. The plan of the patriotic committee for a dinner to the soldiers in the Prado, a civic parade and five days of public demonstration will not be permitted. No Cuban soldiers except as individuals can enter Havana. Should General Gomez and an armed following, large or small, attempt to reach this city, they will be turned back. The American military administration is determined not to allow conditions favorable to an abolition of violence.

PUTNAM & SON

Lately we've been buying trousers from makers who were anxious to close out winter goods.
We've gathered a good many hundred pairs of a good many good kinds.
Bought now, means bought cheap. Buying cheap with us means selling cheap. Hence new goods for surprisingly little prices.
95 Cents a pair for good strong working trousers, chevots or union cassimeres, that usually sell for \$1.25.
\$1.25 a pair for heavy all-wool Dickey trousers and hair line cassimeres; the goods usually sold for \$1.75.
\$1.48 a pair for a grand lot of strictly all-wool trousers, half a dozen capital styles; fancy chevots, plain hair lines and black Thibets, usual price \$2.00 to \$2.50.
\$1.65 a pair for a very large lot of heavy weight fancy worsted trousers, splendid patterns and every pair new. These worsteds regularly sell from \$2.25 to \$3.00. We have three patterns made in young men's for \$1.50 a pair—same goods.

\$1.98 for regular \$2.50 trousers.
\$2.48 for regular \$3.50 trousers.
\$3.00 for regular \$4.00 trousers.
\$3.50 for regular \$4.50 trousers.
PUTNAM & SON
166 Central Street.

THE SUN LATEST!

5 O'CLOCK

KILLED HIMSELF SHOT A BURGLAR

A Chicago Man Accidentally Shot Himself. Special Watchman Fired on Three Men.

TRAGEDY THE RESULT OF A JOKE.

"The Gun Fooled Me" He Cried.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Chicago, Dec. 29.—Edward Kelly, a saloon keeper of this city, yesterday accidentally shot and killed himself. The tragedy, which occurred in the victim's saloon, was the result of a joke and was witnessed by several of Kelly's friends. James S. Savage, manager of the Groveland Apartment building, remarked that he was going to an apartment building to collect a bill. "You'll need a gun to defend yourself," laughed Kelly. "Well, I'm prepared for an emergency," replied Savage, as he drew a revolver from his pocket and laid it on the table. Kelly picked up the weapon and looked at it. Savage warned him that it was loaded. "Why, that wouldn't hurt a baby," said the saloon man, as he threw the weapon on the floor behind the bar. The next instant there was a loud report and Kelly fell backward to the floor. "The gun fooled me," he cried as he fell and he became unconscious. His companions hurried to his side and found the bullet had entered the left lung. A doctor was called but Kelly died within a few minutes without regaining consciousness.

FUNERALS.

MORRY.—The late George F. Morry, whose death was briefly mentioned in yesterday's Sun had been in failing health since he suffered an attack of grippe more than a year ago but has been able to take some of the time and only since a week ago last Friday was he confined to his bed.

Deceased was born in Windsor, Vt., and came to Lowell when a young man in company with Mr. Hiram Hoar, with whom he roomed at the Merrimack House. Mr. Morry was one of the original founders of the Lowell Daily Citizen. In 1866, with Mr. Leonard Brown, he purchased the Daily Morning News, the American Citizen, a weekly, and the Daily Citizen, started in 1855. The journal formed by thus consolidating the three was called the Daily Citizen and News, buying for its editor John A. Goodwin. In 1859, Chauncey L. Knapp and George F. Morry became the proprietors of the Citizen and Mr. Knapp its editor. Mr. Morry retired from the firm in 1876.

Mr. Morry was a member of the state legislature in 1877-78, and a member of the city council from ward five, in 1860-61. He was a republican and was at one time active in ward five politics. He was a man of marked business ability and during his connection with the Citizen in the time of the civil war, he was a member of the committee to look after returned soldiers. He was at one time an overseer of the poor. He was prominently interested in the Lowell history. After coming to Lowell, Mr. Morry married Miss Sarah Flint of this city, who survives him. He leaves one son, Mr. George F. Morry, of this city. He leaves also one brother, Mr. Fred W. Morry of New Britain, Conn., and two sisters, Mrs. Ellen A. Stevens of Roxbury and Mrs. Walter L. Wilkins of Chicago. He was for many years a constant attendant at the First Universalist church. The funeral will take place Saturday at two o'clock p. m., from his home, 48 Mt. Washington street.

CLAVA.—The funeral of Christina Clava, child of Edwin Clava, took place Wednesday forenoon from 48 Fenwick street. Burial was in the Edison cemetery.

MARTIN.—The funeral of Franklin Martin took place yesterday afternoon from his late home, 217 Liberty street. Among the large attendance of representative business men present were a delegation of Mechanics Lodge, I. O. F., of which organization the deceased was one of the oldest members. Services were impressively conducted by Rev. George P. Kenngott, pastor of the Trinitarian church. The interment was in the Edison cemetery.

BAILEY.—The funeral of Adeline Bailey took place yesterday afternoon from her late home, 559 Fletcher street. Rev. J. M. Greene, D. D., officiated. The interment was in the Edison cemetery.

HOWE.—The funeral of Martha W. Howe took place this afternoon from her late home, 215 Stockton street. Services were conducted by Rev. Charles T. Billings. The interment was in the Edison cemetery.

AINSWORTH.—The funeral of William L. Ainsworth took place this afternoon from his late residence, 11 East street. Rev. Smith T. Ford officiated. The body was placed in the Edison cemetery tomb.

BROWN.—The funeral of Sally Brown took place this afternoon from the late home of the deceased in North Billerica. The remains were forwarded to Candia, N. H., for interment.

ROBERT.—The funeral of Mrs. Joseph Robert took place from her home, 124 Salem street, yesterday morning. Previous to burial in the Catholic cemetery, a requiem mass was celebrated in St. Joseph's church by Rev. Fr. Desroches, O. M. I. The bearers were L. Duquette, Prime Descautau, Saline Rousseau, George Piquin, Maxine Guilmette and Hercule Noval.

Kendrick M. Norton of Greenland, N. H., is visiting his relatives in Lowell.

WHOM HE DISCOVERED IN A COTTAGE.

Special Watchman Fired on Three Men.

TRAGEDY THE RESULT OF A JOKE.

"The Gun Fooled Me" He Cried.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Gratton, Conn., Dec. 29.—The attempt of three burglars to rob the summer cottage of A. H. Fischer of New York, which is located at Eastern Point, about two miles from here, last night resulted in a miniature battle between the three thieves and Night Watchman Kaiser, during which at least 15 shots were fired and one of the burglars who gave the name of Philip Otto of New York received a charge of shot from the watchman's shotgun which crippled him so that he was captured while his two companions escaped.

Watchman Kaiser was making his rounds about midnight when he discovered the three men in the Fischer cottage. The men saw him at about the same time and opened fire on him with their revolvers. Kaiser returned the shots with his revolver and after emptying the chambers of the weapon fired a shot from the shotgun which he carried.

The latter shot brought down the man Otto and when his companions saw him fall they took to their heels and made their escape. Otto was placed under arrest and brought to the lockup here. It was found that the burglars had three bags packed with booty and were about to leave the house when discovered. Otto's injuries are not considered serious. The burglars are believed to have been professionals.

BURNED TO DEATH

CORNELIUS MCCANNERY LOST HIS LIFE IN AN EARLY MORNING FIRE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

New York, Dec. 29.—Cornelius McCannery and ten horses were burned to death today in a fire which destroyed a two-story brick and frame stable on West 55th street this morning. McCannery was asleep in the loft of the stable when the fire started. He had no home.

FOUND DEAD

ROBERT RICE WAS PROBABLY STRUCK BY A TRAIN.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Bristol, Conn., Dec. 29.—Robert Rice, aged 65 years was found dead early this morning between the third rail track and the tracks of the steam railroad on the Highland division here. His neck was broken and it is thought he was struck and killed by the third rail train leaving here at 6:05. Rice left his home a hundred yards away to go to work shortly before six o'clock and walked up the tracks, as was his custom.

ALL RECORDS BROKEN

Chicago, Dec. 29.—The year 1898 has broken all records in the amount of dead freight shipped from Chicago to the east. The total for the year, the last week of December being estimated, is 5,675,335 tons. The total for 1897 was 3,955,335 tons. Low rates and the enormous crops of cereals had much to do with the big increase.

MISTAKEN OUT

Kingsford, N. Y., Dec. 29.—Co. M, First New York volunteers, has received notice that it will be mustered out at the state armory here after a furlough of sixty days.

HISTORICAL ASSOCIATION

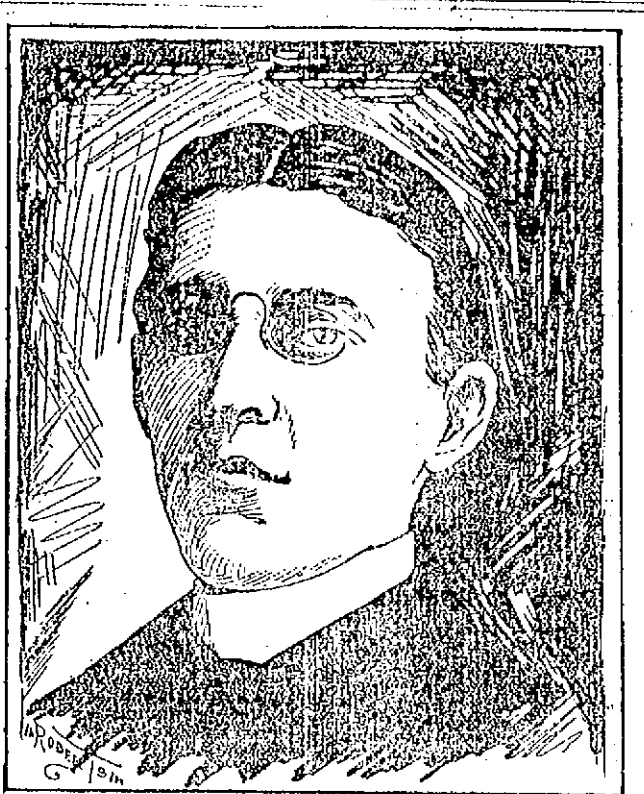
LISTENED TO SEVERAL INTERESTING ADDRESSES AT TODAY'S SESSION.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

New Haven, Conn., Dec. 29.—The second day's session of the American Historical association's convention opened this morning with a conference of "Historic Unduly Neglected Fields of Historical Study." The papers presented were one by Mr. A. Lawrence Lowell of Harvard University on "Institutional History of the Later Middle Ages," one on "American Colonial History, 1606-1776" by Prof. C. M. Andrews of Bryn Mawr College, with discussion by several members following; and a discussion of other phases of the general subject of the conference by Prof. J. F. Jameson of Brown University and others. In the afternoon at 2:30 o'clock the church history section met and papers were read as follows: "The Beginnings of Protestant Worship" by Prof. J. W. Richards, D. D., of Gettysburg, Pa.; "Erasmus" by Rev. George Norcross, D. D., of Carlisle, Pa.; and one by Samuel Macaulay Jackson of New York University on "Zwingli and the Baptist Party in the City of Zurich." This evening the convention will listen to papers and discussions of American diplomatic history, questions of present foreign policy of the United States being touched upon in papers on the Venezuela-Guiana boundary and a paper on American diplomacy. The economic association will at this session meet with the historical association.

PENSION CHANGES

Washington, Dec. 29.—The following pension changes, resulting from the issue of December 17, are announced: Massachusetts—Original, Mon. G. Russ, Spencer, \$10; George George, Soldiers' Home, Suffolk, \$5; restoration and supplemental, Nathan Nourse, Jr., Charles, Arlington Heights, \$5; increase, original widow, Semantha M. Nourse, Arlington Heights, \$5; Lauretta W. Hamilton, Leominster, \$2.



LIEUT. THOMAS TALBOT.

SEVEN SOLDIERS

Honored by Their Neighbors and Friends.

A GREAT GATHERING IN BILLERICA.

Medals Presented to the Soldiers.

Though a little late, it was nevertheless, a hearty welcome that the people of Billerica gave their soldier boys last night.

Honors freely given, were theirs, and the seven young men exhibited pride in the action of their friends and neighbors. The town hall where the reception was held was decorated with the national colors.

The stage was occupied by the guests of the evening. Rev. D. W. Hardy opened the exercises by invoking divine blessing.

The secretary, Rev. F. O. Simons, read letters of regret from several invited guests who were unable to attend. Col. Edmund Rice, had accepted a previous invitation to Billerica. Lieut. Col. Butler Ames, having sailed for Porto Rico on the 15th, expressed his regrets by letter. P. Nelson Parker, who was to have presented the medals, was unable on account of illness to be present, and he wrote to express congratulations to the soldiers of Billerica upon their safe return, and best wishes for a long and useful life. There were letters also from Joshua B. Holden and Frederick S. Clark.

Charles H. Kohlrausch was introduced as the presiding officer and he said: "To-night we but follow our traditions. In extending our love, admiration and welcome to these young heroes who have so nobly represented our historic town in the army of our country during our recent war with Spain, Billerica has always been proud of her noble citizens and delights to do them honor. We cannot as Americans feel proud but satisfaction, gratitude and triumph in recent days when what our armies have accomplished. Whatever may have been our individual opinions, we know that God, who marks the sparrow's fall, must and does shape and guide the destiny of nations."

He then introduced Rev. M. O. Simons, who presented the medals. "Soldiers of Billerica: Your fellow citizens have invited you to meet with them to-night that they might assure you that your splendid courage and spirit of patriotism are recognized and appreciated. Billerica has always been proud of her soldiers, and she is proud of you. However much we deplore war, when war must be, we recognize that these things have the deepest roots in some of the finest qualities of our nature. It is a marvelous spirit that men display when they take upon themselves the disciplines, the hardships and the dangers of war. Nothing is so excellent and noble as to deserve well of one's country. That excellence and honor are yours. You deserve any testimonial that we may be able to give."

"It is my very great pleasure to present to you, in behalf of the citizens of Billerica, these gold medals."

Those who received medals were: Thomas Ellis, Corp. Victor Hosmer, Reuben Griffin, Ernest Walker, George A. Dole, James Burke and Lieut. Thomas Talbot.

Lieutenant Thomas Talbot responded for the soldiers, as follows: "I feel somewhat embarrassed in appearing before you to-night, owing to the fact that my service in the volunteer, through no fault of my own, was very short. I was commissioned on the 5th of July, and owing to unfortunate circumstances did not reach my regiment until the 21st of August, after the peace protocol had been signed. The only part that I did during the

war was to kill an unfortunate mule that had been gored by a bull. But I am glad of this opportunity to thank you for the friendship you have shown the soldiers of Massachusetts, and also for these medals.

Massachusetts suffered severely during the war. The Sixth was fortunate. Owing to the efficiency of our commanding officers, the skill of our surgeons and more especially to the kindness and generosity of the people of Massachusetts in providing for our

comfort, we were able to come out with a record of only 17 deaths. The state of Massachusetts did more for her soldiers than any other state in the union. The good work was taken up in Billerica, and I think in proportion with the number of soldiers Billerica sent out, she did more than her share."

Sergeant Hosmer and Private Griffin also spoke briefly, as did Capt. Alexander Greig.

Rev. L. B. McDonald of Concord, who was with the Sixth nearly a month during their campaign in Porto Rico, told of the conduct of the men there. "There are soldiers and soldiers," he said; "and I will say that the Billerica men were all among the very good soldiers, the men who did honor to the people of Billerica. I congratulate the people of Billerica for the service seven men who volunteered for the service with the highest sense of patriotism and a full knowledge of the suffering that lay before them."

Rev. Fr. Paquette, pastor of St. Andrews church, North Billerica, said: "Our boys have succeeded because they were Americans. Young volunteers, arrayed against old and seasoned warriors, conquered, because they were Americans, Hebrews, Protestants and

(Continued to Page Three.)

PARIS EXPOSITION

COMMISSIONER PECK CALLS A CONFERENCE OF HEADS OF DEPARTMENTS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Chicago, Dec. 29.—A conference of the heads of departments of the Paris Exposition commission has been called by Commissioner General Peck and will be held this week after all have reached the city. The conference is for the purpose of deciding upon the designs of the several buildings to be erected by the commission at Paris, as well as arranging as far as possible the details of the future work of the several departments. Assistant Commissioner General Woodward will arrive this afternoon. He has with him all the details of the appointment of space to this country. There have been so many changes by the exposition authorities regarding the space to be given this country that even at the commission's headquarters some doubt exists as to just where this space is. The plans which Commissioner General Woodward has with him will settle this question where it can with little delay be made the appropriation of space to exhibitors. It is expected the conference will continue for at least a week.

NEW OFFICERS

WERE ELECTED LAST NIGHT IN LODGE AND HALL.

Elections at various lodge rooms and halls last night resulted as follows:

SPRINGFIELD CITY, C. O. F. Semi-annual: Chief, companion, Thomas F. Quinn; vice companion, Daniel J. Quinn; secretary, Miss Rose Ward; treasurer, Mrs. Helen McLeary; right guide, Miss Leonard; left guide, Mrs. Annie Smith; inside guide, Mrs. Rachel McPhail; outside guide, Michael Gilligan; trustee, Mrs. Mary Ross; physician, Dr. James P. McAdams.

TALBOT CONCLAVE, K. S. P. Past Commander, James W. Plandau; chief commander, P. R. Monahan; vice commander, A. A. Plandau; paymaster, Donald O'Brien; adjutant, James B. Sullivan; first lieutenant, John B. Roy; second lieutenant, Michael McMillen; sergeant major, Fred Vahley; first sergeant, Louis Lucier; second sergeant, Frank Willett; master, William Thomas Morris; drill captain, John E. Moran; trustee, Michael Boyle; physician, Dr. James P. McAdams.

DORCAS TWELVE, R. S. M. E. C. Lillian Fisher; E. S., Edith Brown; M. J., Sadie King; M. of T., M. A. Griffith; M. of R. and C., Cora Gilman; M. of A., Cora Stiles; P. of T., Cora Chase; G. of O. T., Mary A. Gilman; P. C. of T., Stella Garland; representative for three years, Ida Johnson; trustee for three years, S. E. Roman, THOMPSON COM. GOLDEN CROSS.

Noble grand, A. J. Mountford; vice grand, Ella Yagerhorn; prelate, Rose Pickering; keeper of records, Lorenzo J. Jewett; treasurer, Walter H. Enright; herald, Charles Cook; warden of inner gate, Mrs. C. M. Young; warden of outer gate, James Honey; trustee, William Jones; Arthur Hall, Rose Pickering; representative to grand council, A. J. Mountford; alternate, Miss Julia D. Hall; financial receiver of records, Charles M. Young.

BRIBERY CHARGE

Brought Against Aldermen of Chicago.

POOL ROOMS IN LOUISVILLE CLOSED.

Warden Woodbridge of Hartford Resigns.

Chicago, Dec. 29.—Allegations of bribery in city affairs are under investigation by the grand jury, and the entire city council has been asked to appear before that body. The inquiry was begun yesterday. The investigation will not be confined especially to charges made in connection with the 60-year street car franchise ordinance. Alleged bribery in other matters of public importance will receive attention. Shortly before noon yesterday the clerk of the grand jury was instructed to send out subpoenas for nine aldermen and two ex-aldermen. All of these except one appeared during the afternoon. All who appeared were heard. Enough evidence of interest was brought out to determine the grand jury to proceed along the line adopted, and the clerk was instructed to send out subpoenas for every member of the Chicago city council to appear.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Quincy, Mass., Dec. 29.—Owing to the arrival in port yesterday of the fishing schooner George B. Lane, Jr. of Gloucester, with Charles Hanson on board, the Quincy police are now in a quandary as to the identification of the burglar, who was shot and killed in John Shaw's library last Thursday morning. The body had been positively identified by Charles Matson of Gloucester, who knew Hanson well, and a peculiar feature of his identification was the "scar" in the right eye of the dead man, which had been overlooked previous to the time when Matson called attention to it.

Louisville, Dec. 29.—For the first time in the history of the city the pool rooms are permanently closed. For some time a bitter fight has been waged upon the pool room interests, which resulted in the three rooms in this city being raided Saturday, and over 125 men were arrested. There were dismissed at a preliminary hearing, but as the grand jury had announced its intention to continue raiding them, the proprietors came into the criminal court yesterday and stated that they had determined to close their doors permanently. In view of this fact all indictments against them have been dismissed.

Hartford, Dec. 29.—At a special meeting of the state prison directors yesterday the resignation of Warden Woodbridge was formally requested, and upon receipt of the communication from the board, the warden tendered his resignation. This action is the sequel to the recent conviction of H. K. Woodbridge, a son of the warden, who was recently sentenced to state prison for five years for defrauding the commission while a clerk in the prison. The board does not believe that Warden Woodbridge is in any manner personally implicated in the defalcations.

New York, Dec. 29.—The Railroad Gazette states that during the past year all the contracting locomotive shops in the United States, outside of the railroad shops, constructed 1875 locomotives, as against 1251 last year, an increase of nearly 50 per cent. The total output of cars will aggregate 65,158. Of these 1663 were for export. The past year was the best for the car building industry since 1890, the record breaking year, when the total number of freight and passenger cars built by contracting firms was 103,000.

Buda Pest, Dec. 29.—Lieutenant General Macastell-Keklevich has been sentenced by court-martial to military imprisonment for five years for forging on bills of exchange the name of Austria, Imperial Crown Princess Stephanie. He became notorious some time ago, owing to a fierce duel he fought with Prince Philip of Sax-Coburg, and Gotha, husband of Princess Louise Marie of Belgium, whose love affairs with the lieutenant were at one time the talk of Vienna, and who is now confined in a private lunatic asylum.

Portsmouth, N. H., Dec. 29.—Two weeks ago the bodies of two children, about 6 months old, were found under a stump in a hollow near this city. The matter was kept a secret. The coroner yesterday charged Miss Rachael Glenn, a girl of 20, with the wilful murder of her twin children, and her mother and sister, Sarah, with aiding in the crime. The Glenns are prominent farmers. The three women will be arraigned.

Boston, Dec. 29.—Frank V. Dunn, a theatrical manager, was fined \$500 by Judge Sheldon in the superior criminal court yesterday for libel, and in addition was obliged to make a complete retraction of what reference he made concerning the character and reputation of lawyer Thomas J. Barry, which reference appeared on the programs distributed to the patrons of the theater.

THE D. S. A.'S

HAD GOOD TIME AT THEIR ROOMS LAST NIGHT.

The D. S. A. club held a sociable, smoke talk, cake walk, and a general good time at their club house on Lewis street last night with a large gathering of friends present to assist them in celebrating the events. The cake walk was interesting and the judges found great difficulty in selecting the winners but after a lengthy discussion it was decided to award the pastry to Edward Sullivan and Maria Cullen. The rooms of the club house were handsomely decorated with red, white and blue bunting. Over the entrance was a beautiful shield on which was the inscription "Welcome." The D. S. A.'s name in full is the Dodo Social Athletic club and notwithstanding the length and art connected with the name they have always been in good financial and social condition since their organization over a year ago when the association was brought about by a suggestion probably. That the club will do sufficient honor to the name remains to be seen. It will take considerable more time for the organization to acquire the fame that has been Dodo's for years. The principal officers of last night's affair were: General manager, Edward Sullivan; floor director, Patrick Harrington.

HOOD'S PILLS

Should be in every family medicine chest and every traveler's grip. They are healthy when the stomach is out of order, cure headache, biliousness, and all liver troubles. Mild and efficient. 25 cents.

BUY A PIANO

AT DOLL'S AND SAVE DOLLARS

No. 216 Merrimack Street.

BOXING GOSSIP.

McCoys has matched "Doc" Payne to box Jim Hurley twenty rounds in Savannah, Ga., on January 10. Sam Fitzpatrick, Pa., on January 10. Sam Fitzpatrick, Pa., on January 10.

There seems to be some misunderstanding between Kid McCoy, who is now training at Asbury Park for his fight with Tom Sharkey and J. Vinton Murphy, superintendent of the New York Golf club, relative to the Kid's invitation to play golf on the club's links. McCoy claims to have been invited to use the Dodo links, while Murphy insists that McCoy cannot use these grounds under any circumstances. The controversy has caused considerable comment among Asbury Park's 400. The Kid threatens to build golf links of his own and will bar the avenue.

Gus Ruhlin, the Alton giant, who is to fight Joe Choyneki at the Lenox club on January 3, is out with a challenge to meet the winner of the McCoy-Sharkey fight for a substantial side bet. Ruhlin believes he should be considered before the successful one goes after Fitzsimmons for the high honors.

According to the American Wool and Cotton Reporter there were during the last six months 107 new textile mills constructed or projected in the United States against 166 for the first half of 1897 and 48 for the last six months of 1896. For the entire year, the new and projected number 262, against 455 for the year 1897. Of the 107 mills, 73 have been or are to be devoted to the manufacture of cotton, 11 to woolen, 14 to knit goods, hosiery, etc., and four to miscellaneous purposes such as silk manufacturing, carpet manufacturing, etc. Of the mills mentioned, 14 are located in northern states, 59 in southern states and the balance in western ones.

YESTERDAY'S FIRE.

An alarm at 9:09 p. m. at 4:45 o'clock yesterday afternoon was for an incipient blaze in a house on Salem street owned by G. F. Morry.

DUST TO DUST.

THE REMAINS OF MRS. MARTHA PERLEY INTERMENT.

The last sad rites over the remains of the late Mrs. Martha A. Perley, who died Monday at her home on Varney street, were held yesterday morning at the residence of the deceased. Mrs. Perley, who had been a constant member of the Unitarian church, was also a devotee of the church and a God-fearing woman. For more than half a century she had resided on Varney street and she was one of the pioneer residents of that section of the city. She was a great friend to the poor and always offered her services to those who were in need of them. Her death greatly shocked her multitude of friends as it was only after a few days' illness, which was not regarded at the outset as being serious, that she died. The demise of the deceased was rendered particularly and because of the frequent visitation of grief to the Perley household, several members of the family having passed away during a brief space of time. Mrs. Perley was married in the house in which she died to Mr. Enoch Perley about fifty years ago. The late Edward Perley, cashier of the Appleton National bank, was the oldest son of the deceased. A daughter, Miss Josephine, died recently. The sister of the deceased, Mrs. Alice Almon, stenographer in the U. S. Almon brothers' exchange office and Mr. George Perley of the City Institution for savings. They have the profound sympathy of a large circle of relatives and friends in their bereavement. Her C. T. Billings, pastor of the Unitarian, officiated at the services and spoke of the virtues of the deceased.

A quartet consisting of Charles D. Foster, Edward Burns, Edmund Ed. Paige, Edward Burns, Edmund Ed. Paige, and Edward R. Wirt, rendered appropriate hymns. The casket was hidden from view by the floral tributes. Seven pieces of handsome design laid out surrounded the casket. From the home the cortege proceeded to the Lowell cemetery, where the remains were interred. The life just gone out was a long, as well as a useful one. She was a loving mother, and very kind, though a discrete mother. The position which her children held among their fellow men, both in business and social circles is the result of the training they received by word and example from their mother. The bearers of the funeral were: George L. Hutton, Perry F. Stiles, Charles E. Gee and Leroy J. Hall.

CLOSING SESSION

OF THE ANNUAL CONVENTION OF THE AMERICAN ECONOMIC ASSOCIATION.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

New Haven, Conn., Dec. 29.—At the closing days' session of the American Economic association convention now being held in this city, the report of the special committee on banking and currency was presented by the committee consisting of Prof. E. M. Taylor at the University of Michigan, chairman; Professors W. W. Wasson of Harvard; J. W. Jencks of Cornell; Sidney Sherwood of John Hopkins and David Kinney of University of Illinois.

The other papers read at the morning session were one by Prof. John B. Clark of Columbia on "Dynamic Standards of Wages and Interest," and one by Prof. Charles A. Tuttle of Washburn college on "A Fundamental Error of the Classical Economists."

The afternoon session was given up to the consideration of the following papers: "The Recent Study of Practical Labor Problems in France," by Dr. W. F. Willoughby of the United States department of labor; "Municipal Taxation as a Means of Public Control of Corporations," by Mr. C. W. Curtis of the City Bank, New Haven; and "The Nature of Municipal Franchises," by Dr. Max West of the United States department of agriculture.

This evening the convention will meet with the American Historical association to discuss the United States present foreign policy.

MUNICIPAL NEWS

Board of Aldermen Will Meet Again.

CANDIDATES FOR OFFICES AND THEIR CHANCES

Other News of Political Nature.

The superintendent of public buildings having been elected and nearly all the year's business transacted, public attention is now drawn to the election for the new position of inspector of streets, an important office which the Sun has advocated for several years.

The committee on salaries a few days ago took up the matter of salary for the inspector and after some discussion placed the figure at \$1000, the official to give all his time to the work. Just how great or trying the duties of the office may be, the committee could not judge and accordingly awarded a comparatively low compensation. It makes no provision for a horse and carriage for the inspector in his rounds.

Some time ago several applicants made known their intentions to the mayor and a few days ago, a civil service examination of the candidates was held and all who took it are republicans. On Tuesday night Mayor Bennett announced his appointment of Robert Ferris, who passed the examination with a high mark, and who appears to be thoroughly competent for the position. Alderman Derby, however, had another candidate whom he tried to force upon the meeting despite the mayor's refusal to recognize his claim. The only republican who supported him was Alderman Goward.

As there is no democratic candidate for the position, it is very probable that at the meeting of the aldermen on tomorrow night the democrats will vote for the confirmation of Mr. Ferris. Mr. Tilton's job as superintendent of commons is being sought by quite a number of candidates of both parties and there is every chance for a democrat to turn the trick. Prominent among the candidates and strongly among them is Peter E. McMahon, of ward two. Mr. McMahon is a native of Lowell. He went to work when quite young and has never been without an occupation since. The first position was with the late C. W. Cheney on Middle street where he remained for 12 years for several of which he was Mr. Cheney's confidential clerk. After the death of Mr. Cheney, he assisted in the settlement of the estate, after which he was employed by William S. Grady & Co. Mr. McMahon is a progressive young man, industrious, honest and popular. He has many friends at work in his interest and is likely to show considerable strength in the fight. He is married and lives at 178 Fayette street.

Another candidate for superintendent of commons who has a strong following in both branches is Daniel J. Cosgrove, a well known resident of ward four. He has had wide experience as a market man and is now a clerk for Mr. McCaffrey on Gorham street. He is a man who would fill the place with efficiency and ensure a proper performance of all the duties attached to the office. He has been confined to his home with the grippe since election day.

Another democratic candidate who has friends in both branches is Mr. James Walsh, the well known landscape gardener and contractor, whose conservatories are located in the Highlands. Mr. Walsh has wide experience in the gardening line. Councilman Whitte has a brother in the fight on the republican end.

The fight for Supt. Cheney's position is going along in a surprisingly quiet manner but to state that Supt. Cheney is worried is putting it light. It is known that Supt. Cheney mortally fears one of the democratic candidates and has visited several prominent citizens seeking ineffectually their aid in getting this particular candidate out of the field.

Some of Mr. Cheney's estimable republican friends are very sore on him for what they call his favoritism. They claim that the city auditors' books show that he has given nearly all his outside teaming to Charles Clapp with whom he was connected in the horse affair, when they believe that he should have distributed his patronage more evenly.

INAUGURATION DAY.

Hon. Jeremiah Crowley will take the oath of office as mayor of Lowell soon after 9 o'clock on Monday morning. The exercises will be held in the aldermen's chamber, as in previous years and will follow the usual informal reception in the mayor's reception room. Judge Samuel P. Hadley will administer the oath, a duty that he has performed many times and the prayer will be made by Rev. Michael O'Brien.

There will be floral decorations. Admission will be by ticket.

The inaugural notices sent out to members of the new city council contain a new feature this year in the form of the following section from the city charter:

"The mayor, aldermen and common council shall meet in convention, on the first Monday of January in each year, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon, and shall be sworn to the faithful discharge of their duties. After the oaths shall be taken, the two boards shall separate, and the common council shall be organized in the manner hereinafter provided. In case either of said officers is not present on said first Monday of January said oath may be administered at any time thereafter in convention of the two boards. In all cases, a record of such oaths having been taken shall be entered in the journal of the proceedings of the board of aldermen, and of the common council by their respective clerks."

Following the usual custom, the newly elected members of the city council will meet Saturday night and draw for seats.

Councilman Murkland, Wiggin, Paige Badger, Brown and Markham are candidates for the presidency of the common council next year.

Just how the trick was turned no one

could tell yesterday, but the election of Henry E. Doherty to the office of superintendent of public buildings on the first ballot was the principal topic of conversation at City Hall yesterday. There were no deals made and most of the republicans who voted for Mr. Doherty, go out of office this week. He is no democrat in office need worry over the strange move. Undoubtedly it was the cleverest political move made in City Hall in many years. Mr. Doherty will undoubtedly make a competent official and will not be disturbed for a year at least.

Councilman Murkland is a republican candidate for president of the council. He'll make a fine one—for a mock session.

Since the salary of the clerk of the council has been raised \$100 by the council with a good chance of concurrence by the aldermen, it will not be surprising to see a big increase in the number of candidates for the position. Frank M. Dowling, this year's clerk, will be opposed again by Daniel N. Pickering, while there will be a democrat or two after the position.

Councilman Lang upon retiring from his year's service, found it necessary to state to a Mail reporter that he had been a republican all year.

SEVEN SOLD ERS.

Catholics, all mingled together, in order to show that our sacred standard of liberty would float proudly on Cuban soil and in far-off Manila. People of Billerica, I am glad to be with you this evening, to say to our boys, we love you, and we hope that God will bless you."

Major E. T. Howell spoke of the pleasure it gave him to accept an invitation to go to Billerica. "I could have told these young men from what I know of Billerica, that what has happened was just what they might expect from Billerica. The people of Billerica never neglect their sons who go out in their country's interest, and they always give them a cordial welcome."

"It has seemed to me that these soldiers have a higher order of patriotism that called them into the service of the United States, than the soldiers of the Confederacy, when I enlisted in the war of the Rebellion. The motive that actuated the volunteers of '61 was the preservation of a good government. It was selfish. But what did these young men enlist for? For a sentiment, the sentiment of humanity."

Dr. Hosmer, a veteran of the war of the rebellion and father of Sergeant Hosmer, referred to the dangers of a tropical climate more sure and certain than the dangers from Spanish bullets that were encountered by the soldiers of the late war. "Soldiers of the war of '98," he said in conclusion, "the veterans of the war of '61 say that your names are forevermore enrolled in the records of the soldiers of Billerica."

Commander S. A. Pickering of the Sons of Veterans of Lowell conveyed a tribute of respect from that organization to the soldiers who have returned from the Spanish war and endorsed the sentiments expressed by Major Howell as to the feeling which induced them to enlist. "When a man enlists and goes away from his home he is a brave man, I do not care if he does not see a battle."

C. L. McCleery said that as he was neither in the war of '61 nor in that of '98, he had no reminiscences but he was just old enough at the time of the civil war to have full appreciation of the patriotism that existed at that time, and he thought the same spirit prevailed among the soldiers that were going to the front in the Spanish-American war. He referred to the imperialists and anti-imperialists and said that the country could be trusted to safely decide these questions.

Rev. Mr. Knowles of the Baptist Church of North Billerica spoke facetiously of the fleeing of the Spanish troops before the Sixth Massachusetts. "America" was sung by the audience and then an informal reception to the soldiers was held upon the platform, the people going forward and shaking hands.

A collation at the Millhurst was afterward served to the soldiers and invited guests. The following gentlemen served as ushers: Messrs. L. W. Buckley, John E. Bull, M. J. Coughlin, Geo. Crosby, Warren Holden, Martin Conway.

A passenger train on the Atchafalaya, Topeka and Santa Fe railroad was wrecked near Hocke, Col. Many passengers were badly shaken up, but none of them seriously injured.

shortness of breath—a sensation of dryness and heat in the throat. Neglect is dangerous.

HALE'S MONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR

Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar cures the cough, the throat and bronchitis. Use it before it is too late. Sold by druggists.

Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

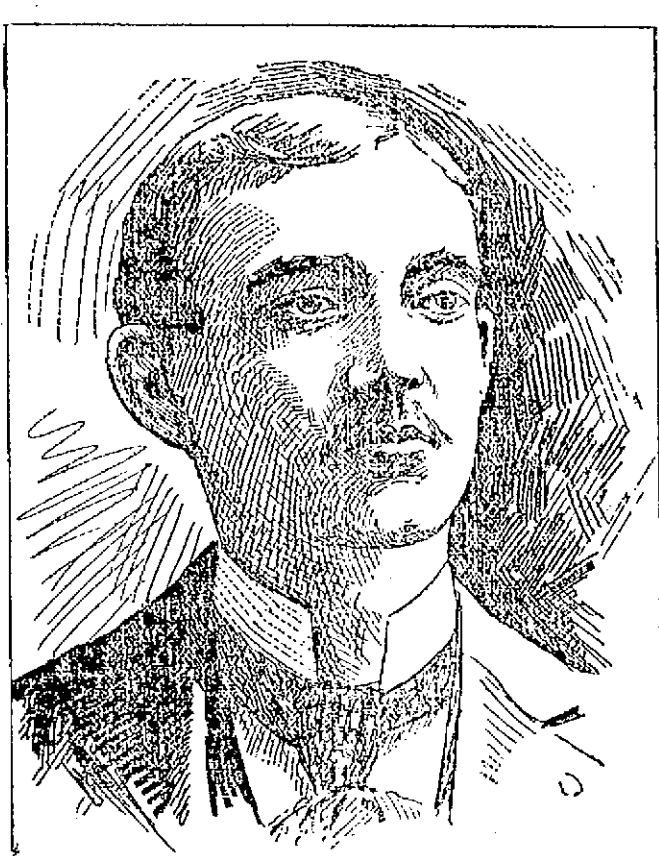
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PETER E. McMAHON, Candidate for Superintendent of Commons.

REBELS ACTIVE CATHOLIC PRIEST

Attacked a Detachment of Thirty British Soldiers Elected to the Rights of Pythias.

LIEUT. HANNYNTON WAS INJURED. HAS NOT YET BEEN INITIATED.

The Rebels Loss Was 100 Men. He Awaits Approval of the Archbishops.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Calcutta, India, Dec. 20.—Advices received here from British East Africa, say on Oct. 10th, a force of rebels attacked a detachment of thirty men belonging to the 27th Baluchis, commanded by Lieut. Hannington which was marching to Hashtid. A native officer and 15 men were killed and nine men wounded including Lieut. Hannington, who was shot through the right arm and had his left hand shattered by a bullet. The rear guard rallied the enemy and the wounded were conveyed 14 miles to Kishtid on the western shore of Lake Kiboga, which place was held by a company of Baluchis.

The rebels lost one hundred men. Lieut. Hannington was killed and 15 men were killed and nine men wounded including Lieut. Hannington, who was shot through the right arm and had his left hand shattered by a bullet. The rear guard rallied the enemy and the wounded were conveyed 14 miles to Kishtid on the western shore of Lake Kiboga, which place was held by a company of Baluchis.

GEN. SHAFTER WILL BE ASSIGNED TO COMMAND OF DEPARTMENT OF CALIFORNIA.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

San Francisco, Cal., Dec. 20.—Official notice has been received by Major-General Merriam that General Shafter is to be again assigned to the command of the department of California. It is expected that General Shafter will take charge about the tenth of next month. General Merriam has not yet been assigned. He may go north again to the department of the Columbia. The impression prevails, however, that he will go to Denver to command the department of Colorado and that the department of California and Columbia will be combined under Shafter.

LINCOLN IN BAS RELIEF.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Chicago, Dec. 20.—Abraham Lincoln, in his relief on a tablet of bronze, may adorn the turret of the battleship Illinois. Former Congressman George B. Adams has written to Governor Tanner asking him to recommend to the legislature an appropriation for a memorial tablet of that design. Besides the figure of the martyr president, Mr. Adams suggests that an inscription be placed below with extracts from Lincoln's Gettysburg speech.

AGUSTUS W. PETERS PROMINENT TAMMANY MAN DIED VERY SUDDENLY THIS MORNING.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

New York, Dec. 20.—Augustus W. Peters, president of the Borough of Manhattan, died very suddenly at his home in this city today of heart disease. He was for many years president of the Consolidated Exchange and chairman of the Tammany executive committee. Mr. Peters was a prominent Mason. He was born at St. John, N. B., and was 54 years of age.

McROSSON—KEENAN.

Mr. Hugh McCrosson, a well known and popular employee of the Collinsville mills weaved room and Miss Mary Keenan were united in marriage last evening at St. Peter's parochial residence by the pastor, Rev. Fr. Roman. The bride was attended by Miss Mary Moran and the best man was John J. Winters. After the ceremony a reception was held at 31 Chippewa street and many friends of the happy couple called and extended congratulatory wishes for a long and happy married life. They also left many beautiful wedding gifts. After the reception Mr. and Mrs. McCrosson left on a wedding trip to several eastern cities. On their return, they will reside at 74 Tyler street, and will be at home after January 4.

Beecham's pills for constipation 10¢ and 25¢. Get the book at your druggist's and go by it.

Annual sales more than 6,000,000 boxes.

THE INSURGENTS OF THE FILIPINOS

Have Established a Government They Have Been Loyal to the Americans.

GUARDS OVER FOREIGN PROPERTY. SO SAYS AN ENGLISH CORRESPONDENT.

The Make-up of Their Cabinet. Refused Overtures of Germany and France.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Manila, Dec. 20.—Details regarding the occupation of Iloilo by the insurgents have just been received here. The American expedition commanded by Brigadier General Miller arrived there yesterday and found that the Spaniards had evacuated the place on Saturday on board the steamer Churruarín and had been transferred to the Island of Mindanao, in accordance with an agreement arrived at with the insurgents. The latter entered Iloilo and occupied the trenches on Monday at noon. They immediately established a municipal government and placed guards over foreign property. The insurgents were fairly quiet and orderly, although there was some looting at night. But five of the natives were shot, which had an exemplary effect on the rest.

The only foreign warship in the harbor was the German second class cruiser Irene.

The Filipino cabinet is composed as follows: President of the Cabinet and Minister of Foreign Affairs: Mabank. Minister of War: Luna. Minister of the Interior: Aranola. Minister of Agriculture and Commerce: Buencamino.

DEATHS.

ALDEN—Mrs. George A. Alden, nee Susan W. Allen, died in Watertown on Tuesday. Funeral this afternoon. The burial will be private.

BUTTERS—George B. Butters of East Chelmsford who died at his home Tuesday, aged 70 years 7 months, was born in Bedford and was a farmer by occupation. He had been an invalid about two years. His wife died in November, 1896.

McQUADE—Kate McQuade, aged 31 years, died this morning at her home, 230 Concord street, after a lingering illness borne with scarcely any complaint and with great fortitude. She was an esteemed member of the Immature Concepcion guild and her death will be regretted and mourned by her many acquaintances who had learned to respect and esteem her for her many good qualities. Those of her immediate family will have the sympathy of all on the loss of a dutiful daughter and a loving sister. Deceased was a native of Lowell and has resided here all her life. She obtained her education in the public schools of this city. She leaves a father and mother, Mr. and Mrs. Patrick McQuade, four brothers, Patrick, Andrew, Charles and James, and two sisters, Jennie and Margaret. Friends are requested not to send flowers.

COBB—Abigail Cobb, aged 82 years, 6 months and 3 days, died this morning at the home of her daughter Mrs. C. H. Fogg, 10 Robbins street.

FWARTZ—Samuel Fwartz, aged 23 years, died yesterday at 455 Gorham street. He is unmarried. The funeral took place this afternoon and the remains were sent to Pellum, N. H., for interment.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Omaha, Dec. 20.—The standing committee of the diocese of Nebraska has decided to refuse his canonical consent to the consecration of Dr. Morrison as bishop of Iowa.

Providence, Dec. 20.—The jury in the manslaughter case of John McWilliams, Jr., disagreed. They stood 11 to 1 for conviction, and were discharged after being locked up 23 hours and 20 minutes.

Princeton, N. J., Dec. 20.—A young man was hanged yesterday for the killing of Nathan Stark, a young farmer, Oct. 29, 1897, while trying to rob him. The man sang two songs and made a speech on the scaffold.

Manistee, Mich., Dec. 20.—Details have reached here of the burning to death of Bruce and Alice Milks, children of Truman Milks of Maple Grove township. The children were left in the house for a short time, and when the father returned the house was in flames.

San Francisco, Dec. 20.—A local paper says: Supreme Court Clerk Ward has discovered carelessness in the handling of the supreme court records of this state. Hundreds of thousands of important cases are missing, and it is doubtful if they can ever be replaced. The papers involve millions of dollars.

Madrid, Dec. 20.—Senator Sagasta, who has been suffering from bronchial pneumonia, is much better, and is now considered out of danger. Senator Emilio Castelar, the Republican orator and statesman, who has been confined to his room for some time with a serious pulmonary catarrh, is improving.

Halifax, Dec. 20.—The officials of the dockyards have been informed that during 1899 an increase will be made in the British fishery protection fleet of Newfoundland. This move will be made in view of steps said to have been taken by the French government to strengthen its fleet by adding three ships.

Seville, Dec. 20.—A number of the recently arrested Carlists, it is rumored, are being tortured to induce them to swear allegiance to King Alfonso, and to reveal details regarding the Carlist organization. Such reports are, of course, denied officially, but they are believed throughout the country. Detailed stories tend to show that torture is quite common in Spanish prisons.

Columbus, O., Dec. 20.—Out of respect for the late Senator Morrill of Vermont, and in recognition of the educational value of his services to this country, the Ohio state university, which, with more than 50 other colleges and universities in the United States, owes its beginning to the foresight and wisdom of Mr. Morrill, will hold memorial services, probably during the second or third week of the new term.

G. O. Taylor Whiskies, Import strength and vigor.

THE INSURGENTS OF THE FILIPINOS

Have Established a Government They Have Been Loyal to the Americans.

GUARDS OVER FOREIGN PROPERTY. SO SAYS AN ENGLISH CORRESPONDENT.

The Make-up of Their Cabinet. Refused Overtures of Germany and France.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

London, Dec. 20.—A correspondent of the Globe, writing from Hong Kong on Nov. 28, says: It will be a great misfortune if, through hasty action or ignorance of the actual state of affairs, the Filipino natives fight against the Americans. Hitherto, although the Americans have often given great provocation, the Filipinos have shown great forbearance and a strong dislike to come to blows. They do not want to fight and if the Americans only meet them half way will go well. There is much to be gained by a just, statesmanlike settlement with the natives, while there will undoubtedly be great losses through a continuance of arbitrary treatment. The just application of the people ought to be taken into consideration and I believe they would be if only the proper men are sent out by the president to settle the question of the future government of the islands on the spot after proper deliberation and very careful investigation. Such a commission would discover that the Filipino leaders have been loyal to the Americans. I am now informed that they refused to consider the overtures of Germany and France. When Prince Henry visited Hong Kong he caused the Filipino leaders there to visit him and informed them that he was empowered to promise the natives full recognition of their national government. If they would come to Germany as a gold mine, a new really sealing station. France, more recently made similar advances and in each case the reply was: "We cannot settle anything with you. The Americans promised us independence and we wish to wait and see what the Americans will do for us."

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEVITIES.

MRS. FRANCES ALLEN, daughter of Senator and Mrs. Roger C. Mills of Texas, was married at Washington in the Church of the Covenant to Lieutenant George Allen, U. S. M. C.

Charles F. Orthwein, the millionaire grain merchant and street car magnate, died at St. Louis.

John W. Chaffant, the well-known steel manufacturer of Pittsburgh, is dead, aged 67.

The steamer Cottage City arrived at Seattle Wash., from the north, with Governor Brady of Alaska on board. He is going to Washington to secure needed legislation.

Grand Duke Cyril Vladimirovich of Russia arrived at San Francisco on the steamer China, and left for the east.

Claude E. P. T. de Corcelles, former secretary of the French legation in Washington, and a maternal grandson of Lafayette, died at Paris in his 87th year.

The American Spirits Manufacturing company and the Standard Distilling and Distributing company announce an advance of 1 cent a gallon in the price of spirits.

THE ONLY ALTERNATIVE.

There is but One Way to Restore Prosperity to the People.

The par of exchange among nations can be restored in only one of two ways—either by the universal adoption of the gold standard, so that all nations shall use a common measure of metal, or by the restoration of genuine bimetalism, so that all nations may possess a common measure composed of the joint volume of both gold and silver. But we have seen that the universal adoption of the gold standard is impossible. To say nothing of the folly of attempting its extension to the myriads of India and the 400,000,000 of awakening Mongolians about the Yellow Sea, its establishment in all its rigor, even in Europe, would produce such a cataclysm of disaster and misery due to the enforced annihilation of hundreds of millions of dollars of silver and silver supported paper, with their superimposed credit, that a social chaos would supervene, compared to which, the dark ages would seem like an Arcadian era.

The advocates of the gold standard have no remedy to propose for falling prices. Indeed, as has been already noted, many of them justify and desire the fall. Such is the position of our opponents in these debates. Thus not only does their system produce a money of unstable value, and unstable in the interest of the creditor against the debtor, but it is designed and expected to do so. Let the people take note of this. We therefore reach the conclusion that the only way to bring back a par of exchange between gold and silver and the only way to stop the fall of prices and provide a money unit of relatively stable value is by restoring to silver the full money opportunities of which it has been deprived by law by again authorizing "the coinage and use of silver as standard money co-ordinately with gold." Here, in strictness, I might stop. Yet, since the advocates of bimetalism have the affirmative today, we may well be expected to propose ways and means of accomplishing no object declared to be desirable and necessary.

THE VALUE OF GOLD.

Its Money Value Depends Wholly Upon Law.

Even the commercial value or price of gold as expressed in dollars, or francs, is controlled by the law. Why? Because the dollars, pounds and francs in which the value is expressed are themselves the creation of law. There are no "dollars" in nature. "Dollars" are not dug from the mine. They never

with us.

SUNLIGHT

Shoe Store

100 Central Street, W. S. GRADY.

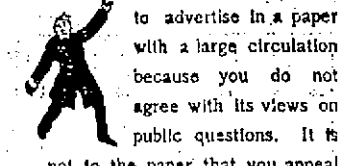
Repairing of all kinds and Making of Custom Boots.

SEASON'S GREETINGS

And a Happy New Year we wish to all the Patrons of the Sunlight Shoe Store. The satisfaction obtained by buying here is contagious—it has spread. Many new faces tell us "How Deep it Has Struck in. December has so far and will be a memorable month with us."

THE LOWELL SUN
JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor.
SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.
Member of the Associated Press.
\$5.00 Per Year. 25c. Per Month.

NEVER REFUSE

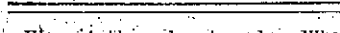


to advertise in a paper with a large circulation because you do not agree with its views on public questions. It is not to the paper that you appeal for trade, but to its readers. If you solicit patronage from those only who think as you do, you had better go out of business before you lose every dollar you have.

You may not agree with THE SUN on all questions, but if you take the trouble to look into its circulation, you will agree that you cannot afford to be out of its columns if you advertise at all.

THE SUN has a larger circulation than any two other papers in Lowell, and it is the cheapest advertising medium in this city on the basis of actual circulation. It's

LOWELL'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER.



Worcester has a love tragedy. What city has not had experience in this line?

Get ready your New Year's resolutions, even though they last but a fortnight.

If the cold spell continues, it will not be so easy for the skaters to cheat the undertakers.

Rev. Fr. Reynolds, O. M. I., is to be congratulated upon the devotion and good will shown him by his new flock.

The coup effected by Mayor Bennett on Tuesday evening was the cleverest he accomplished during his incumbency.

Quier, the stair-builder, was unable to build a staircase that would land him in the office of superintendent of health and buildings.

The city of Lowell wants a competent man for inspector of wires and one who will not be the tool of any corporation stringing wires in our streets.

The scent of the horse, as connected with city hall, will never become an issue in the city politics of Clinton-Clinton Herald.

Possibly donkeys are the only occupants.

It is too bad that that scene between Mayor Bennett and Alderman Derby was not enacted in front of the kinetoscope so that it could be reproduced for the edification of the general public. Both men have lost a great opportunity to make their names famous.

If the law permitted, the city council would abolish the board of assessors as the easiest method of solving a difficulty that has been nursed for years. It goes as a legacy to the next year's city government. Why was not the whole matter left to Councilman Howe?

That was a good catch made by Inspector Lankham and Officer Bumps on Middlesex street on Tuesday evening. Matson is a skillful burglar. Unless he served an apprenticeship in his native land, he made rapid progress in the business after his arrival in this country.

The sentence of W. A. E. Moore to 15 years for conspiring with his wife to rob a man lured to her apartments is none too heavy. It will have a good effect in stopping a practice that is more common than is generally supposed, because most of the victims keep quiet, not wishing to get into notoriety under such circumstances.

The city council did well not to cut down the salary of purchasing agent from \$2400 as that office is one of the most difficult to fill in the city. Even the mayor has not so onerous or laborious and critical services to perform as has the incumbent of this office. If the duties of the office are faithfully performed for \$2400 the city certainly gets the worth of its money in this instance.

There is to be a great legal battle over the claims for damages against the Portland Steamship company. The company has petitioned for a limitation of its responsibility to the wreck, loss of the vessel, passengers and freight money, and to defeat this it must be shown that the vessel was defective and unseaworthy in a storm. The company will adopt every means to evade payment of the claims.

On March 23, 1855, the supreme court of the United States decided that any child born within the territory of the United States of parents who are residents of that territory, is a citizen of the United States, without regard to race, color, etc. Thus only the present generation of aliens in the Hawaiian population can be barred from the exercise of the franchise. The same would be true of Cuba, Porto Rico, and the

Philippines in case these were declared to be United States territory by treaty provisions or otherwise. The people born in these states or territories after the ratification of the treaty will have the right to come here and exercise all the rights of citizens just as the citizens of our various states today move from one commonwealth to another.

Samuel Gompers has been re-elected president of the American Federation of Labor. He seems to be the right man in the right place, because at present he is keeping his organization in good condition, he is battling for reforms and holding his own against the combined attacks of the enemies of labor in the press, on the platform, and in legislative halls. Gompers is a progressive man, not only in and so far as we can judge, an honest man. He has not shown any disposition to sell out the organization for political preferment, as did Master Workman Powderly with the Knights of Labor. We predict that Mr. Gompers will give entire satisfaction in the office as he has done in the past.

Mrs. Avery, who has espoused the manufacturers' side in the Marlboro strike has become very obnoxious to the union workers. A few of the shops have started with non-union help, but there is no possibility of maintaining shops without some bond of union among operatives. If non-union employees go to work now, they will organize later on, openly if they may, secretly if they must and in so doing they exercise a simple right and one of which they should not be robbed. The manufacturers are organized for mutual protection and they would consider it the worst kind of tyranny to be prohibited from so doing; yet their employees are entitled to equal freedom in this respect.

President McKinley says the currency of the country cannot be changed for four years at least. The president may be ever-sanguine in this regard. His successor might be chosen in 1900 and sign a new currency bill after the opening of the new congress. Even the money magnates may be able to carry their point in the meantime in spite of the president. If the president, however, should turn for free silver, he could count abundantly from his own speeches in congress to show the consistency of his position.

Mayor Bennett is no longer notorious of winning republican approval. His party turned him down and for the remainder of his term in office he cannot be expected to make any great personal or political sacrifice to uphold the banner of republicanism in this city. His election cost him all it was worth and perhaps a good deal more, so that Mayor Bennett is not under any obligation to any party. Personally he was a firm adherent of the pay-as-you-go policy.

Things have come to a pretty pass in the war department when the first general and by all odds the most experienced and trustworthy commander in the country is threatened with court-martial for telling the truth. It is the head of being disciplined that prevented the rank and file from telling the truth and it was probably because of his dread that an investigation was springing before the troops were mustered out.

Senator Morrill, the Nestor of the United States senate, has passed away at a ripe old age. He was a man of ability, a staunch republican, the author of the Morrill tariff of 1891, a sort of precursor of the McKinley bill. He was to Vermont what Senator Hoar is to Massachusetts, though not recognized as of such eminent ability as our senior senator.

There is a wave of indignation against the sentence of Editor Wardner for contempt of court, not because anybody doubts his guilt, but because he is sentenced without a trial. It is the law and not the action of the court that is objected to.

CURRENT COMMENT.

Atlanta Constitution—Has it, indeed, come to this, that the precious doctrine of protection, which has in time befuddled all parties, and which has been held onto by the republicans as though it were the ark of the covenant, is nothing more than a myth as the democrats have been claiming for years and years. Yes, brethren, it has come to this, and it will come to worse, for by the time the next campaign begins, protection will be as dead as Julius Caesar, and the democratic doctrine of a tariff for revenue will be appropriated by the republicans. Well, it is a curious outcome of the republican financial policy that it should with one hand reduce the wages of our workmen below those of the pauper labor of Europe and with the other sweep the republican doctrine of protection into the ash barrel!

Brooklyn Eagle—The differences between Mills and Alger are not now of such vivid concern to the country as they were when the war was in progress. They can now reveal at each other to their heart's content without seriously affecting anybody but themselves. It happens, however, that quite a large number of graves in Cuba have been occupied by the witness (Mills) may be assumed to be an expert upon military matters. He admits that mistakes were made and he contends that some of them could have been avoided. The mistakes were expensive. They involved outlays not measured in money—lives figured in the cost. The mistake, however, the appointment of Shafter resulted in gratuitous sacrifice of life. There is blood upon the hands of the secretary of war, according to General Miles. That officer's testimony was sensational. It is a terrific indictment. It comes from a source from which there is none higher in the

United States. It will blacken the memory of the man from Michigan as long as his memory endures.

Boston Post—The plan for a so-called territorial government for Hawaii has been reported to the senate with a few changes from the draft presented. It is a curiosity. We may get used to setting up governments for subject peoples before we finish with Porto Rico, the Philippines and Cuba, but this latest essay in the new business is rather startling. It brings the American people face to face with the fact that the Declaration of Independence and this Constitution of the United States are "back numbers" at Washington.

Pawtucket Times—The United States senate is asked to consider charges preferred against one Marcus A. Hanna of Cleveland, O., in which it is submitted that the said Marcus A. Hanna did with malice aforethought break through the door and into the senatorial chamber at Washington and did then and there, by force, cajolery, threat and bribe, seize and possess himself of the seat lately vacated by one John Sherman, senator of Ohio and was sworn in, took the oath and held the same contrary to the wishes and in defiance of the protests of divers other ambitious politicians of the state of Ohio and the petitioners humbly pray that the said Marcus A. Hanna be and he hereby is deposed from said seat and cast into outer darkness.

Capt. A. T. Mahan in Engineering News—Mere just dealing and protection do not exhaust the demands of benevolence towards alien subjects, still in race childhood. The first but judicious, remedying of evils, the opportunities for fuller and happier lives which bound industries and local development afford. These also are a part of the duty of the sovereign power. Above all there must be constant recognition that self interest and benevolence are allied. The local warlike, the first taken into account. It is possible, of course, that it may at times have to yield to the necessities of the whole body, but it should be first considered.

BICYCLES AS BAGGAGE.

There has been a least case in the English courts on a question which is agitating cyclists all around the world. The case is that of a woman in the Queen's Bench division against the Great Northern railway company on behalf of one Britton seeking to recover expense paid for the conveyance of a bicycle from King's Cross to East Finchley. And after hearing and argument the court decided that the plaintiff could not recover for the reason that "a bicycle cannot be ordinary luggage within the definition." The special interest attaching to this case is found in the fact that the attorney for the plaintiff made his argument on the very lines on which cycling clubs are based in this country. He claimed that a bicycle came clearly within the definition of "personal luggage" for the reason that it was carried by the traveler for his own personal convenience and use in connection with his journey and was an article such as was ordinarily carried for that purpose. But his Lordship, in rendering his decision brushed away all such considerations by deciding that the idea of luggage must control and as luggage implies something that is "packed," not taken loose, like a bicycle, the wheelman lost his case.—Herald Post.

NORTH CHELMSFORD.

PHOTOGRAPHIC VIEWS ON EXHIBITION AT THE LIBRARY.

Some very fine photographic views of Alpine scenery from the Sella collection belonging to the Appalachian Mountain club of Boston, are now on exhibition at the North Chelmsford library, where they may be seen during the next two weeks by any one interested. The views will well repay a visit to the library rooms.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Armitage spent Christmas at the home of Mrs. Armitage's mother in Charlestown.

Harmon Dixon has returned from Hartford, Conn., where he has been spending the Christmas holidays with his brother.

Ibraace Coulter spent Christmas at the home of his folks in Granville.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. McCluskey spent Christmas at the home of Mr. McCluskey's folks in Lawrence.

Mr. Elsie H. Shaw and family spent Christmas at the home of Mrs. Shaw's cousins in Lowell.

William J. Shay, spent Christmas at the home of relatives in Wilton, N. H.

The election of officers of Troop F will take place in the town hall, this village on Monday evening next, Colonel Hagar in command.

TO BOSTON

MUST GO SIXTH REGIMENT COMPANIES FOR FINAL MUSTER-OUT.

The two local companies of the Sixth regiment will be mustered out of the United States service January 21 instead of January 22 as was first announced, the latter date falling upon Sunday. The military ceremony will not be performed in this city, Capt. Greig states, but the companies will have to go to Boston for this purpose. The efforts of Captains Greig and Fairweather to secure for their men the best accommodations for 75 cents per day during the period they are under orders, Jan. 20 to 21 inclusive, so that they might be able to eat at home or provide their own rations have proven unsuccessful as the powers that be have decided that the soldier boys must eat at the armory, or at least report at meal-times. Bids have been sent to Boston by two local suitors for the contract to cater at the armory and the contract will probably be awarded this week.

Thomas J. Garity of Co. G, Sixth Massachusetts, S. V., left the city yesterday for Amherst, Mass., where he is to join the Eighth Massachusetts regiment. Harry L. Young, also of Co. G and formerly chief usher at the Opera House, will also join the 8th in a few days.

Eugene Young of Co. G, denies the statement that Jose Hosi, his Porto Rican protégé, has any idea of returning to Boston. Jose is further and intends to ply his vocation in this country.

Fred E. Medina of Bellevue Medical college is spending the holidays with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Medina.

THE ARENA OF POLITICS

BIMETALLISM DEFINED.

It Is the Right to Use Either Gold or Silver as Money.

MAINTAINS PARITY OF METALS.

Places Each in Competition With the Other, Thus Making One Believe the Strain Upon the Other—Neither Can Rise in Value and Extort Tribute From the People.

The statement has been made to me that not one in ten of our voting population knows understandingly what bimetalism is, and I have been asked to define it.

It is the right to use either of two metals for money—gold and silver. The supply reaches the people through the mints of the government by the mints being open to coin all that comes. The option, known as the bimetallic option, is with the government and the people to use either of the two metals in the discharge of their obligations. If the government is paying its soldiers, its employees, its numerous officials or other obligations under bimetalism, it has the right to pay in money made from either metal. If the people are paying their taxes to city, state or nation, purchasing postage stamps or discharging their obligations to each other under bimetalism, they have the right to pay in money made from either of the two metals.

It thus places the two metals in competition with each other to supply the demand for money. Thus one relieves the strain upon the other, as one who relies the strain upon the other.

With the option with the people to use money made from either of the two metals they controlled the demand and placed that demand on the one that was the most accessible. If silver grew cheaper, they shifted the demand to it and took the demand away from gold; hence silver rose in commercial value and gold declined. If gold came to be the cheaper, they (the people) used it, thus shifting the demand to gold and taking it away from silver, and it was the demand thus controlled by the people, as such and as a government, that practically maintained the commercial parity of the two metals for all time prior to 1873.

Following the act of 1873, the option was given to the creditor to demand either of the two metals—just the reverse of bimetalism—and the result is that the creditor demands the dearer of the two metals, and the debtor gets the more apt he is to demand it. Under bimetalism, the use of two metals, the people could be depended upon naturally to shift the demand automatically to the cheaper of the two metals when either was cheaper than the other. Taking the demand away from the dearer brought it down in value, and placing it on the cheaper brought the latter up in value. Thus the commercial value of the two was maintained at a parity. The effect was to give practically the value of the two metals to our stock of metallic currency and furnished the basis for an equally enlarged volume of paper money—under a redemption monetary system.

The theory of the open mints to coin all that came of either metal was to let the supply reach the people. Close the mints to either, and you shut off the supply and force the use of the other. The open mints to the two metals gave the supply, and the people controlled the demand. If silver rose in value, it advanced the mints and was shipped abroad to pay debts—as it was for a time prior to 1873—or in exchange for gold, and the latter was added to the domestic supply that went to the mints and vice versa. Neither could rise in value and extort tribute from the people so long as the other was in competition with it—open mints and option with the people.

The government bought neither metal. The mints were open to coin all that came of either metal, and to give back the coins to those who had brought the bullion. It was coined free because it was state property for the government to facilitate and provide a way for money, one of the principal functions of society. Bimetalism therefore consists of open mints and option with the people to use either. Under bimetalism there is no such thing as gold contracts; it is "coin" contracts.

The reason why the demand, shifted from one metal to the other as exerted by a nation like the United States, will maintain the commercial parity of the two metals is because of the world's limited supply of the two metals. All the gold in the world at the present time available for money will go in the cube of 22 feet, all the silver in the cube of 68 feet. All the gold in the United States will go in an average size bedroom, all the silver in almost any farmer's barn.

W. H. HARVEY.

Harrison's Tension. We regret to state that the late issue of gold bonds for the city of Chicago have been approved by Carter H. Harrison, obscure mayor by the democrats in 1897. Mr. Harrison has frequently stated that he believed in Bryan and 16 to 1. Yet nearly all of his official acts belie the assertion. He no sooner took his seat than he set about to make up gold positions. Gold men were placed in all positions of prominence. Still he persisted in calling himself a Democrat. In the municipal battle of 1893 the Democrats polled 38,000 votes less than in 1896 as a result of his treason. Nothing daunted he still persisted that he was all right and presumed to dictate nominations for the county campaign. The result is that the party was completely routed on Nov. 8. Now he rises over its corpse and by authorizing the issue of gold bonds shows himself up in his true colors. The party is well rid of him.

HALL CAINE PRAISES US.

The Novelist's Eulogy of the United States.

AMERICA MASTER OF THE WORLD.

Gives Us Because We Are the Freest and the Most Intelligent and Moral People on Earth—Says Gold Worship in Our Worst Sin—Finds Us Very Religious—Does Not Think Our Big Cities Any Worse Than Europe's.

Hall Caine recently contributed a long article to the London Daily Telegraph entitled "Life in America," in which he said in part:

"I am about to produce an interview on a new principle—that of asking my own questions and writing my own replies."

"How did I find American journalism?"

"Better than most Englishmen have found it. More lady journalists are now engaged as interviewers than formerly, and they do their work as well as might be expected. Their personal descriptions are embarrassingly precise, but whatever the interviewer may be it is folly for Englishmen in America to attempt to escape him. Apparently there is no libel law in America strong, or swift enough to cope with the dings of space writers."

"The extraordinary vigor in the everyday work of the American journalist is what first impresses you. He is always on the nail. Today's subject is today's need, and whether it be the fate of the Philippines or how to sweep snow out of the streets the journalist tackles it for all it is worth."

"Then the general enterprises of the American press beyond comparison—greater than that of almost every other press in the world. Not even the London Times, Telegraph or Standard can surpass the amazing enterprise of the best papers of America. The best and most popular of the American newspapers appear to have neither policy nor party."

"Did I see any results of the war?"

"Yes, in the sudden and great revival of trade which is now brisk in America. Beyond that not a great deal that seemed to be a direct result. Indeed it is surprising how little impression the war has made on the minds and condition of the people of America. They hardly talk of it at all. The people give you the idea that they have turned down the page of the Spanish war for good."

"What did I find to be the American attitude toward England?"

"Not greatly unlike what it was three years ago. Certainly no such extraordinary change in the national sentiment appears to have passed over America as that which we have lately experienced in England. Nobody on the other side of the ocean calls for an Anglo-American alliance, whether in the form of a treaty or of an understanding, nobody talks of it, and I doubt if it has ever impressed itself on the American mind as a serious idea at all. That is not to say that the good feeling for England is not deep and widespread in America. It is, and England's friendliness to America during the war has strengthened the tie between the two countries. Any public reference to that friendliness is sure to provoke applause."

"It does not require any knowledge in economic problems to see that in one important particular America is master of the world. Already that amazing country absorbs all the races of the earth, and every race that it absorbs it feeds and strengthens. It may be stated as a sure though astounding fact that no civilized race whatever has yet been known to decline or diminish on American soil."

"As for the wickedness of the big American cities, Chicago and New York, it can only seem greater than anything else in the world to those who do not know the wickedness of our own cities at home. Our appalling stories of the ways of foreign cities usually come from people who live the most hellish lives in London. The secret is a very simple one. They are explorers only when they go abroad."

"If I were asked what is the worst evil which comes of the American thirst for prosperity I should say the pride of wealth. Nevertheless the corroding effect of great wealth shows itself on American society in more ways than one. The marriages of Englishmen to American women may perhaps bring about the Anglo-American alliance which Mr. Chamberlain so much desires, but where the reasons for such unions are merely wealth on the one side and vanity on the other, without any other apparent motive, the loss will be to America in the lowering of the moral tone of that part of her people which comes within the atmosphere of such transactions."

"The quest of material prosperity by no means absorbs the energies of the American people. It would be impossible to find among the nations of the world more readers to the thousand of population, and Americans not only read more than we do—they read better. No other nation pays so much attention to the education of its women, and in no other country does woman stand so high or play so serious a part."

"The religious life of America is not tivo to the point of fostering nearly every crazy notion that takes form of faith. As for the higher religious life of Americans there is no country where that great wave is more felt which is now carrying the Christian church back to the early ideals of Christianity. The work of the slums is splendidly done both by men and women. In America, where there is no state church, reverence for the church and the things of

CURRENT EVENTS

the church is greater than it has ever seemed to me to be in England or even in Rome.

"I love America because it is big and because its bigness is constantly impressing the imagination and stimulating the heart. I love its people because they are free, with the freedom which the rest of the world takes as by stealth and which they claim openly as their right. I love them because they are the most industrious, earnest, active and ingenious people on earth; because they are the most moral and religious, and, above all, the most sober people in the world; because, in spite of all the shallow judgment of superficial observers, they are the most childlike in national character, the easiest to move to laughter, the readiest to be touched to tears, the most absolutely true in their impulses and the most generous in their appliances."

"I love the men of America because their bearing toward women is the finest chivalry I have yet seen anywhere. I love the American women because they can preserve unacquaintedly with frank and unconvincing and natural manner and free independence of sex. I love the constitution of America because its freedom is the freest I know of, because it has broken away from all state superstition of authority, whether in church or state, and left the rest of the world in pitiful shadows of both follies to toil after it by more than a hundred years."—Special Cable to New York Herald.

NEW CUBAN STAMPS.

Style of Postage to Be Used Temporarily on the Island.

The new postage stamps for temporary use in Cuba are our own stamps with the addition of distinguishing imprints upon the face.

The denominations are 1, 2, 5 and 10 cents. Across these is printed the word "Cuba" in black ink, with the amount in pesos near the lower edge. The letters are small, but sufficiently distinct to prevent mistakes. The green 1 cent stamp is known as "10 de Peso," the red 2 as "20 de Peso," the blue 5 as "50 de Peso" and the brown 10 as "100 de Peso."

The postoffice department had under consideration several designs for permanent use, and only after considerable deliberation was a selection made. One design submitted contained a bust of General Calixto Garcia, but this was rejected because the intention is in every way to avoid giving offense to any class in Cuba. It was finally decided to substitute for the Garcia bust either the profile portrait of Columbus or one of the well known statues of the discoverer. Another denomination bears a typical Cuban scene and another typifies "Industry."

One stamp contains a representation of a case with a candle in the rear. For another denomination the subject is "Commerce." The design shows a full rigged clipper ship on the water and in appearance the stamp is similar to the 12 cent issue of 1895, one of the most attractive stamps ever issued by this government. The rate of letter postage in Cuba, 8 cents for half an ounce, will not be changed for the present.—Washington Special St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

THE MANILA POSTOFFICE.

How It Was Conducted Before the American Occupation.

The most interesting thing connected with the acquisition of the Manila postoffice is the adoption by the federal government of the cheap labor facilities of the island, says the San Francisco Call. Six men were sent from the San Francisco postoffice to Manila, and this number was re-augmented by 14 men from Manila. Two of these latter are United States soldiers, who had enlisted from the postal service, and 12 are Spanish postal employees, who are retained because of their knowledge of the Spanish language and the routine of the office. These Spaniards received before the American occupation the salary of \$100 each per annum in Mexican silver, being equal to about \$75 in American silver or gold coin.

The office was closed every alternate day, and when working it was closed for two or three hours each day, beginning about noon. The total number employed was 200, but they took life easy, and did the work of about 20 Americans. The 12 Spaniards who are retained receive salaries ranging from \$150 to \$200 per annum in Mexican silver—such being the ruling rate of wages in the Philippines for that kind of service—but they have to work every day instead of every alternate day, as heretofore.

Money Making in Japan.

The contempt for money and trade, characteristic of Japan, has lost much of its force. Merchants have risen in social standing and have even been advanced to the peerage. Indeed Mr. Fukuzawa, the most influential educator in the empire, declares that it is every man's first duty to make money in order to increase the power of the nation. Newspapers abound in commercial statistics, and magazines are largely devoted to industrial topics. It is a significant fact that a wealthy merchant, Mr. Okura, recently gave \$500,000 for the establishment of a commercial college. He had intended to found a school for the children of the peer, but was dissuaded by Marquis Ito. This was the more noteworthy in that it was the first gift for public purposes made by a private individual in Japan.—Independent.

To Save the Rhine.

The Prussian government has granted the Rhine province permission to hold a lottery, the proceeds of which are to be used to rescue the valley of the Rhine from seismic destruction at the hands of manufacturers who are industriously planting factories all along the mountain skirts of the Rhine.—Berlin Correspondent.

BELMONT'S NEW PAPER.

First Issue Attacks Vanderbilts and Other Rich Men.

IT ADVOCATES AN INCOME TAX.

Q. H. P. Belmont of the Banking Firm is its Founder—The New Publication Declares Its Opposition to Trusts and Corporations and Its Fidelity to Democratic Politics.

Oliver H. P. Belmont has started a paper called The Verdict in New York, the first number of which appeared on Dec. 18. It is a weekly illustrated sheet, the illustrations consisting of colored cartoons after the style of Puck and Judge, and the paper resembles those papers as to size. Judged by the first issue, The Verdict will not be a humorous paper aside from the illustrations. It aims to deal seriously with men and affairs. The men it deals with editorially and pictorially in the first issue are banded without gloves. It is particularly severe on the Whitneys, the Vanderbilts, on J. Pierpont Morgan and Chauncey M. Depew. The principal cartoon represents Cornelius Vanderbilt grinding a street organ, with J. Pierpont Morgan standing beside the instrument, a tambourine in one hand and the string attached to a monkey in the other. The monkey, with the face of Chauncey M. Depew, stands before a window in which is Thomas O. Platt, about to place a penny labeled "Sensationalism" in the animal's hat. A reporter was told by a person connected with the paper that this cartoon was drawn after Mr. Belmont's own suggestions.

Mr. Belmont is a member of the banking firm of August Belmont & Co. In the salutatory of his new paper occurs the following declaration of its policy:

"In politics 'The Verdict' will stand for the principles of Democracy as it understands them and for truth as the letter finds display. It will before an election enter more for a man than a measure. It will read your list of candidates twice before it reads your platform once. The Verdict will be a Democrat. But no one need construe that to mean that it will support a bad man for place. Virtue and villainy have wide, impartial distribution. No party in its personnel has a monopoly of either. There are honest Republicans just as there are others who deserve the stocks. There are upright Democrats just as there are others who should be in jail. The Sing Sing sort of Democrat will not have 'The Verdict's' countenance, though he be named by a dozen conventions and plant himself for a platform on the Ten Commandments."

"This paper is against free silver 16 to 1—put a plu there—against free silver at any ratio. It is not for Bryan in 1900. It will do all that truth and honor may to prevent the selection of either the man or the issue in the next national convention. But there are worse things than free silver 16 to 1, and worse men than Bryan—who is himself worthy enough and comes only to be a nuisance as the exponent of free silver—and The Verdict is free to say, as it stands on the threshold of an existence which shall at the worst be no boast one, that should Bryan and free silver again find Democratic adoption it will support them both."

"The Verdict favors an income tax, as a measure at once honest, fair, equal and just to all. Such a tax has the merit of being direct. It lacks the thievish opportunities which indirection in tax building offers to tax eaters and public bloodsuckers. Were all taxes direct the tax eaters would fare worse and the taxpayers better. An income tax is as direct as a bullet. It is also elastic; it can be made greater or less at the call of public requirement without that disturbance to trade which tariff tinkering inevitably entails. They say an income tax is 'inequitable'; a long, formidable word truly, but which comes, when studied, to be a broadside of rot. It is no more 'inequitable' than the present system of state taxation. The only folk to be disturbed by the 'inequitable' features of an income tax belong to that family of social and business humbugs who, whether for fraud or another, are pleased to pretend to an income much greater than they possess. These would either have to confess their true income or pay a tax on their meanness, and one may readily conceive that most of the 'inequitable' wail over the proposal of an income tax comes from this pluck-back class."

"These trade deadfalls and dollar traps, the trusts, The Verdict believes, should be smashed. They make the rich richer and the poor poorer. The locusts of Egypt were a monthless brood to them. The Verdict is in earnest favor of cutting the claws of corporations. It does not agree in subject public corporations to such outlets as, for example, the Metropolitan railroad, which recently, without leave obtained or license given, stole an endless pitfall of outrage Broadway. And while we are on the subject, let it be said that The Verdict is in favor of New York owning its own street franchise and does not endorse a surrender of its thoroughfares, rentless and priceless, to become mere hunting grounds of money for monopolists. On half the streets of New York the citizen is no better than a tolerated trespasser, while the telephone and telegraph and street railway companies are the true, real, lords of the soil. Such should have their claws cut, and the manhandling should be short and sharp and gone about at once."

With regard to Mr. Depew as a senatorial candidate, The Verdict refers to him as a tool of the Vanderbilts, and adds: "As because wealth that is wide awake and aware of itself, the Vanderbilts treasure enlisted an army of footmen, butlers and valets. Among a front rank door slammers was and is Depew."—New York Sun.

THE SUN EXTRA!

6 O'CLOCK

OLD MANDROWNED WARNER IN COURT

Body Discovered by Boys He Was Supported by His Two Deputies.

IN A SHALLOW POOL OF WATER.

The Victim Was a Feeble Paralytic.

By Associated Press to The Sun.
Fall River, Mass., Dec. 28.—Thomas Kennedy, 62 years of age, residing with his daughter Catherine in this city, wandered into an air hole near the edge of Slade mill pond, Wednesday night and was drowned. The water was scarcely two feet deep, but the deceased, a feeble paralytic, able to walk only with the assistance of a cane, must have fallen and been unable to get up. His body was discovered this morning by two boys while at play on the ice.

THE WEATHER.
By Associated Press to The Sun.
Boston, Dec. 29.—Forecast for Boston and vicinity cloudy, generally fair to night, probably snow Friday morning; warmer; southwest winds.

HOPE FOR HIS RECOVERY.
By Associated Press to The Sun.
San Francisco, Cal., Dec. 29.—The condition of Dr. Horatio Stebbins is now much improved; his physicians now hope for his recovery.

AMOSKEAG VETS GOING.
The Amoskeag Veterans have voted to accept the invitation of Governor-elect Rollins of New Hampshire to be present at his inauguration in January, and act as his escort. Governor Rollins is a member of the Veterans.
The organization has acted in this capacity at nearly every gubernatorial inauguration since it was formed in 1854. It is expected that Governor Rollins will give a complimentary dinner to his escort. This is the usual custom.

SONG RECITAL
AT THE HIGHLAND CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.

With Wilhelm Heinrich in a recital assisted by Miss Nina Fletcher, violinist at the entertainment at Highland Congregational church last night was a fitting close to the winter's lecture and entertainment course. Mr. Heinrich's voice was finely suited to this cycle of love tales, breathing joy and sorrow, and the rich vibrant tones told as truly as the words themselves the story of the author.
Miss Fletcher who is yet only a girl played, with rare understanding and breadth for one of her age and at each appearance she was recalled for an encore. She drew rich full notes from her violin and the technique was especially good. For her first piece she played a fantasia by De Bériot and a nocturne by Chopin was her second choice. Mrs. Fletcher, the young violinist's mother, was her accompanist.

POLICEMAN NIXON
DROPPED FROM THE BOSTON POLICE DEPARTMENT.

Boston, Dec. 23, 1898.—Patrolman William Nixon, the member who was detailed by the board of police to clean the streets of beggars has been discharged from the force.
The commissioners reached this decision in an executive session yesterday afternoon, and it was announced at roll call in all the stations last evening.

Patrolman Nixon was not at headquarters when the general order was read, neither was he at any of the stations. A copy of the order was sent to his home, and it was there he learned what the decision was. He came to the station at 6 last evening.
The charge on which he was convicted was that of conspiring with another person (not a member of the force) to get sums of money from reserve officers who were up for appointment to the regular force. There was no allegation that he received any money, neither was there any evidence offered that money was paid.

DEATHS.
MATONEY.—Florence Mahoney, an old resident of the city, died at his home, 129 Colburn street, yesterday. He was 60 years old and is survived by several adult children. Funeral will be held tomorrow.

O'KEEFE.—Bridget O'Keefe, wife of Daniel O'Keefe of 27 Cross street, died at her home yesterday noon, aged 47 years. Among her survivors are two young children and two brothers, Peter and Bernard of Lowell and Michael of Canton. Funeral tomorrow morning. Services will be held at St. Patrick's church at 9 o'clock.

MURRAY.—Ann Murray, aged 65 years, died yesterday at the city hospital. The remains have been removed to O'Donnell's warehouse. Funeral will be held tomorrow afternoon.

RYAN.—Pierce Ryan, son of John and Mary Ryan died last night at 218 Chelmsford street, the parents' home. The funeral was held this afternoon. Interment was in the Catholic cemetery.

PENDERGAST.—Sarah J. Pendergast, daughter of John and Clara Pendergast, died yesterday at the home of her parents, 32 Lakeview avenue.

CITY HALL.
Frank Brown, a relative of Supt. of Public Buildings Doherty, visited City Hall this morning. Mr. Brown is a native of Pennsylvania and was not aware that Mr. Doherty was elected but he was informed of the fact before making a dozen steps from the depot.

MANY WITNESSES GAVE EVIDENCE.

The Prosecution Introduced Technical Evidence.

By Associated Press to The Sun.
Northampton, Mass., Dec. 29.—When Lewis Warner came into court this morning, he was supported by two deputies and appeared to be very ill. A number of witnesses testified to cases where checks had been given out but no account of them had been made in the books of the bank. H. A. Kimball, a former trustee of the Hampshire Savings bank, testified to finding a partial confession left by Warner. There was much technical evidence introduced by the prosecution to show the methods of Warner.

LATE FR. CUDDIHY

LEFT ALL CHURCH PROPERTY TO BISHOP BEAVER.

Milford, Dec. 28.—The will of the late Rev. Fr. Cuddihy of Milford, was filed at the Probate court in Worcester today. The executors are Rev. J. T. Canavan of Milford and John O'Neill of Boston without bonds. The document gives these bequests:

All of St. Mary's church property in Milford is left to Rev. T. D. Beaven of Springfield and his successors in office. This includes 15 acres of land on Hopkinton road for cemetery, also the house of the testator, offices, buildings, lands and appurtenances belonging to St. Marys on Winter street. Also school buildings and lands.

Also another parcel of land on Winter street, subject to charge of \$350 a year, to be paid to his niece, Catherine O'Neill. The house used by the sexton goes to the bishop; all household furniture, carriages, etc.

The sum of \$1000 to homes for destitute Catholic children in Boston; \$1000 for masses for his soul; \$3000 to pay debts on Friary chapel house in Clonmel, Ire., his native town, a tablet to be put up there in his memory.

His land on Davenport street in Boston is to be sold, the proceeds to be used for erecting a school building in Milford for the education of children in St. Mary's parish; granite quarry in Milford to be sold for the benefit of his grand nephew, Arthur O'Neill of Boston.

All the residue, when reduced to cash, to go to John O'Neill of Boston, "to the exclusion of any of my next of kin." The date of the will is June 7, 1893. Aug. 1, 1895 a codicil was added. This codicil was interlined with changes by the testator, but does not materially change the terms of the will.

Another codicil dated May 29, 1896, given \$2000 more to Clonmel, Ire., \$1000 to Bishop Beaven for charities in diocese; \$1000 to Catholic university in Washington; land at Wellfleet hills to be sold and proceeds to be used for benefit of parochial school in Milford; the quarry formerly given to a nephew is revoked, and goes to the bishop as part of St. Mary's cemetery.

Rev. J. T. Canavan is given \$500; executor's notes, Kate O'Neill, \$300; Sister Mary Mahoney of Clonmel, Ire., \$500; \$1000 for future Catholic cathedral at Springfield; the house on Granite street, Milford, to be sold and proceeds to go to parochial school.

There are other smaller bequests in sums of \$400 or less; but the above comprise the great bulk of the bequests. The will gives no approximate value of the estate.

GOT GOLD PIECES.

The furniture firm of Adams & Co. Central street, very generously gave each of their employees Christmas gifts of money. Each pay envelope besides containing the regular weekly dues or employees also contained a "shiner" in the form of a gold piece. This firm annually remembers its help on Christmas with some substantial reminder of the good will existing between employer and employees.

STOCK MARKET.

By Associated Press to The Sun.
Wall Street, Noon.—Rumors of a favorable judicial decision stimulated purchases of New York Air Brake which became buoyant and active, rising 1/2 points to 111. Strength was very marked in other stocks. Kansas City, Pittsburg and Gulf, Union Pacific and Rock Island leading the movement in the railways. Sugar encountered realizing orders at 12 1/2 and yielded a point. Steel, noon 315.412 shares.

The bond market was quiet and erratic.

WHO SUCCEEDS MORRILL?

By Associated Press to The Sun.
Washington, Dec. 23.—There is much speculation as to who will succeed Senator Morrill as chairman of the committee on finance. The committee is generally considered as in some respects the most important in the Senate.

Senator Allison, who is now chairman of the appropriations committee, since Senator Sherman's retirement, stood next to Senator Morrill on the committee.

If Allison accepts this chairmanship Senator Hale will succeed him as chairman of the committee on appropriations, and he will in turn be succeeded by Senator Perkins as chairman of the naval committee. If Senator Allison should decline the chairmanship of the finance committee, that place would then fall to Senator Aldrich.

Senator Chandler will succeed to Senator Morrill's desk in the Senate. It is in the front row, and the position is quite advantageous.

Miss Rose McDonald of Manchester, Mass., is visiting Miss Mulcahy of this city.



JOHN W. McEVY, Esq., Who Presented the Check for \$500 to Rev. Fr. Reynolds at the Sacred Heart Church.

CHECK FOR \$500

Presented to Rev. Fr. Reynolds, O. M. I.

BY THE SACRED HEART PARISH.

Presentation Address by John W. McEvoy, Esq.

The second night of the reception and festival in the Sacred Heart school hall last night was like the preceding evening; a large gathering which again tested the seating capacity of the place. Among those present were Col. Albert Pinder and wife of the city, Mrs. M. J. Murphy and daughter, Alderman-elect James P. Miskella, Mr. J. J. McLaughlin, the overseers of the poor, Undertaker C. H. Molloy, ex-Councilman John Nolan and wife, the Misses Bertha McCue and Margaret Fox, training school teachers, Mrs. J. F. Monaghan, Letter Carrier Charles Holden and wife, Miss Rose M. Lennon teacher in the Lincoln school and Miss Mary M. Kearney, teacher in the Green school. In the early evening an excellent musical and literary program was given and encores followed. Each number. There were vocal selections by a male quartette composed of Messrs. McMahon, Toomey, Murphy, and Hamilton, followed by the Highland fling by Baby Tyrrell; two piano selections, one in response to an encore, by Mrs. John W. McEvoy; three vocal selections, Mr. Michael Gorman, who would be kept singing yet, if the audience had had his way; violin solo, Mr. Thomas Sullivan; vocal selections, Master Martin Maguire. General manager John E. Lowney then made a brief address expressive of the gratitude of the following committee to all who aided them in making the events of both evenings such a grand social and financial success:

THE GENERAL COMMITTEE.

John E. Lowney, chairman; Thomas J. Lynch, secretary; Rev. John McEvoy, O.M.I., treasurer; Misses J. McLaughlin, Jas. J. Toomey, Thomas P. Kennedy, Joseph Jennings, John J. Donohoe, Michael Fallon, Henry Carr, Patrick Rickmaster, Eugene P. McKelvey, Philip Mooney, John J. Lynch, George McNamara, James P. Bradley, John Robinson, Ed. W. Killey, Daniel D. Finnegan, Bartholomew Ryan, the Misses Adelaide Sullivan, Annie Nelson, Susan Nelson, Annie Fox, Annie Fox, Katie Kelley, Lilla McEvoy, Annie Kearney, Annie Murphy, Mrs. James Walsh, Mrs. Sarah Daily, Mrs. James Lennon, Mrs. J. F. Monaghan, Mrs. Edward Fox, Mrs. James McQuillan, Mrs. Peter Donohoe, Mrs. Mary Wood.

Miss Kittie Jantzen then read the poem in honor of Father Reynolds composed by Miss Susan G. Nelson and published in yesterday's Sun.

Miss Adelaide A. Sullivan was to have participated in a duet with Miss Cote, but she being sick, Mr. Peter A. Clune, kindly responded, instead, with such an excellent rendition of "The Palms," as to merit a hearty encore and he responded with the singing of "The Minstrel Boy."

Lawyer John W. McEvoy, in a very appropriate words made a presentation address to the honored pastor which though brief, was expressive of the hearty good will of the parishioners toward Father Reynolds. He recounted the early priesthood days of the now pastor in the parish and emphasized the joy felt on his return to the pastorate by all who had learned to love him as curate. He also supplemented his remarks with words of praise to the assistant pastor Rev. John McEvoy, O.M.I., as being ever zealous for and a hard worker in the interest of the parish. In having such excellent co-workers as clerical leaders, the parishioners, the eloquent barrister felt,

should feel highly privileged. He then presented Father Reynolds with a check for \$500, stating that everybody knew that the aforesaid amount would go to the church, for no member of the Oblate Order could have a private bank account, for when the missionaries die all that they have is invested in their church to return to the people and remain as a memorial of their labors in Christ's vineyard. He then escorted Father Reynolds to the front of the platform and said: "And now I present you this check," turning to the audience. "Now I present you Father Reynolds."

Father Reynolds was received with applause of the most heartfelt kind and was so touched with emotion that he could hardly voice his feelings of gratitude. He not only thanked his parishioners deeply from his heart but said that he required no money offering as an expression of their love for him for daily evidences of kindly co-operation in parish work have been given.

He asked their prayers, as he would give his for inspiration to go forward in his religious labor. He also spoke a good word for his assistant, Rev. Fr. McEvoy. All then repaired to the dining hall up stairs for refreshments. The following were the efficient ushers for events of both evenings: B. P. McKelvey, chief; Henry A. Cuff, T. E. Kenney, George McNamara, Michael Fallon, John Robinson, Hugh McDermott, Dr. F. Cuff, John T. Doherty, John Clark, W. J. Kelley, Joseph Grayford, John B. Kerwin, Thomas S. Cuff, J. W. Bradley, Arthur Fisher, John McKenna, John McMahon, James Donnelly.

MISS KITTIE JANTZEN'S ADDRESS.

At the presentation of flowers to Father Reynolds, the following address was delivered by Miss Kittie Jantzen: "It is almost needless to say how much we, the rising generation, appreciate the return of Father Reynolds and how happy and joyful we feel at seeing him once more in our midst. Although our associations with him have been of an entirely different nature to those of our parents and friends, yet equally as great as the sorrow they felt was the blankness which arose in our hearts when he, ever mindful of duty and obedient to the voice of authority left us to assume duties in a new field of labor. His absence was but sunlight and nourishment to the young plant love, which has sprung up in our hearts. Following in his footsteps, the order of nature, all well nourished plants must blossom and bear fruit. The blossoming time for our young plant came but a short time since, when with mingled joy and doubt we received the glad tidings that Father Reynolds was to be with us once more. But our fears were soon abated and we now realize to the fullest extent the joy of his return."

"We must continue nourishing our plant that it may bear fruit. This fruit will be the spirit of love and helpfulness with which we will take up the burden when our time comes to aid our beloved pastor in his great undertaking."

"Allow me, in behalf of the young ladies waitresses to present these flowers as a token of our esteem for our dear pastor, Father Reynolds."

ADDRESS OF WELCOME.

The address of welcome by Engineer James W. Jantzen was eloquent and appropriate:

"In the language of one of the American poets," he said,

"He prayeth best who loveth best. All things, both great and small, For the dear Lord who loveth us, He made and loveth all."

"Our journey through life it has been the constant teachings of the fathers of the church to 'Love one another' with all such love as the Saviour has for us; all love is the embodiment of the second great commandment and must engender in the human heart a feeling of gratitude for those who labor so zealously in our behalf. In the roster of the Oblate Fathers are the names of many who have endeavored themselves to the hearts of the people of Lowell. Some are gathered to the Father; others are yet engaged in the work of the Master; the excellence of their work will stimulate you, Father, to still greater efforts for the welfare of the church of the Sacred Heart and that we, children of one Father, emulate their example and uphold your hands in the completion of the church."

that we take to our hearts your teachings and so mould our lives, that the result of your pastorate will redound to the greater honor and glory of God."

DISEASES IN SCHOOL

RECOMMENDATIONS BY DR. BRIGGS, THE EMINENT BACTERIOLOGIST.

The Sanitarium states that the New York Board of Health has approved of the recommendations suggested by Dr. Briggs, the bacteriologist of the board. It should make to the board of education. Among these are the following: 1. The use of slates, slate pencils and sponges shall be discontinued in all the public schools. 2. According to requirement, pupils shall be supplied with pencils and penholders, each pupil to retain those received in a box provided for the purpose, such box to be marked with the pupil's name. Pencils and penholders shall not be transferred from one pupil to another without suitable disinfection. 3. All school property for use in the school building by a child suffering from any contagious disease, and all such property found in a room occupied by a family in which a case of infectious disease has occurred shall be taken by the health department for disinfection or destruction. 4. Books which are taken home by pupils shall be covered regularly each month with brown Manila paper. These regulations would appear to be somewhat stringent in character, but there is no doubt that some steps for more precautions than are at present taken in our school buildings. Notification has been made to the board of health of the infectious disease, but it is attention to details such as the foregoing that will eventually stamp it out.

MANUFACTURING NEWS

PRETTY SMALL BUSINESS OF FALL RIVER MILLS.

One of the worst features to be remembered with the Christmas of 1895 was the non-observance of the most deserving holiday of the year by some of the manufacturing concerns of Fall River. The Harringtons and 2 mills were opened and conducted operations as though the holiday was a matter of minor importance and they were joined by the Parker mill.

The help in these mills was notified Friday night and Saturday morning that the mills would run as usual on Monday and all of them were requested to be on hand. There was no compulsion but the request was made in most cases in a manner suggestive of some future trouble if the employee failed to respond.

After closing hours Saturday many of the help got together and secretly agreed not to go in whatever the consequences might be. Help in the card rooms of the Parker and the weaving rooms of the Harringtons mill No. 1 were the principals in this movement and they stuck by their determination. In consequence, a great shortage was noticed in these departments yesterday morning. A number of German students were one of the chief causes of the spread of German culture and of the previous acquisition.

There are still some ancient superstitions encountered when we study the subject of the migration of graduate students. Some of the Harvard men have the notion that it is impossible to have more than one love for a college, and that he who loves Harvard must marry her every year after college, that those who are lovers of Harvard will cannot prove lovers of Michigan or Chicago. I really do not know of any denser superstition than that. It is the same as if you say that when a man marries he must therefore lose all the love he formerly held for his mother. A man who has been studying at Johns Hopkins for several years might very possibly decide to go to Columbia for graduate work, but that is no reason why he should abandon his allegiance to Johns Hopkins.

Employees of No. 1 Manchester mill at Manchester, who have been idle for several months, returned work yesterday. This department has been partly shut down about two years and has been practically closed since last May. A meeting of some of the higher officials was held a few days ago and the starting of this department is the result.

The Lowell Machine Shop is at present rushing orders, an employee in forms a Star reporter.

Mr. Charles Smith of 7 Walte street is now located in Athol, N. C., in the interest of the Kitson Machine company.

PUBLIC BEQUESTS

MADE BY THE LATE SUSAN LYMAN AMOUNT TO \$25,000.

By Associated Press to The Sun.
Dedham, Mass., Dec. 29.—The will of Susan B. Lyman, late of Brookline, which was filed with the State registry of probate today, contains public bequests amounting to \$25,000. The public bequests follow: State Normal school at Framingham, \$5,000; Warren Street Chapel, Boston, \$1,000; Harvard College, for the aid of poor students, \$5,000; Temporary Home for Orphan Children, Boston, \$5,000; Perkins Institute for the Blind, Boston, \$5,000; the Carney Hospital, Boston, \$5,000.

PURSE OF MONEY.

Among those who have had pleasant tokens of friendship at this season is Miss M. E. Pike who was for over thirty years a teacher in the Lowell schools. Her former pupils, the patrons of the Ayer Home in whose success Miss Pike is greatly interested and friends in the John street church of which she is an active member united in presenting her a generous purse of money which was gratefully received.

PETITION DENIED

THAT OF HETTY GREEN BY THE SUPREME COURT.

Hetty Green's petition for a writ of mandamus to compel the Cook county commissioners to sit as a board of review on the assessments made on her property in the town of Lake, near Chicago, has been denied by the supreme court. The petition for the writ was based mainly on the ground that the new revenue law is unconstitutional.

SAVED CITY \$100.

The committee on accounts wisely refused to pay those bills presented by the assessors for compensation for extra labor. The assessors received fair pay and their duties are too arduous they can hire clerks. The committee on accounts saved the city \$100 by its action.—Lawrence Register.

LIBERAL REWARD

For Men Who Are Recommended for Promotion.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

A NEW PLAN RECEIVED FROM MANILA

Represents Views of Dewey's Officers.

New York, Dec. 29.—In view of the discussion over promotion in the navy, the most important service during the late war, the following plan, which has just been received from Manila, and evidently represents the views of a large number of the officers serving under Admiral Dewey, will prove interesting:

"When men are recommended for promotion for 'conspicuous and meritorious conduct in battle' their rewards should be liberal, their benefits generous, but not at the expense of other people, causing jealousy and heartburnings. When an officer is advanced for meritorious conduct in battle, 1. Let him become an additional member both in his own grade and throughout his naval career. 2. Let him receive at all times the highest pay of that grade. 3. When retired, let him be retired with the rank and retired pay of the next highest grade. 4. Then, instead of retarding the promotion of any one he would benefit all below him by giving them a number. It would take nothing from those he passed over but would remain additional until retired, always a marked one's promotion."

When an additional man reaches the head of a list, let him be promoted with and at the same time as the next man above him. The highest pay of his grade would be a suitable reward. If he is not used, it would be nothing, but on where he could never be punished with waiting orders.

PRESIDENT ELIOT.

PROPOSES JOURNALISM AS A STUDY IN COLLEGE TO THE GRADUATE CLASS.

President Eliot of Harvard opened the fourth annual convention of graduate clubs in Cambridge yesterday with an address of welcome to the delegates. In the course of his remarks, he said: "I notice on your program several interesting subjects for discussion. 'Migration' is one of them. It is an interesting subject which lies near the basis of German history. The migration of German students was one of the chief causes of the spread of German culture and of the previous acquisition. There are still some ancient superstitions encountered when we study the subject of the migration of graduate students. Some of the Harvard men have the notion that it is impossible to have more than one love for a college, and that he who loves Harvard must marry her every year after college, that those who are lovers of Harvard will cannot prove lovers of Michigan or Chicago. I really do not know of any denser superstition than that. It is the same as if you say that when a man marries he must therefore lose all the love he formerly held for his mother. A man who has been studying at Johns Hopkins for several years might very possibly decide to go to Columbia for graduate work, but that is no reason why he should abandon his allegiance to Johns Hopkins."

"It is to be hoped that in the future our graduate students will train for more professions than they do now. Graduate schools are now the places where those study chiefly who propose to teach. 'Why not have the graduate school a place for professional journalism, where men can be trained to be of the highest service to their fellow-men in that field? I admit that the profession does not exist yet, but the graduate school, by supplying answers to the present demand, can assist in developing it. Resources ought to be provided, also, for training the man of science and the man of letters. There is a class of rich young men and young women growing up in the country who will never be obliged to earn their livelihood, and whose education is influenced early by that fact. Why not have the graduate school a place for such as have tested in their college days the need of the high branches of letters and science? Medicine is a profession where the rich young man can give valuable aid and where his efforts are assisted by exemption from the necessity of earning a living."

There are two more sections in this act which are interesting as showing that no city official is under any obligation to contribute to any political fund. They are as follows:

Sec. 10.—No person in the service of the state or any city or town, shall use his official authority or influence either to coerce the political action of any person or body or to interfere with any election.

Sec. 11.—No person in the public service shall for that reason be under any obligation to contribute to any political fund, or to render any political service and shall not be removed or otherwise prejudiced for refusing to do so.

Now as to the penalty for violating the provisions of this act. Section 24 provides that whoever violates or refuses to comply with the provisions of this act shall be liable to a penalty of not less than \$100 nor more than \$1000 for each offense. The foregoing sections have never been amended, and are just as good law today as they ever were.

CHELMSFORD

PRESENTATION TO A POPULAR SCHOOL TEACHER.

Miss Fannie Clark, who is teaching in Fitchburg, is spending the holiday vacation of two weeks at her home in Lowell. She is the wife of Mr. Clark, formerly the popular school teacher in the grammar department of the school in this village, resigning last June. Tuesday evening she received a genuine surprise call from eight of her former pupils in the graduating class, who presented her a handsome King's Daughter pin as a token of their regard. The evening was a very pleasant reunion of teacher and pupils.

The annual meeting of the proprietors of the local library will be held at the house of Miss M. E. Richardson Monday evening, Jan. 2. Probably this will be the last meeting of the corporation, as steps were taken a year or more ago to dissolve the corporation, its work having been transferred to the Adams library.

HIS ANNUAL REPORT.

George T. Spence, the fish warden, whose salary was the subject of some discussion at the meeting of the salary committee, has sent in his annual report to commission on inland fisheries and game.

BUTTERS.—The funeral of George Butters took place this afternoon from his late home on Graham street, East Chelmsford, and his interment was in the Edson cemetery.

Miss Mary Horn of Andover, Mass., is spending the winter in Phoenix, Arizona.

ENGLISH-MILL MAN

SAYS MASSACHUSETTS IS LIKELY TO HAVE SAME EXPERIENCE AS LANCASTERSHIRE.

Quite a startling report is published in one of the Manchester, England, morning papers from a correspondent who has just returned from New England. In the course of a long and sensational article, he says that the Massachusetts mill superintendents have for four years past, complained that they are at a disadvantage in competition not only with the south, but with the neighboring states of New Hampshire and Rhode Island by reason of the short working week of Massachusetts. It is shorter than any state of the whole 48 in which there are any textile mills installed after their kind. The correspondent says that the textile council and their going is likely to weaken it, not to break up, one of the most powerful federations of trade unions with which the Massachusetts companies have had to contend. The generally depressed condition of the trade in New England during the last twelve months has led to many reductions in wages. Several strikes occurred in view of the larger cotton mill towns, before reductions could be effected but in every case the work people were defeated.

This extract was shown to a prominent manufacturer and his opinion asked. His reply was that he should take it cum grano salis. Probably there was a good deal of fiction in it. At any rate, he summed up the position thus: "The textile industry in New England is in a bad way at the present time. It cannot do worse than it is in Lancashire three years ago. At the present time the cotton trade is flourishing with us and our cousins may have the same experience before long."

SEVERE PENALTY

FALL RIVER ALDERMEN SAID TO HAVE BROKEN A STATE LAW.

A very severe penalty is attached to the matter of importing city office holders for assessments, subscriptions or contributions for any political purpose whatever in Fall River. Now as to Aldermen—Eliot, Kimball and Alderman—Blair Kimball are liable to a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$1000 for their action in going through City Hall and holding up office holders. Section 6 of the acts of 1851 covers the case of the first three and it reads as follows:

Sec. 6.—No councillor, senator, representative, alderman or councilman or any officer or employee of either of said bodies, shall, directly or indirectly, or by any other person, solicit, or receive, or be in any manner concerned in soliciting or receiving any assessment, subscription or contribution for any political purpose whatever; but this shall not be construed to forbid such persons to be members of political organizations or committees.

This means that no alderman shall personally, directly or indirectly solicit, or receive, or be in any manner concerned in soliciting or receiving any assessment, subscription or contribution for any political purpose whatever. There are no loopholes in that law. These three aldermen did personally solicit and in some cases receive contributions for political purposes.

Now as to Aldermen—Eliot, Kimball and Alderman—Blair Kimball are liable to a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$1000 for their action in going through City Hall and holding up office holders. Section 7 of the same act just about hits his case and also applies to the three aldermen. This section reads:

Sec. 7.—No person shall, in any room or building occupied for the discharge of official duties by any officer or employee of the state or any city or town, solicit in any manner whatever, or receive any contribution of money or any other valuable thing for any political purpose whatever.

These four men did solicit and in some cases receive money for political purposes in rooms occupied for the discharge of official duties by an employee of the city. There doesn't seem to be any way of getting around that.

The act of 1854 goes still further and includes those who gave up their claim to these political highwaysmen. Section 8 reads:

Sec. 8.—No officer, clerk or other person in the service of the state or any city or town, shall, directly or indirectly, or by any other person, solicit, or receive, or be in any manner concerned in soliciting or receiving any assessment, subscription or contribution for any political purpose whatever.

There are two more sections in this act which are interesting as showing that no city official is under any obligation to contribute to any political fund.

IN U. S. SENATE

Mr. Morrill's Death Causes
Some Speculation.CHAIRMAN OF FINANCE
COMMITTEEWill Probably be Mr. Allison
of Iowa.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Dec. 19.—There is much speculation as to what senator will succeed Senator Morrill as chairman of the committee on finance. The committee is generally considered as in some respects the most important in the senate. It certainly is so at times when financial or tariff legislation is under consideration, but it has not heretofore been of the continuing importance of the committee on appropriations. Senator Allison, who is now chairman of the committee on appropriations, has stood next to Senator Morrill on the finance committee, and under the unwritten rules of the senate he would succeed to the chairmanship if he should desire to do so, and the best opinion obtainable is that he will so decide. In order to take this place he would have to surrender his chairmanship of the committee on appropriations, but in view of probable arrangements, depriving the committee of its prestige and power, he would not relinquish a place so important as it has heretofore been. Senator Allison declines to discuss the probabilities, saying that he has not had time to give attention to the matter. If he were to succeed, Senator Allison would succeed him as chairman of the committee on appropriations, and he will in turn be succeeded by Senator Perkins as chairman of the naval committee.



W. B. ALLISON.

If Senator Allison should decline the chairmanship of the finance committee, that place would then fall to Senator Aldrich, who would be succeeded as chairman of the committee on rules by Senator Spooner.

There appears to be very little doubt that the rules of the senate will be changed very soon after the reassembling of the senate, so as to take the majority of the appropriations bills from the committee on appropriations and distribute them among the other committees.

The finance committee will undergo considerable change after the 4th of March. Two of its members, White and Turpie, will be succeeded in the senate by Republicans. Since the committee was last organized, Mr. Walthall of Mississippi has died. This makes three vacancies to be filled, besides that caused by the death of Mr. Morrill. All four will probably go to Republicans, as the present committee stands nine to five in favor of free silver. This is an extraordinary arrangement for even the present senate, and it would be much more so for the next one, where the gold forces will have a majority of 18.

If these three places are taken away from the silver Democracy and given to gold Republicans, the committee would stand eight to six for the gold standard, and even that would be a smaller ratio than the proportions of the chamber justify. The composition of this committee in the past has been responsible for much of the legislation of the senate during its period of free silver control. Before the campaign of 1896 resulted in the division of the two parties wholly on the financial issue, this committee was made up of seven Republicans and seven Democrats. These seven Democrats, in the present congress, have all been free silver men, while two of those classed as Republicans, Jones of Nevada and Wolcott of Colorado, have been on the same side. This has left only Morrill, Allison, Aldrich, Platt and Burrows to represent the gold standard.

There will be considerable interest taken in the selection of a successor to Senator Morrill. The governor of Vermont, upon whom the duty will doubtless fall, has it in his power to make a vote either for or against the peace treaty. It might happen that this vote would turn the scale for this session, although the administration professes complete confidence in its ability to secure two-thirds vote at short order. Without doubt, Mr. Morrill would have voted against the treaty. He held out against Hawaiian annexation, and his record had been consistent throughout on this question.

Sensor Chandler will succeed to Senator Morrill's desk in the senate. It is in the front row, and the position is quite advantageous.

THE HONORED DEAD.

Washington, Dec. 19.—The committee of senators named by the vice president to accompany the remains of Senator

Morrill to Vermont consists of Messrs. Proctor, Allison, Cockrell, Hoar, Morgan, Gorman, Cullom, Vest, J. T. Jordan, Turpie, Aldrich, Gray, Chandler, Faulkner, Fairbanks, Watson. The house committee named by Speaker Reed as representatives of the house, Messrs. Hill, Dingley, McMillan, Gros, Bankhead, Catherino, Richardson, Pons and Joseph Wheeler. The special train which will bear the remains to Vermont will consist of three cars. From Jersey City the train will go north over the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad to Montpelier. The remains will be taken to the cemetery there and placed in a vault pending removal to the mausoleum now under construction at Stafford, Vt., their final resting place. A number of senators and representatives besides the regularly appointed committees expect to go on the funeral train.

AGREED ON MAIN POINTS.

Washington, Dec. 19.—It is said in official circles that indications point to the conclusion of an agreement between the joint high Canadian commissioners that, while satisfactory to both the United States and Canada, will not include all that either side hoped to obtain at the beginning.

PLANS UNCHANGED.

Washington, Dec. 19.—It is said at the war department that no change in the plans as to the mustering out of troops will be made as a result of the threatening outbreak in the Philippines. The secretary of war has made some progress in designating the volunteer regiments to be mustered out, but no announcement will be made until the list is completed.

UNDER NAVAL GOVERNOR.

Washington, Dec. 19.—The island of Guam, unlike the other colonial possessions of the United States, will probably have a naval and not a military governor. The sole reason for the requirement of the island was to obtain a naval station. The command will be important, for the island has a population of more than 8000 people, about 1400 of whom are of European extraction.

FOR THE FIRST TIME.

Washington, Dec. 19.—The war department's published summary of army statistics, issued today, for the first time includes Hawaii as a regular port, showing about 12,000 troops there.

WASHINGTON BRIEFS.

Major General Francis V. Greene arrived in Washington yesterday, and reported at once at the war department to Secretary Alger. He came to resign his commission as an officer in the volunteer army, preparatory to his return to private life.

Secretary Long has issued the usual order providing for the attendance of the naval officers at the White House reception on New Year's day.

P. T. O'Neill, customs inspector at New York, has been designated by the war department as an inspector of customs at Havana.

The collier Leonidas has been put out of commission at League island navy yard.

Second Lieutenant Jesse W. Smith, second United States volunteer infantry, has been detailed for duty as collector of customs at the sub-port of Gibarra, Cuba.

Consul General Goodnow has notified the state department from Shanghai that the Chinese government has forbidden dynamite and like explosives to be landed in China.

Lieutenant Colonel Charles Porter, twenty-second United States infantry, has been found incompetent for further service by a retiring board and placed on the retired list.

Admiral Sampson is still confined to his room at his hotel by an attack of grip. The attack is not severe; however, and it is believed that he will be able to call upon Secretary Long tomorrow.

General Henry reports from San Juan that there were no deaths on the 24th or 25th.

On the 25th Louis C. Hammond, saddler, company G, Fifth United States cavalry, died of insufficiency of the heart.

The secretary of war has received a recommendation from Surgeon General Steinberg for the establishment of an army sanitarium at Nagasaki, Japan, for the use of the United States troops at Manila. The recommendation has not yet been approved, but it is looked upon with much favor.

KILLED BY DOG'S BITE.

Melrose, Mass., Dec. 19.—Mrs. Lindsey M. Emery, 32 years of age, died last evening of a pronounced case of hydrophobia. On Sunday, Nov. 14, last, while in the Highland Baptist church, a dog ran in and bit Mrs. Emery, horribly lacerating her face, so that 12 stitches were required to close the wounds. The dog regained liberty, and bit a boy before he was killed. A few days ago the unfortunate woman was stricken with hydrophobia. Two more dogs have been shot in Melrose since the injury inflicted upon Mrs. Emery.

A LOVER'S DOUBLE CRIME.

Sioux City, Ia., Dec. 19.—Harry Garvey arrived at Sioux City yesterday and drove out to the schoolhouse where Miss Thomas was the teacher. Garvey and Miss Thomas conversed for some time, then walking out together. After going a short distance Garvey shot Miss Thomas, killing her almost instantly. He then shot himself and died a few hours later. Garvey had been keeping company with Miss Thomas, who refused his further attentions.

BAY STATE'S SYMPATHY.

Boston, Dec. 19.—Governor Wolcott sent the following telegram to Governor Smith of Vermont: "Massachusetts mourns with Vermont the death of her honored and venerable senator. Able, loyal and high-minded, he has for nearly a half century reflected honor upon American statesmanship. His death is a loss not to one state alone, but to the nation."

ROMERO VERY SICK.

Washington, Dec. 19.—Ambassador Romero of Mexico was operated upon for appendicitis yesterday. Dr. Johnson, who superintended the operation, says the patient is doing as well as can be expected. He is, however, in a very critical condition.

John N. Y. Dec. 19.—John Mooney, a young man who shot by burglary on a farm near Cassville last Friday, died in this city yesterday. A man who is supposed to be one of the burglars was chased and captured after a hard fight and is now in Ulster jail. The other man escaped and has not yet been apprehended.

ILOILO EVACUATED

By the Spaniards and Insurgents Rule.

SITUATION NOW VERY GRAVE.

Americans May be Drawn Into a Conflict.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Dec. 19.—There is a good deal of anxiety in official circles here over recent events at Iloilo.

Just before noon yesterday, a dispatch came from General Otis that at once confirmed the fears of the officials of the war department as to what had taken place at Iloilo. It appears that the American forces arrived too late on the scene and that the insurgents had already presented by hoisting their flag over the city, which they have been besieging for months. The news was contained in the following message from General Otis:

Manila, Dec. 19.—Adjutant General, Washington: Sent Colonel Potter on first vessel to Iloilo on Dec. 21 to communicate with Spanish General Rios; latter evacuated evening of 24th, and Potter 29 hours later. Insurgents took possession of the city on 26th, and Potter found Aguinaldo's flag flying. Cannot now report probable result. It is heard from there for four days, as no cable communications. Spanish forces have evacuated all stations in southern islands except Zamboanga and Mindanao, by orders, they say, from Madrid. Otis.

The evacuation by the Spaniards of all the Philippine ports, as reported by General Otis, although doubtless inspired by a desire to secure their safety by concentration, undoubtedly has done much to complicate the problem already presented to the war department of extending the military jurisdiction of the United States over the islands. It will now be necessary to expedite the execution of the original plans, and it may be fully expected that within a week important events will have happened in the Philippines. It is presumed that General Otis will demand the surrender of Iloilo into his hands, and this demand may at once raise the issue between the insurgents and our own government of possession of the islands.

Iloilo is about 300 miles south of Manila. It is pronounced Iol-o-e-lo, and sometimes spelled Iol-o. The trip between the two cities is one of the most charming experiences that a traveler could ever hope for. During the 40 hours it takes one of the small steamers of the Compania Maritima to make the run, the sight of land is never lost, and the scene is constantly shifting, and is always new and wonderful. There are several volcanoes that are active, and may be marked by the hazy smoke that drifts lazily against the clouds. Just now there are very few vessels venturing on the run, for the Compania Maritima, a Spanish concern, has only two of its vessels put under the American flag. Conditions are critical. The town is almost deserted. An old fort, which was ancient 100 years ago, commands the harbor, but it spends all its time commanding, for there are no guns mounted in it. The river, a month or so ago was choked with Spanish steamers that were afraid to venture out under the Spanish flag. There were three Spanish gunboats in the river—the Samar, Mindoro and El Cano. The two first named were small, but the last was much larger. Her engines were in bad order; and it was common gossip that if her heaviest guns were fired the shock would shake the ship to pieces. General Rios commanded all the Spanish forces of the other islands on Jan. 1, in the hope of preventing the fall of the city before the conclusion of the Paris conference.

The province of Iloilo is set down in the official directories as having a population of 472,000, and the city is the second largest of importance in the Philippine group. It is located on a river navigable for vessels of 15 feet draught, so that very few of our gunboats would be available to assist the troops in case it should be necessary to take forcible possession of the city.

The Spaniards have chosen a strong place for the concentration of their troops in the town of Zamboanga, which, as the reports indicate, is strongly fortified and possessed of considerable natural strength from a defensive point of view. It is not to be denied that they will be able to maintain themselves for an indefinite period of time against the insurgents, presuming that they are not cut off from obtaining supplies from the sea. The town itself has a population of 21,000 inhabitants.

"WHITE WINGS" ON PARADE.

Santiago de Cuba, Dec. 19.—One hundred and eighty-six men in the employ of the Santiago street cleaning department paraded yesterday "white wings" on Alameda avenue. They made an excellent showing. The parade was witnessed by Congressman Biggs. He assured General Wood that he had never seen a cleaner city.

MADE GOOD TIME.

Washington, Dec. 19.—The cruise of the Buffalo arrived yesterday at Port Said, en route for Manila, 15½ days out from New York. She has broken all naval records up to this point in her voyage. She is needed badly at Manila, as she carries 700 sailors to relieve men in Dewey's fleet, whose time has long expired.

WARNER'S TRIAL BEGINS.

Northampton, Mass., Dec. 19.—Lewis Warner, the defaulting bank president, was placed on trial yesterday afternoon in the Hampshire county superior court. A jury was empaneled as soon as court convened. The men selected, with one exception, are residents of towns outside of Northampton. Many objections were taken by the defense. Warner's appearance was pitiable, and at times it was necessary for the deputy sheriff to support him.

CERVANTES DECLARED

"Every one is the son of his own work," and "power is the son of his own hands," said the son of your own hands. 39 Central St.

WANTED.

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FOR SALE.

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THE WEATHER.

Wind rises—7:14; sets, 4:21.
Moon rises—7:07 p. m.
High water—12:45 a. m.; 12:45 p. m.
The storm central Tuesday near the mouth of the St. Lawrence has moved to Newfoundland, and the second storm in Alberta has moved to Manitoba. Light snow has fallen in the lake regions and New England, and light rain in the southern States. The temperature has fallen decidedly in New England, Eastport and Portland reporting a fall of 30 degrees in 24 hours, and to 2 degrees; Albany and Boston, 26 degrees. Increasing cloudiness with snow may be expected in New England; warmer, high westerly winds, becoming southeasterly and diminishing.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

HOLIDAY GOODS, LOW PRICES.
We have our usual fair assortment of dolls, toys, books, stationery, etc., at very low prices. See our store, 100 N. Main street, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.

LOCAL NEWS.

BURN WILSON'S COAL.
Smokers enjoy Old Hundred Cigars. T. C. Lee, Wire Ins. 223 Central street. See Pike's and he is hitting prices hard.

Elegant rubber tired hacks at O'Donnell's. Telephone, 423-1.

To realize the heat in coal, buy some of W. B. Livingston. 15 Thorne's street. Waterman's Ideal Fountain Pens for sale at Miss Hard's school, 31 Hildreth building.

Said all bills against the city of Lowell to Auditor's office on or before Dec. 30.

Judge Court L. J. Smith, F. of A., will hold a cake walk and dance Dec. 29th at Forster's hall. Admission, 25 cents.

It has come—the need for that coal. Reunite & Sullivan will furnish you the very best. 51 Gorham street, and 223 Central street.

French clocks; extra fine work with careful workmen; work satisfactory or money refunded. Harris, 10 Appleton street. Leave word and will call.

Winter term begins January 2nd at Miss Hard's school. Shorthand and typewriting exclusively taught by the latest and most improved methods.

Cook, Taylor & Co., Central street, bought today for spot cash \$1000 worth of desirable goods for less than \$5000. The public will get a chance at them on Saturday of this week. Keep well posted.

MATRIMONIAL.

In full uniform and with a countenance beaming with joy, Private Frederick Eugene Harmon, a Porto Rican campaigner of Company G, Sixth regiment, was yesterday united in the bonds of matrimony to Miss Louise Albert Mullins. Rev. Smith T. Ford, pastor of the First Baptist church, performed the ceremony amid a shower of floral tributes of friends of the contracting parties. Overhead, suspended from arches were interwavings of evergreen to which were attached a number of miniature American flags. The marriage was solemnized at the home of the bride's aunt, Mrs. John Thorne of 68 Howard street. The groom was attended by one of his comrades in the late campaign, Private Herman Walsh, both being in full uniform. The bridemaids were Miss Annie Mullins of Liverpool, N. S., a sister of the bride, and Miss Blanche Harmon, a sister of the groom. The bride was gowned in white brocaded silk with pearl and chiffon trimmings. She carried a bouquet of white roses. The bridemaids were attired in pink and white Lanesdown respectively and carried pink. The ushers, all soldier friends of the groom, were in full uniform and were Sergt. Victor Carey, Sergt. Otto Hahn, Private Charles Tilton, all of Company G, and Private Harvey Aldrich, of Company G. Among many other military men present were Capt. Alex. Greig, Jr., and Lieut. Livingston. A wedding reception was held from 5 to 6 o'clock with a wedding-repast in the large dining room. Mr. and Mrs. Harmon were the recipients of many beautiful wedding presents. The clerk in the Thompson Hardware company, where Mr. Harmon is employed, presented the young couple with a handsome silver service. Mr. and Mrs. Harmon left on the 9:20 train for a brief wedding tour as it will be necessary for the groom to be present at the armory January 2, when the regiment of which he is a member will be mustered out of service. They will make their home at No. 13 Ware street.

RYAN-FOYE.

Ex-Councilman John J. Ryan and Miss Mary E. Foye were united in marriage last evening at the parsonal residence of St. Peter's church, Rev. Fr. Michael Ronan performing the ceremony. Miss Anna Foye, sister of the bride was bridesmaid and the best man was Mr. John Doherty. After the marriage ceremony a wedding supper was served, and a reception held at the home of the bride's parents, 469 Pine street. The happy couple left early in the evening on a brief tour, during which they will visit Springfield, New York and other eastern cities. On their return they will reside at 171 Grand street.

NEVINS-CAMPBELL.

Mr. Owen Nevins and Miss Cassie Campbell were united in marriage yesterday afternoon at St. Peter's parsonal residence by the Rev. Fr. Ronan. The best man was a brother of the groom and the bridesmaid was a sister of the bride.

FLAHERTY-CHENEVERT.

The marriage of Martin Flaherty and Miss Anna Chenevert took place yesterday afternoon at the parsonal residence of St. Jean Baptiste church, the ceremony being performed by Rev. P. Gagnon, O.M.I. The bride was attended by Miss Leon Desjardins and the best man was Mr. Joseph Flaherty, brother of the groom. A reception followed at the home of the bride.

WILL GO TO MANILA.

By Associated Press to The Sun.
Philadelphia, Dec. 29.—The auxiliary cruiser Yosemite (formerly the Morgan liner El Sol) left the League Island Navy Yard this morning for Norfolk. After being fitted out at the Norfolk Navy Yard, she will proceed to Manila with supplies and men for Admiral Dewey's fleet.

G. O. Taylor Whiskies, benefit the debilitated.

THE FINAL SESSION

The School Committee Held Last Night.

STURTEVANT'S SALARY WAS FIXED.

Important Report of Teachers' Committee.

The school board held its last session of the present year last night and transacted considerable important business. Supt. Whitcomb read the records which were adopted after Chairman Swapp had called to order. Action on the report of the committee on text books and other supplies was indefinitely deferred on motion of Mr. Stearns. The following report was submitted by the committee on teachers:

"We recommend that Miss Ethel Baker, a resident of this city who graduated from the kindergarten department of the state normal school last June, be granted a certificate of the fifth grade and that a certificate of the first grade be granted to Mr. Thomas F. Fisher, a graduate of the Worcester Polytechnic Institute.

"2. We recommend a transfer and elections as follows: That Helen A. Drury be transferred from the Middlesex Village school to the Central street school; that John A. Donovan and Thomas F. Fisher be elected teachers of the High school; Ida L. Stannard and Nellie C. Mahoney, teachers of the Moody school; Goldie Gardner, teacher of the Pawtucket school; Alice W. Macdon and Mary A. Fay, teachers of the Varnum school; Gertrude L. Spanholtz a teacher of the Highland school; Gertrude C. Ring, a teacher of the Carter street school; Emily S. Abbott, a teacher of the Plain street school; and Lena May Robinson, a teacher of the Varnum school.

"3. We recommend that the salaries of Messrs. Donovan and Fisher be at the rate of \$500 per annum.

"4. We recommend that Flora H. Sprague be appointed acting principal of the Plain street school with principal's pay during the absence of the principal.

"5. We recommend that the exceptions contained in the last part of section 3 of chapter 3 of the rules be extended to include the new Moody street school.

"6. We recommend that the sum of \$100 be appropriated for the pay of a special teacher in drawing at Training school during the remainder of the present school year.

"7. We recommend that the salary of Mr. Geo. F. Sturtevant as transient officer be fixed at \$1000 per annum.

"8. We recommend transfers of kindergarten teachers as follows: Miss Louise Smith, from the Moody school No. 2 to Pine street; Miss Edith Howitt from Moody No. 2 to Moody No. 1; Miss Florence Taylor from the training school to the Pawtucketville kindergarten.

Andrew G. Swapp, Willard Everett, Hugh F. Farley, The report was accepted as read.

Mr. Everett moved that Mr. Farley cast one ballot for the teachers recommended in this report which was done.

The resignation of Miss Mary A. Cronin of the Northern street kindergarten was read by Mr. Murphy and upon his motion a vote of thanks for faithful service was extended. Investigations of Miss Ellen Burrows Dufresne and Mary Cronin-Gallagher were also read and accepted with votes of thanks for faithful service.

Mr. Farley then arose and expressed his appreciation of the fraternal feeling his colleagues had always entertained toward him. He spoke in that vein because of his resignation from the body with the new year. Mr. Thomas, who also goes out of office at the close of '98 spoke in complimentary terms of his association with the board. A vote of thanks was given Messrs. Farley and Thomas on motion of Mr. Stearns, after which Mr. Whitcomb spoke of the illness of Mr. Hunt, the teacher of penmanship, and subsequently Chairman Swapp temporarily resigned the chair to make a motion that the salary of Mr. Hunt be continued as long as he is able to be of service. It was a unanimous vote.

Mr. Stearns said that a matron in the Varnum school at the noon hour for pupils who were unable to go home to dinner should be employed and the matter was left to him and the principal of that school, salary of the matron not to exceed 50 cents a day.

Adjourned.

BOWLING.

High scores on the part of the Vespera characterized the opening game of the inter-city bowling tournament in which the Vespera are contestants. The Vespera had opponents last night a rather weak team called the Penitents. Adams of the Belmonts rolled with the winners. The scores: Vespera—Adams, 493; Grover, 543; M. Fels, 553; Patton, 423; Hill, 526; to-tals, 2539.

Penitents—Putnam, 453; Pingree, 453; Brown, 429; Dow, 474; Gilnes, 400; totals, 2217.

The Defenders defeated the Concord without exerting themselves on Les Miserables alleys last night. The scores: Defenders—Brice, 497; Cole, 519; Bookley, 429; Jordan, 353; Sub, 446; totals, 2247.

Concord—Hennessey, 478; M. Guinard, 357; Cotter, 342; A. Guinard, 437; O'Brien, 385; totals, 1935.

The Lowellers were defeated by the Young Fellows last night at the Varnum alleys. Simmons and Dunham rolled highest. The scores: Young Fellows—Norrell, 497; Dunham, 423; totals, 2420.

Lowells—Boulger, 460; Howen, 464; Chickens, 427; Simmons, 559; Fullerton, 443; totals, 2246.

SUBSCRIPTION PARTY.

The second in the series of subscription parties, given under the auspices of the Misses Dempsey and Murphy at Associate hall, was held last evening. The parties have been a success and the dancing last evening was a grand success. The orchestra furnished a concert programme and also rendered the music for dancing.

46th Year of Publication.

Ayer's New American Almanac

FOR nearly half a century Ayer's American Almanac has stood for all that is reliable and exact as a calendar and book of reference. Its circulation has gone into more millions than any other publication in the world. It is asked for and eagerly sought after in forty thousand drug stores every year. Its publishers are credibly informed that its astronomical calculations are as exact and reliable as those of the official Nautical Almanac.

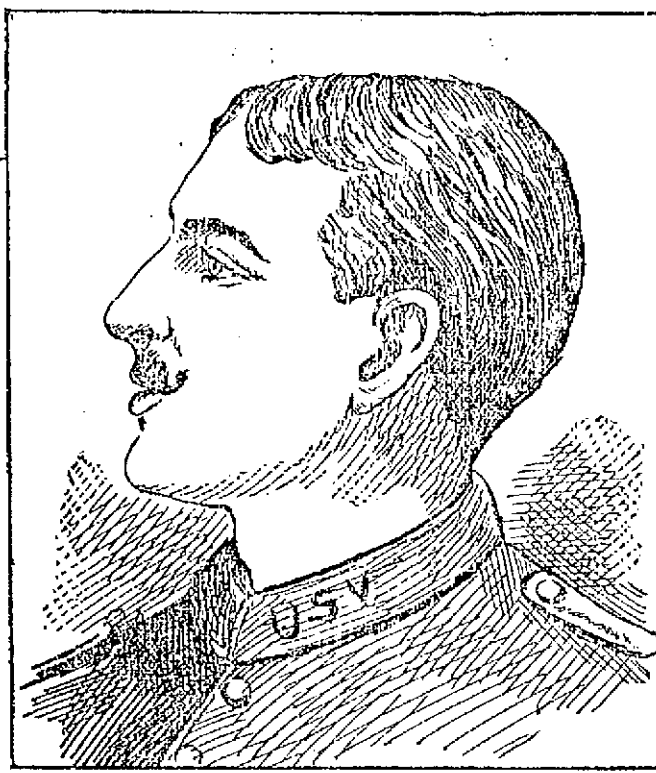
For 1899, with the New England Edition, we begin a new departure. We have added thirty-two pages, and have given over these thirty-two pages, not to any information about the House of Ayer or its medicines, but we have crowded them full of intelligent and helpful facts for the family, farmer, housewife, and student, making it a whole handy reference library boiled down into one small book of reference.

We don't want to make any money out of Ayer's Almanac, but we have put a nominal price of

2 cts. a copy

from this time forward, that this almanac may get into the hands only of those who actually desire it and will be interested in preserving it. What costs nothing is usually regarded as of little value.

Your druggist will show you a copy of the new almanac, if he is up to date enough to have taken advantage of our liberal offers to him. If he doesn't happen to have it, some other druggist in your town will, or you can mail a two-cent stamp to the J. C. Ayer Company, Lowell, Mass., and receive one free by return mail.



FRED D. HASTINGS of Co. C, Who Has Been Transferred to the Eighth Regiment With Which He Will Go To Cuba.

Private Fred D. Hastings of Co. C of the Sixth regiment has been ordered to America, Ga., under the command of Col. Pow. The following telegram is self explanatory:

"Americus, Ga., Dec. 23.
Fred D. Hastings, 1055 Bridge St., Lowell, Mass.

You were this day transferred from the Sixth regiment has been ordered to America, Ga., under the command of Col. Pow. The following telegram is self explanatory:

"Americus, Ga., Dec. 23.
Fred D. Hastings, 1055 Bridge St., Lowell, Mass.

Two young French boys who foolishly attempted to skate the distance between Lawrence and Lowell Monday came near having a fatal ending to their sport.

In the vicinity of Belle Grove, and between there and Lowell, the river is open. These boys about 12 or 14 years of age, were evidently keeping along the apparently firm strip of ice near the slides when opposite "Deer Jump," the treacherous ice gave way and one of the boys was precipitated into the water.

His companion was too frightened to assist him, his energies being given to a lusty shouting for aid. A young man who was skating some distance below, came up in the nick of time, and as he could not swim, broke off a branch and extending it to the boy in the water drew him to shore.

The rescued and rescuer took cars respectively for Lowell and Lawrence. No names were obtainable.—Lawrence Telegram.

SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL.

At the last regular meeting of the John Boyle O'Reilly Reading Circle, held in their rooms in Associate Building, the following officers were elected for six months: President, John R. Shaw; vice president, Stephen F. Monahan; recording secretary, John F. Golden; financial secretary, James P. Hennessey; treasurer, John J. Murphy; board of trustees, Patrick H. Murphy, William McHugh, William D. Rangan, James McCann and Edward H. Foye.

Merrimack Lodge, I. O. O. F., at its annual election held at its following officers: Noble grand, Thomas Judge; vice grand, Joseph L. Wild; grand

castoria For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of J. C. Ayer & Co.

NOT FROM THE WIRE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Savannah, Ga., Dec. 29.—Rev. Sam Small, the evangelist, now chaplain of the Third engineers, U. S. A., arrived here yesterday. He says: "The chaplains are a sort of sop to the church-going without much substance to them. They just take a minister and put a uniform on him with a silver cross on the shoulder, pay him \$200 a month and turn him loose on 1200 men without any of the implements of the scriptural warfare to fight with. I've been disappointed. When I got out I am going to suggest that they do away with the chaplains. When we get down to Cuba I'll wager most of the men would rather go to a cock fight or a bull fight than attend services. To tell the truth, I am beginning to think there is a heap of balderdash about what the chaplains accomplish outside of meeting the sentiment that calls for their presence with every body of troops."

Havana, Dec. 29.—A Spaniard named Fernandez, a member of the municipal police, was surrounded by a crowd of Cubans in Bomba street yesterday. Cuban and American flags were waved in his face. His rifle was twisted out of his hands, and 50 men yelled to him "Shout Viva Cuba libre or die." Fernandez cried out "Viva Espana, Viva Espana." Three knives were thrust into him, and he is dying. A fight was started yesterday by some Cubans carrying American and Cuban flags, who declared they had been insulted by Spanish marines. A Cuban drew a pistol and, declaring that he would defend the American flag, fired. Other shots followed. According to unofficial reports a Spanish soldier was killed, a Spanish marine fatally wounded, and at least one other, if not several, hurt.

Omaha, Dec. 29.—William J. Bryan arrived here yesterday from Chicago. When asked if he thought the question of imperialism would overshadow the money issue in the campaign of 1899, Mr. Bryan said it was difficult at this time to say what relations these subjects would bear to each other then. He thought if congress would adopt a resolution pledging this government to keep the Philippines only as a trust for their people, until a stable government is established, the expansion issue would be at an end. If, however, the question was not settled in some such way as this, he said, it would continue to be a matter of discussion until it was disposed of.

Melrose, Mass., Dec. 29.—Mrs. Lindsey M. Emery, 32 years of age, died last evening of a pronounced case of hydrophobia. On Sunday, Nov. 14, last, while in the Highland Baptist church, a dog ran in and bit Mrs. Emery, horribly lacerating her face, so that 12 stitches were required to close the wounds. The dog regained liberty, and bit a boy before he was killed. A few days ago the unfortunate woman was stricken with hydrophobia. Two more dogs have been shot in Melrose since the injury inflicted upon Mrs. Emery.

Lakeport, N. H., Dec. 29.—The negotiations which have been in progress looking to a change of ownership of the Halifax mills at this place have fallen through and the plant will not be started. The knitting machinery has been sold to P. Bartlett & Son of Milford, and will be removed to that place at once. These mills were formerly controlled by Dr. J. C. Moore, and up to the time of his financial embarrassment, was considered one of the leading industries of the place, manufacturing hosiery, and employing upwards of 300 hands.

Boston, Dec. 29.—Massachusetts artists, under leadership of members of the profession of Boston, have submitted a petition addressed to the board of managers of the Paris exposition of 1900, in which they plead earnestly for proper representation at the exposition. The petition asks that the power of selecting pictures for exhibition be left in the hands of a local jury to be elected by ballot by Massachusetts artists.

Cleveland, Dec. 29.—The charges against Judge Dellenbaugh and Senator Burke were filed in the circuit court yesterday by the committee of the Bar association appointed to prosecute the charges. The charges in each case declare that the accused has been guilty of misconduct in office as an attorney-at-law of the state of Ohio, and has been guilty of unprofessional conduct involving moral turpitude.

Everybody's liable to itching piles. Rich and poor, old and young—terrible the torture they suffer. Only one sure cure. Doan's Ointment. Absolutely safe; can't fail.

G. O. Taylor Whiskies relieve throat and lung troubles.

Christmas Goods, NEW YEAR'S GOODS.

Knives and Forks and everything in the gold and silver line. What more acceptable present could a person think of bestowing upon another than a nice gold or silver watch? We have them for less than they can be purchased in any of the stores in Lowell. Most acceptable present for grandma or grandpa would be a pair of gold lower spectacles or eye glasses. Wedding presents, wedding rings, in short everything in the gold and silver line at rockbottom prices at

J. D. GRANT'S, 64 Merrimack Street. Our motto is live and let live. Honest goods, honest prices.

NO DUST. A Joy to Housekeepers. Patent Ash Sifter.

The ash pan is put in at the top, turned over, and a dash of water is poured in. No dust or ashes escape in the operation. For Sale by

H. C. GIRARD, NO. 442 MERRIMACK STREET.

G. O. Taylor Whiskies, benefit the debilitated.

Waverley House. For gentlemen only, is considered the best place in town to dine or dine. We are the only retail dealers of the Celebrated

ANNEUSER BUSCH LAGER. The Best Lager in the Country. Also all Brands of the Choicest Ales and Liquors and Cigars. Call in and try one of our

35 CENT COURSE DINNERS. Bates & Carnay, Proprietors.

AT COLONIAL HALL. A collition, the first of two was held last evening in Colonial hall and was attended by a large number of the local society leaders. Mrs. Thomas Talbot of Billerica was also present and assisted Mrs. Jacob Rogers and Mrs. George F. Richardson in receiving. The American Orchestra was stationed upon the stage and furnished music for the collition. Mrs. George Hilsbury, Mrs. Willis Farrington and

WELL KNOWN JOURNALIST. By Associated Press to The Sun. Placerville, Cal., Dec. 29.—Robert V. Placerville, formerly a well known Chicago newspaperman and founder of the Nugent of this place, is dead of consumption. He was one of the most widely known journalists on the coast.

SWEEPING REDUCTIONS IN OUR

Dress Goods Department. Today We Quote Special Prices in Black Dress Goods.

Regular \$1.25 and \$1.50 qualities at 79c. a yard.

Black German and French Henrietta, 48 inches wide, elegant lustrous, 75c. and 80c. qualities at 60c. a yard.

\$1.00 quality at 60c. a yard. \$1.25 quality at 79c. a yard.

Brilliantine. Black Steellian Mohair Brilliantine, extra fine Scotch, 54 inches wide, regular \$1.00 quality at 50c. a yard.

Prices reduced in order to close on the entire stock.

\$1.75 and \$2.00 qualities at \$1.25 a yard, and a few patterns of 7 yards each, regular \$2.50 and \$3.00 qualities, at \$1.50 per yard.

Credit to All.

Cook, Taylor & Co. CENTRAL STREET.

Our thousands of customers will tell you that we will never try arguing you into paying down any more than we advertise. One week's payment in advance, or from 50c. to \$2.00 according to the amount of your purchase, is all that is required. It's easy enough for everybody.

Men's, Boys' and Children's Clothing, Ladies' Jackets, Capes, Skirts and Waists, Ladies' Furs.

Stock-taking time is nearing and every article in the house is marked down for quick sales. The assortment is still very complete. Pick the plums as long as they last.

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LEDGERS. JOURNALS, CASH BOOKS, DAY BOOKS, DIARIES.

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STRONG AGAIN! Sorex Pills. WHEN IN DOUBT, TRY Sorex Pills.

They have stood the test of years and have cured thousands of cases of Nervous Diseases, such as Debility, Litzness, Sleeplessness and Variocoele, Atrophy, &c. They clear the brain, strengthen the circulation, make digestion perfect, and impart a healthy vigor to the whole being. All drains and losses are checked immediately. Unless patients are properly cured, their condition often worries them into insanity, Consumption or Death. Mailed postpaid. Price 4c. per box, 6 boxes, with iron-clad legal guarantee to cure or refund the money, \$5.00. Send for free look.

Sold at Goodale's Drug Store, the best and cheapest place in Lowell for drugs and medicines, 217 CENTRAL STREET.

TEETH. No Charge For Extracting. Every set warranted to be the same teeth that other dentists pull \$10 and \$15 for, and every set warranted to St. Gold filling and Gold Crown work. Teeth filled with Gold by Electricity. No pain. Teeth Extracted Without Pain by our method. Thirty years experience. Artificial teeth without any use of rubber. Teeth extracted and replaced the same day as extracted, no need of going without. No Sunday work. Office hours: 8 a. m. to 9 p. m. Not open evenings. DR. J. K. BICKELL & SON, Palace Hotel, Rooms 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.